INSURANCE
No business has thrived like insurance during last 10 years.
I 5

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B. 1065.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

INSURANCE
Indian Companies are able to absorb double and treble the business of 1929.
I 6

VOL. XVIII NO. 127— BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA.

VICEROY ISSUES TWO MORE ORDINANCES.

—:o:—

VICEROY'S LATEST.

Issues Two More Ordinances.

—:o:—

TO BE APPLIED TO BOMBAY IMMEDIATELY.

SIMLA, May 30.

The Viceroy to-day promulgated two Ordinances to provide against picketing for non-payment of taxes and against tampering with the loyalty of Government servants.

TO BE APPLIED TO BOMBAY IMMEDIATELY.

The two Ordinances mentioned earlier apply immediately to the Bombay Presidency. The provision in respect of Government servants aims at preventing their boycott and intimidation.—A. P.

ALL QUIET ON FRONTIER.

Turangzai's Men's Reported Desertion.

—:o:—

PESHAWAR, May 30.

On account of shortage of food the Haji of Turangzai's men are deserting.

Indian troops in Shabkadar have succeeded in cutting off his supplies from Peshawar.

The village of Tucker is quiet as also Kohat and Bannu.—A. P.

ARRESTS AND RAIDS IN BENGAL.

—:o:—

"Cat And Mouse Policy."

CALCUTTA, May 28.

The police raided the premises of the Khadi Pratisthan in Sodepur and seized four maunds of contraband salt and arrested Mr. Tarini Dutt, the Secretary of the Prathisthan, under Salt Act.

The police have arrested, under Salt Act, 20 Satyagrahis of the Civil Disobedience Council working under Mr. Satis Das-Gupta in Mahishabathan.

Five Satyagrahis daily offer Satyagraha at Tamluk Satyagraha camp, which is occupied by the police, to secure re-possession of it, but are arrested. The arrested Satyagrahis are brought down to Calcutta and let off.—Free Press.

NEW SURAT CONGRESS PRESIDENT.

—:o:—

Dr. K. M. Dixit.

SURAT, May 30.

At a very largely attended meeting held last night to congratulate Mr. Chimanlal Chinoy, President Local Congress Committee and the Youth League, on his arrest and conviction, it was announced that Dr. M. K. Dixit, ex-M.L.C. (Surat City) has been appointed President of the Congress Committee in place of Mr. Chinoy.—A. P.

LAHORE CASE BOMSHELL.

Approver Hands Over Bulky Saatement.

LAHORE, May 30.

A sensation has been created when Ramsarandas, approver is the Conspiracy case, handed over a bulky statement in Urdu to the Court stating that all the time he had been in Police custody the document had been in possession of each Police Officer, in whose charge he was and it had been constantly shown and given to him to read and study.

Ramsarandas requested the Court to send him to judicial lock-up, which was granted.—Free Press.

JOURNALIST WITH A CONVICTION.

Mr. J. N. Sahani, editor of the "Hindustan Times", who was convicted under the Salt Law. By his side is Mrs. Sahani with her baby. She is a prominent public worker of Delhi.

GANDHIJI ISOLATED.

No Definite Rules Framed For Interviews

To "The Editor of the Chronicle".

Sir,—At the end of the interview I, along with Mrs. Gandhi and Miss Miraben, had with Mahatma Gandhi on Wednesday the 21st instant, I was told in reply to my question by the Superintendent that another interview would fall due this week and that four persons could come. Miss Miraben, Mrs. Perin Captain, Mr. Reynolds and myself, therefore, visited today Yeravda Prison for interviewing Gandhiji; but we did not interview him as the Superintendent could not see his way on his own responsibility to permit Mrs. Captain to join Miraben and myself in the interview. Neither Gandhiji nor ourselves were under these circumstances, inclined to have an interview and we departed. Gandhiji has been in jail for these 25 days and yet no definite instructions are issued by the authorities even on such a matter as interview and specially regarding persons who should normally be entitled to have interviews with him.

I may here mention that the Superintendent had instructions regarding Mr. Reynolds that he should not be granted an interview.

But the more important point that I wish to mention here and which I ascertained during my previous visit is the way in which Gandhiji is kept in the prison. While there is not much to say on the point of physical comfort or as he himself put it eight years ago "creature comfort", one wonders how according to civilized canons, which the Government professes to practise, the complete isolation that is inflicted upon him can be justified. In 1922, Gandhiji was classed as an ordinary prisoner, this time he is jailed under a Regulation which classes him as a State prisoner which means that for him there will be special rules. But the result of this is that he is denied those "human comforts" which even an ordinary criminal is allowed, viz., an ordinary prisoner has associates, he is taken out for work, he sees human faces and has occasions to talk with others. But Gandhiji is considered unfit to have such "human comfort" In 1920 he was even given companions, but this time the authorities seem to be paying little attention to this vital point. They issued a bulletin about his health soon after he was lodged at Yeravda; but they seem to ignore the adverse effects isolation is likely to produce upon his health in future. The one relieving factor is Gandhiji's tremendous power of accommodation to whatever circumstances he may find himself in.—Yours, etc.

MATHOORADAS TRICAMJEE.

May 30.

VIR WAMANRAO JOSHI ARRESTED.

—:o:—

Taken To Amraoti Jail.

CHARGED WITH SEDITION.

AKOLA, May 30.

Vir Wamanrao Joshi, the President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, has been arrested under section 124-A today at Bandhera "en route" to Amraoti at 12 noon.

Mr. Wamanrao Joshi, who has been arrested, is conveyed to Amraoti Jail.

When the news of the arrest of Mr. Joshi was known, the city observed hartal, all the shops being closed.—Free Press.

Anney To Succeed Wamanrao.

(CENSORED.)

AKOLA, May 30.

Mr. M. S. Ane, ex-M. L. A., having been nominated by Mr. Wamanrao Joshi to succeed him, has assured charge of the Presidentship of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, vice Mr. Wamanrao Joshi, arrested.—Free Press.

ABHYANKAR'S TRIAL.

Judgment On Monday.

AMRAOTI, May 30.

Mr. Abhyankar, Barrister, of Nagpur, who was brought here for trial, did not take part in the Court proceedings. Judgment will be delivered on Monday.—Free Press.

KING IMPROVING.

LONDON, May 30.

King whose rheumatism is improving received to-day at Buckingham Palace delegates to Congress of Chambers of Commerce of British Empire. Reception lasted half hour.—Reuter.

TOLL OF BURMA RIOTS.

—:o:—

Over 1000 Injured And Nearly 200 Killed.

CONCILIATION BOARD AT WORK.

RANGOON, May 30.

A resolution by the Government of Burma says:—

The disturbances which occurred in Rangoon during the last few days had their origin in the strike of dock labourers and it is most important in the interests of law and order that an honourable settlement of that strike should be reached. Personal enquiries made by the Governor have shown that Burmans, who were employed while the dock-workers' strike was on, feel that they were summarily discharged on Sunday morning and the general feeling among Burmans is that there can be no proper settlement which does not provide for the continuance of a proportion of Burmese labour among the dock labourers.

CONCRETE SUGGESTION.

A concrete suggestion that has been made is that a proportion of ships be allotted for Burmese labour if that labour is available, the rest being loaded and unloaded by Indian labour. It has been ascertained by the Governor that Stevedore firms, B. I. S. N. Company, Shipping Agents, Burma Chamber of Commerce, Burma Indian Chamber of Commerce, U Ba Pe, M.L.C., Mr. Ohn Ghine, M.L.C., and some other influential Burmese gentlemen are agreed in the principle that a settlement on these lines offered the best chance of composing the situation in Rangoon. Various questions, however, still have to be decided.

SETTLEMENT OFFICER.

It has to be decided, for instance, in what proportion ships are to be allotted (a) to Burmese labour if available, (b) to Indian labour. It it also necessary to decide what machinery should be provided to enforce the settlement. Obviously it cannot be left to masters of ships to say whether they want Indian labour or Burmese labour and possibly solution lies in leaving allotment of ships to some specified officer or person. Government has no doubt that shipping agents would agree to be bound by the order of such officer who should probably be an officer of the Government. It is also necessary to work out other details of settlement which in principle has already been arrived at between the parties chiefly concerned.

CONCILIATION BOARD.

For this purpose the Governor-in-Council has decided to appoint under Section 3 of the Trade Disputes Act of 1929 a Conciliation Board to promote settlement on the above lines and work out the details of settlement. The Conciliation Board will consist of independent persons and the following gentlemen have kindly agreed to serve:—

Chairman: Mr. T. Couper, I.C.S.

Members: U Ba Pe, M.L.C. (representing Burmese Chamber of Commerce), Mr. Naitram Rambux (representing the Burma Indian Chamber of Commerce), Mr. H. B. Prior (representing the Burma Chamber of Commerce), Mr. A. J. Page, I.C.S. (Labour Commissioner, Burma). Mr. Page will also act as Secretary.

The Conciliation Board is requested to start work to-morrow and submit its report with the least possible delay.—A. P.

7 ARRESTS IN RANGOON.

—:o:—

100 BODIES DISPOSED OF.

RANGOON, May 29

Over 100 bodies were disposed of to-day. Three cases of assault, two of them ending fatally and several cases of looting in the outskirts of the city have taken place since last report.

For the first time since the beginning of the riot a number of arrests were made to-day.

Seven more injured were removed to hospital to-day.

The situation is slowly improv-

(Continued on page 9.)

NO FOOD AND WATER FOR HOURS.

Lathi Raj Continues In Dharasana.

AGED MUSLIM LEADER SEVERELY BEATEN.

(From Our Correspondent).

CAMP UNTADI, May 29.

The batch from Vile Parle under the leadership of the venerable old leader Abdullah Seth was led from Bhadeli and almost entered the precincts of the Salt Works. The Police Inspector on duty held the old man by neck while he was stepping in and warned him against the breach of 144. Abdullah Seth is a seasoned Satyagrahi and he replied that he was breaking that illegal order every moment since he arrived at Untadi yesterday. The Police force fell upon the volunteers and severely belaboured them. As a result the old leader and about fifteen volunteers have received serious injuries —though everyone including the Red Cross volunteers had their fair share of the lathi blows. The Publicity Officer even was not saved inspite his persistent plea that he was a publicity officer and the law could not touch him. The party, including the wounded, then was marched at the point of lathis to Dungari Station where they were entrained and sent off to Bulsar where they were released. I saw Abdullah Seth in the camp. He was very cheerful. When I turned to the topic of his today's encounter, he cheerfully said that he stoutly hoped, his injuries and the sacrifices of venerable Abbas Tyabji and Imam Saheb would surely open the eyes of his Mahomedan brethren and draw their active sympathy towards the national movement.

MISUSE OF AUTHORITY.

The authorities arrest the batches—or at least say so and taking advantage of the Satyagrahi's straightforwardness, entrain them and release them at strange places without, as the law provides and demands, giving them food or water. The deplorable feature of the farce is that the Railway authorities seem to have abdicated their authority in favour of the executive and police officials who can at their sweet will stop trains where they don't stop, detain them or put in as many men without tickets as they like.

BARODA OFFICERS' INTERFERENCE.

While on one side the people of Baroda State are greatly moved by the Satyagraha movement, some officers are complicating the situation and creating undesirable feeling in the State by poking their nose into affairs that are not theirs. The Dewan may well take cognisance of the new trouble brewing ahead by his officers' actions. Mr. Dighe, the Police Naib Suba (D.S.P.) of Navsari has, it seems, offerde his services to Messrs. Braham, Antia and Co. and was trying to procure them motor buses from Navsari for use in Bardoli. He ordered the vehicles but must have for the first time in his life experienced the mortification of a denial. This officer moved heaven and earth but the Motor Union declared a "Hartal" and for two days the buses did not ply, putting thousands of citizens to great inconvenience. He also ran up thrice to Gandevi to try some Mr. Jalbhai Shroff, who, it is alleged, was threatened with withdrawal of licences. But the latter is said to have refused to yield to the demand. The Suba on company with the D.S.P. Mr. Dighe yesterday ran down to Billimora and tried to persuade some prominent citizens to close the camping arrangements at Billimora and not to help "the enemies of the British Government." But the officers must have been sorely disappointed and hurt also by the refusal they were not habituated to receive in their lives. It is for the Dewan who is reputed to be a level-headed statesman to ponder over this uncalled-for interference of his officers.

Vile Parle Batch's Experience.

—:o:—

BULSAR CAMP, May 30.

(From the Publicity Officer of the Maharashtra Batch No. 2 to Dharasana).

Yesterday the batch hoisted the national flag in the Satyagraha Camp of Bhadeli. To-day during the morning prayer time Seth Abdulla invoked the blessings of Allah.

At 7-40 they started from the Bhadeli Camp and proceeded on the road where Section 144 is applied and reached Chikla at 9-25 and Dharasana at 9-40.

An English officer approached the Publicity Officer, who was standing aloof and who was also a member of the Red Cross. Before he could tell him that he was the Publicity Officer, he snatched the note-book and threw it at a long distance towards his policemen, saying, "Hang your Publicity department." Then the leader, Seth Abdulla, whose age is seventy-five, was at once beaten on his chest, and dragged on his back for about ten feet. The policemen thrashed every volunteer with lathis and drove the Satyagrahis toward Dungari Station. All along the way, two officers and twenty policemen drove the Satyagrahis pushing with the end of their lathis in their backs. Just after the Satyagrahis were driven a little distance, the Red Cross men were also beaten in order to make them run and join the other volunteers. The Publicity Officer was again given one cane by this very English officer. Four others of the Red Cross received lathi blows. After passing the gate of the Dharasana salt depots, the doctor in charge of the Red Cross wished to take his batch to a neighbouring village. He was not allowed.

Vrajlal Girdharilal Parikh, one of the Satyagrahis, has received severe lathi blows. He was conveyed to Dungri Station by the Red Cross men. When the Red Cross men were changing hands a policeman beat them because they fell back a little from the party. Mr. Dinkar Rao Oza has seven clear marks of lathi thrusts on his back.

On the platform of the Dungri Station the volunteers were made to sit in the sun from 10-15 till the train took them away at Bulsar at 11-15. Mr. Antia said that Red Cross men were beaten by the police rightly as they also had broken Section 144 and belonged to an unlawful assembly. The Publicity Officer replied that the law did not apply to them as they were on a humanitarian work.

The batch was escorted to Bul-

(Continued on page 9.)

SURAT COUNCIL SEATS TO REMAIN VACANT?

—:o:—

SURAT, May 29.

No candidate has so far filed his nomination papers, though to-day is the last day for nominations for the bye-election to the Bombay Legislative Council for three seats from Surat City and District vacated by Dr. M. K. Dixit Rao Bahadur Bhimbhai Naik and Mr H. B. Shivdasani.—A. P.

20,000 MUSLIMS FOR CONGRESS.

—:o:—

DELHI'S RESOLVE

Ulema's "Fatwa" endorsed At Juma Masjid.

DELHI, May 28.

20,000 Muslims assembled last night at the Jumma Masjid under the presidentship of Maulana Ataulla Shah Bukhari and adopted the resolution of the Jamiat-Ulema-I-Hind asking Muslims to join the struggle for freedom. Thousands solemnly promised to use Swadeshi. Appeal for volunteers met with good response.

Maulana Ahmed Saeed urged Muslims to join wholeheartedly with their Hindu brethren in the struggle for independence.

The meeting lasted till 2 o'clock in the morning.—Free Press.

FIVE KILLED: SIXTY INJURED.

—:o:—

Shops Remain Closed In Lucknow.

LUCKNOW, May 29.

The situation considerably improved to-day but signs of uneasiness are still perceptible. Most of the shops in the disturbed area remained closed yesterday but some of them were opened this morning. Military precautions are being maintained. A number of arrests are reported to have been made for alleged violation of the curfew order.

The Superintendent of Police has issued a circular notifying that wearing of Gandhi Cap is no offence and no one should be arrested on that account.

The exact number of casualties on 25th has not yet been fully ascertained. Five persons are reported to have been killed and about sixty injured.—A. P.

MATRICULATION RESULTS

—:o:—

To-day's Special Edtion Of "Chronicle"

A special edition of "The Chronicle" containing the complete results of the Matriculation examination will be published this afternoon.

STOP PRESS.

RAIDING SALT DEPOT TO-DAY.

—:o:—

BULSAR, May 30.

(Camp Untadi).

There was no new development here this afternoon. All the injured volunteers have been sent to Bulsar to the camp Hospital. One case among them is reported to be serious.

There are now about 200 volunteers in the Untadi camp. Mr. Garrett, Commissioner, arrived here at about 6 and after surveying the situation, went away.

MISS PATEL CONSULTED.

The two hundred volunteers here are asked to form themselves into various groups of four persons each and scatter themselves in different fields.

Mr. Chhaganlal Joshi has arrived here and he is holding consultations with Miss Maniben Patel and a few others as to the course of action they should take up to-morrow. It is understood that they will start raid on the salt depot to-morrow, during the day.

BARODA'S BAN.

It is understood that the Government of Baroda State do not allow Satyagrahi volunteers to halt at Billimoria. Their entry into Baroda State territory is prohibited.

THAKORE JAILED.

Judgment was delivered to-day in the case against Sjt. Balwantrai Thakore who was the leader of the Ahmedabad batch. He was sentenced to six months' simple imprisonment and was put in class "B".—Free Press.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Put up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

for First Twenty Words and

ONE ANNA

for each Additional Word.
Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication. Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. .... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number .... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—Ambitious young Educated ARTISTS, ACTRESSES, ACTORS, PAINTERS. Apply ASIR, Managing Proprietor, "Indian Pictures," 85 Chinchpokli near Venus Cinema, Bombay.
A R 2506

WANTED—AGENTS on a commission of 2-1/2 per cent. for the sale of shares in a Public Limited Company which has excellent prospects. Apply Post Box No. 2091, Calcutta.
A 811

WANTED IMMEDIATELY for Gurukula Shuklatirth near Broach B.A.'s or M.A.'s with English, Sanskrit or History. B. T. preferred. Pay Rs. 60 to Rs. 100 with benefit of provident fund and regular promotion. Apply Dr. KALYANDAS DESAI, Bhuleshwar, Bombay 2.
A 329

WANTED—respectable AGENTS for selling shares of the [illegible]R OF INDIA TEA & FINANCE [illegible]D. on decent commission. [illegible]e years old company. Dividend [illegible]d for several years. Apply to MANAGING AGENTS at [illegible]-D, Harrison Road, CALCUTTA.
[illegible]A

WANTED—A straightforward and honest SECRETARY for a textile mill in Ahmedabad, having a through knowledge of inside working, wages, control, cotton selection, and cloth-sales, and also office routine work. Those fully experienced need apply with copies of testimonials to Box No. 2559, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 2511

WANTED—Agents for sale of the remaining shares of ARYAN ASSURANCE LIMITED Registered Office:—7, Mission Row, Block "B" Calcutta. Local Chief Agencies for the life business of the company may be conferred on successful share-selling Agents of the company in the respective localities concerned. For further particulars please apply to:—MR. S. CHATTERJEE, General Manager.

WANTED—BUSINESS MANAGER for an Electrical concern. Engineer with canvassing ability preferred. First class competency certificate holders with good practical experience need apply. Salary Rs. 75 to 100 with prospects of permanent job. Apply sharp Box [illegible]2556, Advt. Dept. "Bombay [illegible]nicle."
R 2504

[illegible]ANTED—A VETERINARY DOCTOR to work as Veterinary [illegible]pector for the Bombay S. P. C. Knowledge of Gujrathi and Marathi essential. Particulars as to pay and terms of employment will be furnished on application. Apply to the SECRETARY & TREASURER, 359, Hornby Road, Fort.
A 793

A LONG-STANDING Bengali Firm wants to Represent a Life Insurance Co. as CHIEF AGENTS for Bengal, Behar, Orissa and Assam; and also the SOLE SELLING AGENCY of some Swadeshi goods. Apply Box No. 75, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—A TYPIST, having previous experience in business line and able to write correspondence in English, Gujarati and Hindi. Apply in English as well as in Gujarati, stating experience and salary required to Box No. 2562, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 2520

WANTED—A MANAGER for a Bombay Mill, salary according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials stating experience and terms required. All applications will be treated as confidential. Apply Box No. 2561, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 836

WANTED—CLERKS for Africa. Graduates, Undergraduates and Matrics. Pay according qualifications. Apply with terms stating experience to Box No. 2552, Advt., Dept., "Bombay Chronicle".
R2491

WANTED—GRADUATES, strong in History and English. Apply stating terms to the CHAIRMAN, E. M. High School, Borsad.
A R2509

WANTED—DISTRICT MANAGERS to exploit the sole manufacturing rights of the Miracle Cleans-All. A wonderful money-making opportunity part or full-time. Apply with anna stamp:—NEW INVENTIONS CO., GHATKOPAR, BOMBAY.
A 2508

Wanted.

WANTED—CROTON SEEDS in large quantities this years crop. ANGLO-FRENCH DRUG CO., East Ltd., Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street.
A R2517

Houses & Flats To Let.

TO LET—Immediately on Ridge Road, Malabar Hill 3 bed rooms, big Hall Dinning and cook room with Garrage rent Rs. 130. Apply K. R. AMAT, Peerbhoy Mansion Girgaum.
C R2516

TO LET—A PUCCA GODOWN, area about 4,700 sq. feet, at Belvedere Road, Mazgaon near the docks and Wari Bunder. Separate Office accommodation; W. C. & tap. Rent Rs. 150. Apply VELJI LAKHAMSI, Broach Street, Dana Bander or at the premises.
C R 2510

TO LET at Tardeo in Chikalwadi Road for Hindus, Block containing 1 drawing, 2 bed rooms, 1 dining room and kitchen, electric lights. Apply JIWANDAS D. SARAYA, C/o Dharamsi Dadachanji and Co., Solicitors, 23, Medows Street, Bombay.
C 700

TO BE LET—Well ventilated and commodious BLOCK in Gordhan Building No. 1 on Charni Road Shops, show rooms and Motor Garrages on Lamington Road. Apply GORDHANDAS, Sir Mangaldas House, Lamington Road.
C R2518

TO LET—Poona, near Bund Boat, Club Road, a furnished bungalow and cottage with modern conveniences; suitable for Hindus, from June, Apply Mrs. NARANJEE DWARKADAS, 17 Boat Club Road, Poona.
C R 2465

BANDRA, TO LET immediately Westerly airy Rooms of the newly built Building at Turner Road, near station Enquire there.
C R2513

Houses & Flats Wanted

GODOWN WANTED, ground floor, Fort District, approximately 1,800 sq. ft., minimum height 16 ft. Apply Box No. 2560. Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
832

Profession.

WORLD'S GREAT PREDICTIONS.—Simply State Your Time and date of birth or writing letter. One year life-reading with character, Re. 1. Five years, Rs. 4-0, Extensive, Rs. 10. Mr. P. K. Ghose, M.A., B.L., Calcutta, writes:—"The results are most accurate, etc., Beware of imitations GREAT INDIAN ASTROLOGICAL HALL, Kashimkota, Vizag Dt.

Educational

THE

FELLOWSHIP SCHOOL.

CHINA BAUG, GIRGAUM BACK ROAD, BOMBAY.

An up-to-date, non-sectarian, Co-educational Institution with **MONTESSORI, PRIMARY AND SECONDARY DEPARTMENTS.**

Students prepared for the Matriculation Examination of the Bombay University.

OFFICE OPEN FOR ADMISSION BETWEEN 9 AND 11 A.M. DURING THE HOLIDAYS. TERM COMMENCES JUNE 2ND 1930.

Special Features:—

MONTESSORI DEPARTMENT with the latest apparatus, under an expert trained by MADAME MONTESSORI, and assisted by a qualified staff.

MUSIC—Instrumental and vocal—under the late **DIRECTOR OF MUSIC, SHANTI-KETAN, BOLEPUR.**

PAINTING—in charge of an Artist **FROM TAGORE SCHOOL. HANDICRAFTS, RAFFIA-WORK, RATTAN-WORK, EURYTHMICS.**

Special course in **DOMESTIC SCIENCE** for Girl students under supervision of **EUROPEAN-TRAINED** lady expert, comprising Hygiene, Household Economy, First aid, care of children, etc.

GAMES, SPORTS, SCOUTING, GIRL-GUIDING, EXCURSIONS A PART OF SCHOOL WORK.

MEDICAL INSPECTION—of all pupils.

A BUS conveys pupils to and fro.

RESTAURANT & BOOK SHOP—on the premises.

HOSTEL AT ANDHERI—INDIVIDUAL ATTENTION to studies and character.

For prospectus apply to:—
BHAGAT RAM KUMAR,
M.A., (Oxon).
Principal.
M 611

EFFECTIVE ENGLISH taught efficiently by correspondence Write for particulars to The PRINCIPAL, School of English, Post Box 20, POONA CANTT.
M R2489

DE QUALIFIED ACCOUNTANT for P. W. D., Mercantile and Govt. Offices.—By passing the Senior Book-keeping and Accountancy Examination of the London Chamber of Commerce to be held in November, 1930, at the Gann's Shorthand Institute, Aligarh. Four to Five Months' Postal tuition for Guaranteed Success. Fee moderate in instalments. Position found when qualified. Apply sharp for Admission to the PRINCIPAL.
M 769

Machinery, Tools, Etc.

WE represent British Makers Messrs. High J. Scott for Electric Motors and Dynamos, British Standard, high class workmanship. May we quote you? Write DINSHAW CO., 47, Apollo Street, Bombay.
2(11)

FOR Rapid and thorough training in Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION Darya Mahal (Saraswati Building) oppo. Thakkar Bros. near Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Principal B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., Concession given to the Poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for LADY STUDENTS Special Shorthand Speed Class for advanced students.
M W5

Medical.

ASTHMA

Does your chest trouble you or do you feel uneasiness while breathing or coughing heavily? No matter congenital or self acquired No relapse, no failure. Guaranteed remedy will be supplied on receipt of the full history of the disease Send one Rupee stamp with your detailed history while asking for full particulars and prescription Tegar Chemical Works P O. Baghbazar, Calcutta.
(2)

FOR THE CURE and care of Lunacy—mania—melancholia—dementia—hysteria—epilepsy—convulsions—alcoholism—opium habit—neurasthenia—paralysis—hemiplegia, see BHATIA, No. 7, Grant Buildings, Colaba, Bombay.
M R 2505

Trade Announcement.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (Sunday) the 1st June at 10 A.M. (S.T.) of very valuable teak and blackwood most durable and decent complete Bungalow Furniture, Cabinet gramophone, safe with stand, Singer sewing machine, carpets, fancy articles, E. lamps, wall clock, vazes, Brass and Chinaware, glassware, crockery, etc., etc., at Chawpatty Sea Face, Babulal Mansion, Near Marina Mansion. Auctioneers, VORA & CO.
T R2512

GENERAL TYPEWRITERS (Bombay) Co., 24 Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, is an Indian Firm, with Indian Capital and Indian Staff right through. Dealers in Typewriters New & Secondhand; Typewriter parts; ribbons, etc. REPAIRERS of ALL MAKES of Typewriters & Duplicators. Twenty years' experience, Satisfaction guaranteed. SHORTHAND & TYPEWRITING TAUGHT.
T 326

"GEM SYSTEM OF CUTTING" helps every house-holder to save Tailor's and Dry Cleaner's bills indispensable to progressive tailors and cleaners. Price Rs. 3 only. RAO'S TAILORING COLLEGE, 143, Princess Street, Bombay 2.
T R

MANGO and LICHI FRUITS and Grafts. Langra, Bombay, Kishenbhog mangoes 100 Rs. 7; 50 Rs. 4. Rose scented Lichi 500; Rs. 4 Expenses extra. Advance essential. Grafts Catalogue Free. Grafts Man, Laheriasarai, No. 8, Darbhanga.
R2479A

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their Advertisements in these columns or in the classified Short Advertisement columns

WANTED.

An INVESTIGATING OFFICER in connection with identification and study of Indigenous Drugs to be found in Gwalior State. Those well versed in this work need only apply stating age, caste and previous experience, with copies of testimonials to:
Major SOHRAB S. ANTIA,
Chief Medical Officer
and Sanitary Commissioner,
Gwalior Government.
[illegible] 808

NOTICE.

MONDAY, the 16th June, 1930, has been fixed for the giving of contracts for distillation and sale of country liquor throughout the Idar State by Public Auction at Himatnagar. Intending bidders are requested to appear before the undersigned on that date when the terms and conditions for the contract will be explained.

F. S. MASTER,
President, Idar State Council.
[illegible]A 833

THE MONSOON IS COMING!

Roofs will not leak if covered NOW.
with
GENASCO WATER-PROOF ROOFING.
—Write us TO-DAY—
MCKENZIES LIMITED.
Roofing Experts
Sewri-Bombay.
Agents for:
Trinidad Lake Asphalt.
562

Tender.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

TENDER FOR "LIQUID CHLORINE".

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Chief Officer, Bombay Improvement Trust, at his Office at Esplanade Road, Fort, upto 3 p.m. (B. T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 18th of June, 1930, for the supply of 50,000 lbs. of Liquid Chlorine during 1930-31.

Form of Tender and Specification can be had from the Trust Engineer's Office on payment of Rs. 2 each.

Tender form will not be sent by V. P. P.

D. N. BARIA,
L.C.E.,
Engineer-in-Charge,
Northern Division.
30-5-1930. 837

Legal Notices.

HIGH COURT, BOMBAY.

O. O. C. J.
Suit No. 382 of 1930.
Bai HIRBAI, widow of Kanji Dungersi ..... Plaintiff.
vs.
KORSI LAKHU and Co., a firm, till lately carried on business in Bombay at Foras Road, outside the Fort ..... Defendants.
To,
(1) Korsi Lakhu,
(2) Gansi Korsi,
(3) Ramji Korsi, and
(4) Ganpat Punja,
All partners in the Defendant Firm abovenamed.

TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiffs has filed the above suit to recover Rs. 4,000 with interest and costs and interest on judgment and the Court has appointed 2nd July, 1930, for hearing and final disposal of the suit.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
[illegible] 839

Auction Sales.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

123, Medows St., Fort Bombay.

SALE of a property situate at the village of Iria, Ville Parle (on B.B. & C.I. Rly. Line), on SUNDAY, the 1st June, 1930, at 5 p.m. on the premises under instructions from Constantine Salvador Siqueira and Arthemisia Candida Siqueira, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Romana Margarida Baptista, the Mortgagor:—

All that piece of land together with the buildings thereon situate at Iria, Ville Parle, South Salsette Taluka, Bombay Suburban District and bearing non-agricultural survey No. 188-B and measuring 1385 square yards.

Full particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of Messrs Andrade and Cunha, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Oak Lane, Fort, or of the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

THE
Bombay Life
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
Established in India (1903)

It will be worth your while to obtain a copy of the Prospectus of the BOMBAY LIFE before insuring your life elsewhere.

EXCELLENT PROSPECTS TO AGENTS.

For particulars please write to:—
J. L. MEHTA,
Manager.
BOMBAY
23-25, Apollo St., Bombay.

Amusements.

TO-DAY

AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P. M

At the

NEW PATHE CINEMA

Lamington Road. (Queen's Road End.)
'Phone 41561.

PATHE SUPER GAZETTE

HER NEW CHAUFFEUR.

Reduced prices for all performances.

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

New York Futures 6 To 10 Points Higher.

UNFAVOURABLE WEATHER INDUCES COVERING.

Bombay, May 30.

Yesterday the New York Cotton Exchange opened easy at a decline of 4 points for July in sympathy with weakness of Liverpool Market. However New Contract opened very steady at a rise of points. The market ruled very steady on unfavourable Western Belt weather forecast and covering by shorts. Spot Cotton price improved 10 points to 16.30c.

The New Orleans Cotton future market ruled steady and closed at a rise of 6 to 7 points. Spot Cotton prices advanced 5 point to 15.45c.

U. S. Port receipts were 3,00 Bales and there was no export.

The Liverpool Cotton future market opened at a decline of point but ruled steady on improved spot demand. The market ruled steady and closed at a rise of 1 point. Middling American Spot Cotton prices were raised by 5 points to 8.59 and sale amounted to 4,000 Bales.

Empired Cotton futures rule steady and closed at a rise of 1 t 2 points while Egyptians decline 3 points.

The action of the market i impressive and short coverin makes us to believe that the something wrong with the cro. Further estimates issued on th acreage under caltivation so reduction of 3½ per cent. tha last year.

LARGE ABANDONMENT.

Messrs. Thos. Smith and Co state:—

Despite a World-wide trade depression, American market displays a remarkable steadines owing to the continued rains i Western Belt and unfavourab crop accounts. It is believed th time for replanting is getting t late and the continuance of ra would cause a large abandonmen We continue to favour purchas of October New Contract on a setbacks.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. July Highest 16.20 + 1 Lowest 16.03—.07.

N. Y. October Highest 15.2 (2-09 p.m.) lowest 15.07 (opening

Hemelryk:—"Further rains fea ed Texas warner weather needed

Jenks:—"Indian political situation cheapness silver caustic uneasiness, Textile business poo crop condition irregular, low temperature retards progress, con tracts scarce."

Reuter:—"Market early decline on lower Liverpool advices bu rallied later on unfavourable West

em Belt forecast and covering by shorts."

Private:—Acreage reduction 3½ per cent. advise buying weak markets.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 29th inst. (5-25 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson.:—

"Situation remains rather mixed one; any sustained Bull movement unlikely unless complete alteration in crop prospects."

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, May 29.

May close at s. 8/0 1/2d. up 5/8d.

July close at s. 8/0 1/2d. up 1/8d.

Oct. close at s. 8/1 1/4d. up 1/4d.

Wheat Chicago Market:

May per bushel dol. 1.06 down 1-1/4.

July per bushel dol. 1.07-3/4 up 1/8.

Sept. per bushel dol. 1.10-3/4 up 5/8.

Argentine Linseed Quotations: Market closed.

Wheat Cable: (London).

"Canadian Pool slowly selling and extreme cheapness Indian wheat retarding rapid advance. Crop account from America continues serious. Caution "shorts" is any withdrawal of selling by Canada means immediate raising of prices by American Farm Board who hold major stock."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 29.

July	16.16	+.06
October	15 19	+.09
December	15.24	+.10
January	15.23	+.08
Middling Spot	16.30	+.10

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 29.

July	15.85	+.06
October	14.88	+.07
Middling Spot	15.45	+.05

NEW YORK.

New York, May 29.

New York, 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing Time):—

July	16.08
October	Unquoted.
October, (Middling Spot)	14.85

New York, 11-45 a.m.:—

July	16.08
October	15.14
October, (New Contract)	14.86

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, May 29.

Coffee, Fair Rio, No. 7 Quality Spot 9-1/8.

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, May 29.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 1,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain Nil.

Day's Exports to the Continent Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, May 29.

	Opening.	Closing.	
May	8.20	8.18	—.02
June		8.10	—.02
July	8.06	8.07	—
August		7.99	+.01
September		7.94	+.01
October	7.88	7.89	+.01
November		7.87	—
December		7.89	+.01
January	7.88	7.90	+.01
February		7.92	+.02
March	7.93	7.95	+.02
April		7.97	+.02
May		7.99	+.02
Middling Spot		8.59	+.05

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, May 29.

Sales at Liverpool 4,000 Bales.
Sales on Speculation 1,500 Bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton 10 Bales.

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 29.

Oomra, Fully Good	4.75	+.10
Oomra, Fine	5.00	+.10
Oomra, Superfine	5.25	+.10
Bengal, Good	4.50	+.10
Bengal, Fully Good	4.75	+.10
Bengal, Fine	5.00	+.10
Bomra, Good	5.05	+.10
Bomra, Fully Good	5.35	+.10
Bomra, Fine	5.65	+.10
Broach, Fully Good	6.05	+.10
Broach Fine	6.30	+.10
Broach, Superfine	6.55	+.10

EGYPTION COTTON.

Liverpool, May 29.

May	12.94	+.01
July	12.64	—.03
November	12.38	—.03
December	12.39	—.03
January	12.47	—.03
March	12.58	—.03
Middling Spot	13.85	—

LONDON SILVER.

London, May 29.

Silver:—Market is quiet.

Spot	17-7/16
Forward	17-1/4

LONDON GOLD.

London, May 29.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz. £4-4-11-1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, May 29.

Interest, Day to Day Loans -7/8 per cent.

Interest 7 Day Market Loans per cent.

Bank Bills, 3 Months 2-3/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 Months 2-9/16 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 Months 3-1/4 per cent.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 Months 3-3/4 per cent.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILING to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK.)

Date.	Steamers.	Tons.
1930		
May		
31st	Macedonia	11,120
June		
7th	Mantua*	10,946
14th	Comorin	16,132
21st	Maloja x	20,827
28th	Razmak	10,857
July		
5th	Ranpura*	16,601
12th	Malwa	11,000
19th	Naldera x	16,088
26th	Rawalpindi	16,619
Aug.		
2nd	Morea*	10,946
9th	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
16th	Narkunda x	16,572
23rd	Macedonia	11,120
30th	Rajputana*	16,568
Sept.		
6th	Ranpura	16,601
13th	Mooltan x	20,847
20th	Ranchi	16,650
27th	Mantua*	10,946
Oct.		
4th	Viceroy of India	19,648
11th	Comorin x	16,132
18th	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518
25th	Razmak@	10,857
Nov.		
1st	Rajputana	16,568
8th	Naldera x	16,088
15th	Ranpura	16,601
22nd	Morea*	10,954
29th	Razmak	10,857
Dec.		
6th	Narkunda*	16,572
13th	Viceroy of India	19,648
20th	Rawalpindi x	16,619
27th	Kaisar-I-Hind	11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

NEW REDUCED FARES TO EUROPE.

The Managing Directors of the P. & O. Company take this opportunity of advising passengers that the fares between Bombay and Europe for "A", "B" and "C" accommodation First Saloon, both single and return, have been revised and that a fourth or "D" rate of £62 from Bombay to London or £85 to Marseilles will be introduced. The second saloon rates have also been revised.

The above rates begin with the first Sailing in June.

Passengers holding return coupons will be refunded any difference for the return voyage according to the grade of accommodation occupied.

The accommodation in all the steamers has also been regraded and full particulars can be obtained from Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Company. PASSENGERS ARE ADVISED TO WRITE NOW AND REGISTER THEIR REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SPRING OF 1931.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

First and second Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rate will be issued for any mail steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "Macedonia" on the 31st May, 1930 and terminating with the "Viceroy of India" leaving Marseilles September 5th and due in Bombay on the 19th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:

	1st Saloon	2nd Saloon
To London and back by Sea	£105	£75
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train Across France in both directions	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back	£100	£72

The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

Passengers taking off-Season tickets and who wish to return later than September 19th May do so on paying half the Short Period Return Rate and half the ordinary return rate for whichever grade they are allotted.

This concession will only be granted to passengers who proceed home on steamers sailing between 31st May and 28th July inclusive.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SOUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons
1930.		
25th Aug.	Domala	8,422
20th Nov.	Dumana	8,427
11th Dec.	Domala	8,422

SHIPPING

These two vessels are only one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth A	£64	£112
B	£60	£105
C	£56	£ 98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about 1930.		
May 31	*Mirzapore	Straits, China & Japan.
June 6	Morea	Colombo, China & Japan.
20	Narkunda	Colombo & Australia.
July 4	Rajputana	Colombo, China & Japan.
18	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
Aug. 1	Mantua	Colombo, China & Japan.
15	Comorin	Colombo & Australia.
29	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan
Sept. 12	Naldera	Colombo & Australia.
26	Morea	Colombo, China & Japan.
Oct. 10	Narkunda	Colombo & Australia.
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China & Japan.
Nov. 7	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China & Japan.
Dec. 5	Maloja	Colombo & Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only at the following fares from Bombay:—

To Fremantle	£74
Adelaide	£76
Melbourne	£78
Sydney	£80
Brisbane	£82
Auckland or Wellington (N. Z.) via Sydney	£100

Periods of availability 16 Weeks. Sailings approximately every month.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1930		
May 30th	Varsova	Karachi, Bushire, Mohammerah & Basrah.
June 4th	Baroda	Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.
4th	Karoa	East and South Africa.
6th	Ellora	Mombasa & Zanzibar, via Porebunder.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombasa for Rs. 500 will be available from May to September 1930. The return voyage to be completed within 3 months from the date of sailing from Bombay.

Cheap Excursion tickets are also available between Mombasa and Durban during June/August, 1930. Particulars will be supplied on application.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thursdays, Fridays, every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs./Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

Terms and Rates of Freight and Passage may be arranged with MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

ULCERINE

(Regd.)

Without operation, cures—Piles Fistula, Carbuncle, Witlow, Gangrene, Boils, Foul Ulcer, etc., on application Instantly relieves pain of poisonous Boils and Sores draws out all pus magically. Even operated wounds of any extent healed in a week. It is taken also internally as best blood purifier Cure guaranteed. Phial Rs. 1-4-0 Postage extra. Ask free booklet to—NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi Bengal.

Agents: J. Tirath and Co., Sunder Road, Karachi.

Kemp and Co., Charni Road Bombay.

Telegraphic Address: "Ulcer, Kandi.

SHIPPING.

FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive	Leave
Rangoon Maru	5029	20 May	31 May
*Shanghai Maru	4104	12 May	31 May
YamagataMaru	3807	22 May	3 June
Haruna Maru..	10500	....	@11June
Tamba Maru..	5845	30 May	13 June
Kamo Maru ..	8000	....	@25June
*Calcutta Maru	5339	15 June	27 June
Katori Maru ..	10000	....	@ 9 July
Sado Maru ..	5898	29 June	13 July
Atsuta Maru..	8000	....	@16July
Kashima Maru	10000	....	@ 29July
*Tot ori Maru	5973	16 July	30 July
Hidzuoka Maru	6270	29 July	12 Aug.

*Do not carry passengers.
@From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay	Arrive Marseilles
Sawa Maru ..	1100	12 June	30 June
Tushimi Maru	1100	26 June	14 July
Hakozaki Maru	1050	9 July	27 July

FROM ORIENT TO SAN FRANCISCO

Steamers.	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Tenyo Maru ..	22000	12 June	18 June
Tatsuta Maru.	22000	19 June	25 June
Shinyo Maru ..	22000	26 June	2 July

Other are Orient-Seattle, South-american (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services. Reduced combined through fares Cheapest Round the World tour rates and other fares, full particulars on which are furnished on application to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road
Bombay.
Phone No. 20273, 20738.
Telegrams:—"YUSEN".

A SAFE and Satisfying
A Perfect and Pleasing Tonic

THE ATANK NIGRAH PILLS

Rupee ONE for a Tin (32 Pills).
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
JAMNAGAR, (Kathiawar.)

Bombay Branch :—
Kalbadevi Road.

MAHATMA GANDHI

THE MAN AND HIS MISSION.

An enlarged and up-to-date Edition of his life and teaching with an account of his activities in South Africa and India down to his great March in connection with "Salt Satyagraha"

With Appreciations By:
The Rt. Hon. SASTRI, Mr. and Mrs. POLAK, Mr. C. F. ANDREWS Bishop WHITEHEAD, Prof. GILBERT MURRAY, ROMAIN ROLLAND, Mrs. SAROJINI NAIDU RABINDRANATH TAGORE, Rev Dr. J. S. HOLMES.

Price Rupee ONE.
To Subscribers of the "Indian Review", As. 12.

M. K. Gandhi. By Rev. J. Doke With introduction, by Lord Ampthill. Re. 1. To Subs. of "I. R." As. 12.

Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule. By Gandhi. New Pocket Edition. As. 8. To Subs. of "I R.", As. 6.

Books are given at concession rates only to Subscribers of the "Indian Review". Any one who wishes to buy books at concession rates must remit one year's subscription in advance (Rs. Five Indian, 12 sh. Foreign). Subscriptions can commence from any month; but a few copies of back numbers for the current year are available.

Please note that a large and varied collection of Books on Indian Politics, Religion, Philosophy, Industries, Arts, Agriculture, Economics, Biographies, Speeches and Writings of Eminent Indians and Friends of India are given at special concession rates to subs. of "Indian Review".

G. A. NATESAN & CO., Publishers, MADRAS.

BANKING.

Bank of India, Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies' Act VII of 1882.)

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES: Bullion Exchange (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay), Poona, Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	90,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 24th June interest is allowed at 1-1/2 per cent. on daily balance of Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 8 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

T. C. GRAY, Manager.

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880.)

	Yen.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	100,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	100,000,000
RESERVE FUND	111,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Jansie
Batavia	Kobe	Saigon
Bombay	London	Seattle
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Singapore
Calcutta	Lyons	Shimonoseki
	Manila	Sourabaya
Canton	Marunouchi	San
Changchun	(Tokio)	Francisco
Dairen	Nagasaki	Samarang
Fengtien	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsan
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Pekin	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 6.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. YABUKI, Manager.

Imperial Bank of India.

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE APOLLO STREET.

BRANCHES.
Byculla—Bellasis Road.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

SAVINGS BANK.

DEPOSITS: Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time, but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.

SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000 the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a special Savings Banks Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.

INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank Accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

INSURANCE.

The Nineteenth Triennial Division of Profits
OF THE
ORIENTAL
INDIA'S GREATEST LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

falls to be made as at 31st December, 1930

Surplus disclosed at Three Previous Valuations.
1921 Rs. 21 1/2 Lakhs. 1924 Rs. 53 1/3 Lakhs. 1927 Rs. 78 Lakhs.

Bonuses declared on Whole Life Policies per Annum
1921 Rs. 10 per 1000. 1924 Rs. 22 1/2 per 1000

1927 Rs. 25 per 1000 per Annum.

Participating Policies effected in the current Year will be entitled to participate in the Division of Profits if in force as at 31st December, 1930.

THEREFORE IT WILL PAY YOU TO BECOME AN ORIENTAL POLICYHOLDER NOW.

REPRESENTATIVES EVERYWHERE.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO:—
H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A.,
MANAGER, ORIENTAL BLDGS., BOMBAY.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd

25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus,
Funds about Rs 2¼ Lakhs.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 and As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co. Chief Agents, Mazgaon. BOMBAY, 10.

East AND West INSURANCE Co., Ltd.

Apollo Street Fort, BOMBAY

Purely Indian Concern — Offers everything best in Life Insurance.

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12½ per Rs. 1,000/- per year

Several new attractive plans.

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the—SECRETARIES Bombay

Western India LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Satara City.

PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 18.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926.

UNSURPASS	BONUS
Bonus per	000 p. a
W. Life	End
Rs. 22-1/2	r. 18
Strongest Reserve 1.1	
(1) Life Assurance F nd, Rs. 10,64,993.	
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.	
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.	

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.

For Agency and other particulars please apply,

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH
For Your Clothes
why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors
Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
Princess Street, BOMBAY

SWADESHI MOVEMENT.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With a view to support the Swadeshi movement in earnest, I have already put on Indian made clothes and hat. I had some difficulty in buying good muls for my sudra and I was asked by a good lady peketter to go to a Kalbadevi mill shop. I think a have bought really good Indian mill made "mull". But what I am most surprised at, is that English mulls are washed and printed with borders and flower and are openly exhibited in the streets of Bombay as "saries" and are eagerly bought and worn by Hindu, particularly Gujarati ladies. May I, therefore, sound a timely note of warning that the buyers should first buy Indian made mulls and have the "saries" printed according to their own requirements. I understand that the price of this kind of English mulls have already gone high. We are rather indirectly helping the foreign cloth seller. Will the Congress volunteers wake up and stop this kind of swindling the unwary public.—Yours, etc.,

A PARSI NATIONALIST.

"FIRE TEMPLE FOR MAHABLESHWAR"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Your correspondent "A Zoroastrian's" letter has come just in time. What with the Parsi lads and even women—married, at that—smoking, dancing, going out for picnics, moon light drives without chaperons, going about bare legged, talking up politics, not standing up when "God Save the King" is played, it is high time this degeneration of the wonderful flower of the 'Persian' race was pulled up sharp.

After "A Zoroastrian's" letter appeared in the "Times" I have travelled afar and suggest that at least two—better if four—fire temples be immediately built, one at Arthur Seat and the other at Saddle Back. I purposely suggest these places because after a walk up to Saddle Back or Arthur Seat the magical effect of the height and view puts you in immediate time with the Infinite and I am of opinion a short prayer would be just as effective as a long one we have to offer in the plains.

Another point and an important one "A Zoroastrian" has missed is the question of "A Tower of Silence." Does he not know it is a henious sin to be buried.

This is a point the great Zoroastrian champion Mr. M. P. Madon should take up immediately. Perhaps he would like to do more than write about it—have one built? God will give him peace and plenty for this meritorious generosity.

I am sure some of the Parsi 'burra sathias' like R. S. Powvala, Major Vajifdar and others who come here often, would be only too glad to help Mr. Madon in this service in His cause.

And finally, I repeat "A Zoroastrian's" sentiments that "Let it be not said if you must that in escaping the heat of the plains, the Parsis are escaping from their God."—Yours, etc.,

D. R. D. WADIA.
Mahableshwar, May 27.

CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Secretary of State has now declared his policy of preventing the Congress from extending the civil disobedience movement to the country-side. The demolition of the Untadi Camp, forcible removal of the volunteers and the arrest of the Ahmedabad millowner and his band all show how Government are determined to put their declared policy in practice. In these circumstances, it will be advisable for the Congress President to order suspension of the raids on salt pans at Dharasana and Vadala. Young men are unnecessarily exposed to lathi attacks. Some are disabled for life and have lost their jobs and their families are now in difficulties. Government are not prepared to fill up their jails and so they use force which is sometimes minimum but mostly maximum. It is cruel to ask young men to go to the battle front for receiving beating. It is time to cry halt and find other ways of showing our nationl determination. The Secretary of State admits that in Gujrat both urban and rural areas are affected. There is a vast field of work for trained workers in Gujrat. People are earnest for reconstructing their social and economical like. Swadeshi, Khadi, temperance village Panchayat, and caste reforms, would provide enough work for volunteers. Let Messrs. A. V. Thakkar, Kersandas Chitaliya and Dr. Sumant Mehta take up this work in villages and put the volunteers in charge of this work in each village. It is a positive work more lasting than salt raids. Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel will be soon a free man. After Bardoli Satyagrah, he organised this village reconstruction work. We should do the same after Salt Satyagrah. We have demonstrated enough. Now let us turn to constructive work which will utilise the awakened National enthusiasm.—Yours, etc.,

G. B. TRIVEDI.

"THE DECCAN QUEEN."

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The inauguration of the Deccan Queen Service between Bombay and Poona by the Authorities of the G. I. P. Railway Company will certainly be welcomed as a great advance in bringing Poona in closer relation with Bombay. But it is a pity that the Deccan Queen should be available only for first and second class favourites, while its benefits should be denied to the third class passengers. A strong plea for throwing the service open to the third class passengers is that there is no train leaving Bombay about the time of departure of the Deccan Queen for Poona and thus a very great gap exists between the timings of the last afternoon train at 15-20 and the first night passenger at 22-45. The Deccan Queen bridges the gap adequately. With the rising importance of Poona in the progress of Bombay such a gap is intolerable. I, therefore request the authorities concerned that the benefits of the "Deccan Queen" should be extended to the third class passengers as well.—Yours, etc.,

DECCAN CAVALIER
May 26.

A SUGGESTION.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There are a good many people who have taken to spinning in their spare time during the last few weeks but a great handicap is that no yarn in being bought or exchanged either at the Congress house or at any of the ward Khadi Bhandars. I am informed it is only taken at the Knadi Bhandar, at the corner of Kalbadevi. Every one would not find it quite convenient to go to the above place to dispose off their yarn. Could not the authorities concerned arrange to receive khadi yarn at the different khadi Bhandars in Bombay?

I would like to make a suggestion to the Congress in particular and the public in general. I believe it would give an impetus to handspinning if a prize were given to the best spinner in an open competition to be held every month at a convenient place. It would be gratifying if any action were taken on the above.—Yours, etc.,

N. R. V. ISHWARAN.
May 27.

BELGAUM, May 28.

Mr. Madhavacharya Hukkeri, a Belgaum Satyagrahi, has been arrested at Bailhongal under Section 117.—Free Press.

BANKURA, May 28.

Mr. Govindprasad Sinha, President of the Bankura District Congress, has been arrested yesterday under Section 151 Cr. P.C.—Free Press.

MADRAS, May 28.

The Ganjam District War Council has, it is understood, decided to suspend temporarily the raid on the Naupada salt works. Future plans have not yet been decided.—Free Press.

THE CHARM OF

JABAKUSUM

A BEAUTIFUL HEAD OF SILKY SOFT HAIR PRIDE OF WOMAN MAN ALWAYS ADMIRE.

C. K. Sen & Co., Ld. Calcutta.

BOYCOTT OF

BRITISH DRUGS.

SUPPORT

SWADESHI DRUGS.

PAINODEX

REGD.

Is a Swadeshi Drug. Being supreme anodyne remedy in cases of Rheumatism, Pleuracy and all bodily pains, the Physicians have been prescribing this salve and have obtained successful results, Price As 12/-per jar.

Free sample on one anna stamp.

Obtainable at all CHEMISTS and STORES.

THE PAINODEX MANUFACTURING CO.

BOMBAY NO. 1.

Carbolic Soap

36 %

BOMBAY SOAP FACTORY

96, Bhaji Pala Lane, : : : : BOMBAY 3.

AMRUTANJAN

PAIN BALM (Regd.)

CAME, SAW and CURED ALL BODILY ACHES and PAINS

Amrutanjan Depots,

BOMBAY and MADRAS.

WHAT HAPPENED IN MR. GHOLAP'S COURT.

Series Of Alleged Illegalities.

A PLEADER'S VERSION.

AHMEDABAD, May 27.

It will be interesting to note how Sheth Ranchhodlal, a prominent mill agent of Ahmedabad, was tried and treated by the authorities concerned. In the first instance it should be noted that authorities with previous arrangements with the District Traffic Superintendent of B. B. & C. I. Railway, stopped the Gujarat Mail at Barejadi Station on Sunday night. Even the poor station master of Barejadi was not informed of this and he must have felt much annoyed to see the train stopping although he had lowered the signals. Poor man must have trembled to see the District Traffic Superintendent moving on platform at an odd hour without any previous instructions whatever. But then soon that curtain was lifted over and there was light for the station master! The Police cried out asking those bound for Dharasana to get out and they obeyed immediately. The volunteers did inquire whether the Police had warrants to arrest them whereupon the District Superintendent of Police informed them that he could arrest any person without warrant and he directed their arrests, "without warrants."

WHO SHOULD TRY THEM?

These arrests increased the self-created troubles of the authorities and then came the next question as to who should try them and where. They knew that S. 143 of the Indian Penal Code was to be made applicable and it being triable by a Third Class Magistrate they called Mr. Vasudev, Mamlatdar and Second Class Magistrate, South Daskroi Taluka, as the accused were arrested in his jurisdiction. The Magistrate came up at once, but he had not the fortune to try such a leading citizen. An eye was turned at Mr. Gholap, I.C.S. (by this time well-known to the world!) and although he had no jurisdiction to try the case he was specially deputed (empowered) by the District Magistrate.

ACCUSED SEATED LIKE SHEEP.

The police had made no arrangements to carry about 53 accused to Bareja a village far off from Barejadi. They took the accused to Bareja village by motors at noon by accommodating about 25 persons in a car that had license to carry 16 only. But it is Police Raj and they can break any Law! They had a host of police men, armed and unarmed, to see that the Sataygrahis did not run away. The Ahmedabad public, who had come to Barejadi to witness the proceedings had to go on foot to Bareja seven miles from Barejadi.

ILLEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

Mr. Gholap proceed with Sheth Ranchhodlal under S. 117 I.P.C. Those present will bear me out that no question as is compulsory on a magistrate to ask the accused whether he wanted to examine by recalling any prosecution witness was ever put to the accused. Before very eyes of Mr. Gholap two poicel officers refreshed their memories from one and the same copy of notes and no question was put to them as to who made the notes and when which too is quite illegal.

THREATS TO THE PUBLIC.

The second case commenced in the verandah and as there was not sufficient room for all the accused to sit, Sheth Ranchhodlal remained standing and at times was sitting on a window. No chair was provided for him then. Even Press representatives had to sit on the floor. Mr. Gholap sat on a chair not fully dressed but armed with a loaded revolver. He was smoking in the Court. Very funny replies were given to him by the accused to which he gave retort at times. When the public clapped, he got excited and once ordered Khan Bahadur Variava that he should clear them all if they clapped any more. Khan Bahadur Variava went a step further and threatened even the use of lathi. While the Magistrate was smoking the accused were eating "chana mamara" supplied by the villagers. Mr. Gholap appears to have passed varying sentences for one and same offence. It should be said that neither the complainant nor judgment is clear under what clause of S. 143 accused were tried and convicted.

UP WITH ARMS.

As soon as the sentences were pronounced there were loud cheers. Sheth Ranchhodlal desired to address a few words to the crowd to disperse quietly but Khan Bahadur Variava replied, "You can't have that liberty as you are a convict and under my charge." But later on Mr. Gholap intervened and he was allowed to say a few words to the public but even then Khan Bahadur took a promise from him that he would not speak of Dharasana raid.

HOW LONG?

—:o:—

Repression & More Repression.

"The "Leader" writes:—

We adhere to the opinion that in all probability the ostentatious disobedience of the Salt Act would have ceased on account of its very uninterestingness if the Government had not injected life into it by the policy of harshness which seared the hearts of self-respecting Indians. Such sentences for such offences: in what other civilized country or under what other civilized Government can they be paralleled? So many complaints of such men being treated as if they were ordinary criminals: is such a thing allowed in England? How are European convicts treated in Indian jails although they have not been imprisoned for their public spirit! The Press Ordinance, and the lavish use that has been made of its most stringent and wide-reaching penal provisions: will it be tolerated in England? The greatest of men shut up in jail for an indefinite period without any pretence of judicial trial: suppose Mahatma Gandhi were a member of the ruling race, would this have been thought of? The handing over of Sholapur to martial law without proved necessity or justification, and the continuation of the no-law regime, again without a serious attempt at proving the necessity thereof: suppose an English town were treated in like manner? The long sentences of imprisonment to which old men past the scriptural limit of three score and ten and ladies of culture and refinement are subjected: Mrs. Sarojini Naidu would not be allowed facilities for drinking water and only allowed food at 2 a.m.: would not the welkin have rung with the cry of indignation if Mrs. Sarojini Naidu belonged to other race? It is needless to go on with this heart-breaking chapter of events. They have made an impression so deep on the mind of the people that the civil disobedience movement has evoked sympathy which its sponsors would not have dared to expect and the problem that confronts the people and the Government has become many times more serious and urgent.

NO MORE LIFE TO MADRAS COUNCIL.

OOTACAMUND, May 29.

His Excellency, the Governor having decided not to further extend the term of the Madras Legislative Council, the Council will be automatically dissolved on June 13.

—A. P.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

—:o:—

Senate's Meeting On June 14.

The supplementary Agenda of the Senate meeting of the Bombay University, to be held on the 14th June next at 3 p.m., is issued. The following additional items will also be considered at the meeting:—

Professor K. R. Kanitkar and K. T. Shah have given notice of his motion asking the Senate to appoint a committee of the Fellows undermentioned to consider and submit definite proposals regarding the amendment of the Bombay University Act, 1928, in principle as well as in detail.

The Committee to report directly to the Senate within six weeks from its appointment, and a special meeting of the Senate if necessary, to consider the report forthwith suggesting the calling of forthwith.

Consideration of Rao Bahadur Kale's proposals to amend the provisions of Sections 13, 20, 25, 45 and 48 of the Bombay University Act.

Consideration of Dr. Parker's proposal for the abolition of the System of Proportional representation.

Consideration of the Report of the Committee appointed by resolution No. 10 passed at the Senate Meeting held on the 23rd June 1928, viz., the report of the Senate Committee on the question of Inculcating a 'Theistic Attitude' in Education.

Principal G. N. Gokhale has given notice of his intention to move—

"That the report of the Senate Committee on the question of 'Theistic Attitude' in education be approved and adopted."

MR. TATA'S FLIGHT.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Recently we have seen accounts of several very spectacular and magnificent flights between England and India—not that I wish to decay the merits of these flights which I for one consider shows the Indian public at large the possibilities of the aeroplane in the hands of pilots who admittedly have not had a great deal of flying experience.

I would, however, like to point out that a flight from India to England has just been made by Mr. J. R. D. Tata in the exceptionally short flying time in 75 hours.

Mr. Tata prepared his plane for this long trip quietly at the Juhu Aerodrome, and without any publicity left for England one morning at sunrise, and it was not until the news leaked out of his having left the Karachi Aerodrome that anybody was even aware of his great undertaking.

I presume that long distance flights to England are more or less common-place, and that a stray aeroplane turning up from India would not cause a great deal of comment when landing at Croydon. Mr. Tata's flight was recognised to some extent by various Air officials in London, but remarkably little has been heard or said about this achievement in India, and I only hope that an achievement such as this is not going to go unnoticed in this country.

Mr. Tata is again with us, having returned by Air Mail which I presume almost constitutes a record in itself in so much as Mr. Tata has been to London and is back again with us in approximately 24 days.

Apart from anything else, this, to my mind goes far to bring home the merits of the Air Mail Service which already I am afraid we have settled down to, and assume is, an every-day undertaking.—Yours, etc.,

R. RICARDO.

Bombay, May 27.

Bombay Life

ASSURANCE CO., LTD.,

(Estd: 1908)

CHAIRMAN: SIR LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Kt., C. I. E., J. P.

Agencies and Branches throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.

An Up-to-date & Purely Indian Life Office

OFFERS

Attractive Schemes of Assurances

WITH

PERMANENT DISABILITY BENEFITS.

1930 OUR VALUATION YEAR

INSURE NOW AND SHARE IN PROFITS.

Absolutely Liberal

Low Premiums. Bonuses.

ITS PROGRESS PROVES ITS POPULARITY INCREASING NEW BUSINESS EVERY YEAR.

YEAR	NEW BUSINESS
1925	22,18,500
1926	32,08,000
1927	38,77,000
1928	42,62,000
1929	51,22,500

TOTAL ASSURANCES IN FORCE OVER 2,25,00,000.

TOTAL FUNDS EXCEED 24,00,000.

YEARLY INCOME EXCEEDS 10,00,000.

Write for Prospectus and other literature to:—

J. L. MEHTA, B.Sc., MANAGER.

HEAD OFFICE:—

Bombay Life Assurance Building,

APOLLO STREET, : : : : : : BOMBAY.

LODHRA FOR LADIES' HEALTH

KESARI KUTEERAM EGMORE :: MADRAS

AT ALL CHEMISTS

Agents: RATILAL BROTHERS, 38, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay.

Delay Not One Moment! Delay Not One Moment!!

Chorus of Felicitations! To Avoid Dangers of Lowered Vitality and Shattered Health By Using Our Renowned Multitude of Testimonials!

"SIDDHA KALPA MAKARADHWAJA" (Regd.) AND "MAHACHANDANATHI TAILAM"

1 Bot. 60 Pills Rs. 10. (*Found Best by Every Test*) 1 Bot. 12 oz. Rs. 5.

Apply to:— Boon to Brain Workers As Blood Purifier, Incomparable. Catalogue, free on Application

THE MADRAS AYURVEDIC PHARMACY, LIMITED.,

P. O. Box 151, MADRAS, *Manager*:—V. RAGHUPATHI, B.A., B.L. Tel. Add. "Kalpam" Madras.

ESTABLISHED BY
LALA LAJPATRAI, PANDIT MOTILAL NEHRU AND PANDIT K. SANTANAM.

THE LAXMI
(LIFE ASSURANCE).
INSURANCE CO., LTD., LAHORE.

Special facilities for payments of premiums and invariable benefits are offered to those POLITICAL PRISONERS who are our policy holders. LAXMI has been crowned with glorious victory in the annals of Life Insurance business.

Insure with LAXMI and do your Duty to your Family.

WANTED ENERGETIC and patriotic AGENTS all over the country.

FULABHAI S. PATEL
Special Agent for the Bombay Presidency.
15-17, Manordas Street, 2nd floor, Fort, Bombay, Post Box No. 324.

S. A. MALVI
Chief Agent for the Bombay presidency.
Parekh Street, Bombay 4.

INDIA'S SALVATION
LIES IN EVERY INDIAN SUPPORTING INDIAN CONCERNS ONLY
NEW INDIA
ASSURANCE CO. LD.

Note: With a view to save the Company's policies from lapsing, a special provision has been made in the case of those policy-holders who may be unable to pay their premiums during their imprisonment for a political offence.

INSURE WITH NEW INDIA
AND
ASSURE INDIA'S PROSPERITY

WHERE TO STAY WHEN IN BOMBAY?
"Five stories of open air and Sunshine."
ARYA NIVAS
High Class Hindoo Lodge for Sanitary Living and High Class Meals.
RESHAM BAZAR MANDVI, ... BOMBAY 3.
Tele. Add:—"BOARDING." Tele. No. 26455.

Senta Typewriters
No. IV Office Rs. 195/- No. III Portable Rs. 160/-
Senta Sewing Machines from Rs. 70/-
Wickless Oil Stoves for cooking purposes.

Single .. Rs. 20/-
Double .. Rs. 30/-
Ovens from Rs. 12/-

Sole Agents :—S. NAVALKAR & SONS,
Savee Bhuwan :—143, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

TONIC FOR WOMEN
SUNDARI SATHI
(Registered).

"Sundari Sathi" is the most effective elixir for all the diseases of Women. Any and every kind of menstrual disorders, painful menstruation, it can cure all the diseases which generally attack a woman. It shows its utility as a remedy on the following diseases:—Menorrhoea, Leucorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Cirhosis, metritis, etc., It can most beneficially control the process of menstruation and makes it completely regular and healthy. SUNDARI SATHI can cure all these Diseases at a stretch. So many Doctors and physicians use it for their patients. Re. 1 per bottle. Three bottles Rs. 2-10-0.

OBTAINABLE AT ALL CHEMIST.

Dave Chemical Works
Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY and AHMEDABAD.

Mr. M. U. Rajjab.

—:o:—

CONGRATULATED ON EVE OF DEPARTURE FOR EUROPE.

Under the auspices of Jamiat-ul-Momin, Bombay, a public meeting was held last week at Madanpura under the presidentship of Seth A. R. Titwala, ex-President, Kurla Municipality, to congratulate Mr. Mohamed Umar Rajjab, a member of the Municipal Corporation, Bombay, and Vice-President of the Jamiat-ul-Momin, (the Weavers' Association) Bombay.

Proceedings of the meeting commenced with the recitation of the Holy Quoran. Mr. Titwala explaining the objects of the meeting called upon Mr. Abdul Kadir to address the meeting. After Messrs. Abdul Kadir and Valmalla had spoken, Moulvi Abdur Rawoof Khan giving a short sketch of Mr. Umar's career said that he having passed his fourth standard examination (vernacular) in the year 1909 joined the Anjuman-i-Islam School where he could go upto only the fifth standard (English), when suddenly he had to give up his studies and seek for a job in a local mill. Since then having worked as a mere mill-hand he was returned to the Municipal Corporation in the year 1929 by his fellow-workers in return for the service he had rendered them as an acting member of the Bombay Textile Union.

A FITTING SELECTION BY GOVERNMENT.

Now the Government of India had selected him to proceed as one of the advisors to the Indian delegate to the International Labour Conference at Geneva. From Geneva he will proceed to Lancashire and Manchester to study the condition of the mill industry and mill-workers there. It was hoped that Mr. Mohamed Umar would after his return be of much benefit to the Labour movement in India. He therefore congratulated him on his selection which he fully deserved.

After the President had garlanded him on behalf of the Jamiat-ul-Momin, Bombay, he was also garlanded by the Anjuman-i-Tanzimul-Muslemeen; Ghost Bazaar Mahfil, Ghost Bazaar Moharram Majlis, his admirers and his fellow-workers in the Madhawji Dharamsi Mills. The last mentioned body, i.e., the mill-workers of the Madhawji Dharamsi Mills, offered him a gold wrist-watch as a token of his once being their fellow-worker.

Mr. Mohamed Umar Rajjab thanking the audience said that if he was selected for Geneva it was through the efforts of the mill-workers and the Bombay Textile Union; and hence they deserved the congratulations and not he. He admitted them to strengthen their Union and reap the fruits of their unity further and try to send some one from amongst them only, as their representative in future. He told the audience that Mr. N. M. Joshi who had devoted his life for the cause of Labour was the true friend of theirs.

"TO WORK AS MILL-HAND IN ENGLAND."

In England, he added, he would himself work as an ordinary mill-hand on some looms if an opportunity was offered to him and show the authorities there that an Indian was in no way lagging behind their European fellow-workers.

Hostel For Women At Ahmedabad.

—:o:—

The Hostel for Women started three years ago will reopen from 15th June. Girl students of all communities and studying in any educational institution in Ahmedabad are admitted. Miss Indirabai Bhagvat, B.A. (Oxon.), is the Superintendent of the Hostel. Lady Ramanbhai, Mrs. Sharda Mehta and Mrs. Sarladevi Ambalal are on the Managing Committee of the Hostel. It is situated in two bungalows behind Gujarat College Hostel near Ellis Bridge. Free air, excellent surroundings, good management, best supervision and most healthy environments and atmosphere are the great advantages of the hostel. The hostel supplies a long-felt want of girl students of Gujarat who wish to receive higher education in Ahmedabad. Further particulars will be obtained from the Superintendent, Girls' Hostel Housing Society, behind Gujarat College, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad.

Boycott Of British Electrical Goods.

—:o:—

An extraordinary general meeting of the members of the Electrical Contractors' Association was held in the Association's Office at Canada Building, Home Street, Fort, on Wednesday, when the following resolution was passed:—

"This meeting recommends the total boycott of all electrical goods of British make and origin."

NAVSARI LETTER.

—:o:—

Motor Bus Strike.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

NAVSARI, May 27.

Excitement regarding Dharasana campaign is very tense here. The operations of Sait Satyagraha at Dandi, arrests of Mahatmaji and Sjt. Abbas Tyebji and others were carried at a stone-throw distance from Navsari and as a natural consequence, people of this town though it is situated in Baroda territory have from the very start shown very active sympathy with their brethren in British limits of Jalalpore. Never was such a record of transmission of telegraphic press messages from one single office as was reported at Navsari during the campaign. Navsari and the surrounding Baroda villages have given their full quota in money and in men.

In the prohibition campaign taken up by Miss Mithuben Petit in this District, it was experienced that unless an equally rigorous campaign was carried on in Gaekwad's adjoining territory, their efforts in Jalalpore or Olpad would prove, if not futile, partially unsuccessful. With a view therefore, to see the campaign through and make it successful the Prant Mandal workers here took upon their shoulders with a view to augment efforts of workers in British India to start picketing in Navsari too. Forty ladies have enlisted themselves and they are at present picketing at four big liquor shops, the President of the Local Municipality, Mr. Tahmankar taking much interest in the affair.

MOTOR SERVICES AT A STANDSTILL.

The motor services, local as well as those running between Navsari and many villages, are on strike today as a result of the District Police Superintendent's arbitrary order. After the parading of military in Bardoli villages, Surat officials mean to carry out the attachment business in right earnest but, perhaps having failed to obtain motor buses from Surat or elsewhere, they seem to have summoned the aid of Mr. Dighe, the D.S.P. of Navsari. Mr. Dighe has been moving heaven and earth during last three days to procure the motor buses. The Motor Union has refused to supply the buses on the ground that they would never be a party to any devices of the Government to be carried out against their fellow brethren. The said officer ran down to Gandevi to see if Mr. Jalbhai of the Gandevi Automobile might come to his succour. Mr. Jalbhai Sheroff, who, also, it is understood, will not comply with his request.

ITALY'S NAVAL ESTIMATES.

—:o:—

Chamber Votes 1476 Lires.

LONDON, May 29.

Rome.—The Chamber has adopted Naval Estimates totalling 1,476 million lire, being 244 million lire over last year's owing to increased pay and spending of 192 millions on reconstruction work. 600 million lire has now been set aside for new construction. Global tonnage for 1930 does not differ greatly from that of 1929, preponderance being given to submarines.—Reuter.

INCREASED NAVY FOR ITALY.

—:o:—

NEW ESTIMATES SANCTIONED.

ROME, May 28.

The Chamber has adopted the Naval Estimates totalling 1473 million lire, being 244 million lire over the last year's estimates, owing to increased pay and the spending of 192 millions on reconstruction work.

600 million lire has now been set aside for new construction. Global tonnage for 1930 does not differ greatly from that of 1929, preponderance being given to submarines.—Reuter.

BOMBAY SOUTH INDIAN CO-OP CREDIT SOCIETY, LTD.:—The annual general body meeting of the above society was held on Sunday 4th last at Matunga. Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer, President of the Society, presided...

The report indicates the rapid manner manner in which the Society has developed during the last 11 years. The society has now on its rolls a membership of 524, and the annual turn over of loans exceeds Rs. 36,000. Re-payment of loans has now become quite regular, and the benefits of the Society are being taken advantage of by the members in increasing numbers.

The report was unanimously adopted, new office bearers and Auditors were appointed, Mr. K. S. Ramchandra Iyer being re-elected President of the Society for the current year.

Listeners-in of the Bombay Radio Station will welcome the news that the newly-appointed Station Director, Mr. K. B. Shetna, has been successful in engaging the services of well-known singer of Maharastra Kadherbai. She is due to give her first concert on June the 7th. and regularly there after every week.

A WORD TO MINOR COMMUNITIES.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—When a correspondent of the "Times of India" naively ridicules the Nation's pledge to Vithalbhai Patel to boycott foreign cloth as a means of getting Swaraj "Our Correspondent" conveniently or ignorantly overlooks the fact that it was Sir W. J. Hicks who said: "We conquered India as an outlet for the goods of Great Britain.... We hold it as an outlet for British goods in general, and for the Lancashire cotton goods in particular." The boycotting of foreign cloth campaign has met with a warm response in the city and suburbs of Bombay as in other parts of India. The greatest aid to it has been given by the women of Bombay who have volunteered in numbers to swell the lists of Desh Sevika Sangha. It is the dauntless, pursuasive powers of the Hindu women, I must praise here, for born and brought up in an atmosphere of timidity and reticence, as an outer expression, of true and profound inner modesty, they have not shirked addressing the most aggressive looking vendors in the shops alloted to them. They have borne the rebuffs of the Parsi and Catholic lady customers in a saintly fashion after their leader Mahatma. But that reminds me to say a few words on the behaviour of these communities, for one cannot generalise without singling out the minority which form the exceptions. Some of the Parsi girls are picketing foreign cloth and doing it remarkably well. Though creditable, it is not at all surprising, considering the social emancipation of these women. What is really surprising is that a community so far-sighted, possessing a profound understanding of things moral and social having women ready to defy any Mrs. Grundy, should not come forward to answer the country's call. The fault lies not wholly with them. "Gandhi's followers prevented them from going to Club A or Theatre B the other day shouting violently. How fierce and undisciplined they looked?" Not at all, dear ladies, if you only remember that the Mahatma's followers have resorted to non-violent methods for redressing their grievances. And you grudge to serve India by boycotting only crepe-de-chines and georgettes when, during the World War you thrilled at the thought of men laying down their lives for their country and called them "Valiant" and "Brave". No, I do not believe that truth and beauty is dead in you, for you boast of ancestral traditions of valour and justice, and this truth in you, which you have tried to stifle by external superficialities, will come uppermost and hasten you to serve at your Country's Call.

The masses of the Indian Catholics, I am sorry to say, are suffering from misunderstanding. Revealed and ceremonial religion is much to them. I have nothing to say against this, but surely the spirit of religion is more important than its form, and when they ponder well on the fact that the East Indians, Goans and Mangloreans were all originally Hindus, and have continued to live among their original stock unmolested, in spite of their conversion to a foreign faith they will realise that the Great Gandhi and his spiritual followers will not hurt a hair on their head when the conquest is theirs. Why do the schools conducted by Protestant Missionaries get more Government grant than the schools conducted by Catholic Missionaries and Hindus and Parsis and Muslims? Call it a whim.

Is a Government which spends a nation revenue whimsically fit to govern much longer? or in this particular instance, of encouraging education, can it accused of religious impartiality? My Catholic brothers in India after reading this, I feel sure you will come in great numbers to the B. P. C. C to enrol as volunteers of a sacred cause, and that you will not be kept back by Mr. Baptista's sweet yet unconvincing words that a nation can only win a new constitution by discussion, for we cannot gain much by discussing with people who deliberately oppose Truth.—Yours, etc.,

ASPY.

WEEKLY WEATHER REPORT.

POONA, May 29.

The following is the Special Weekly Weather Report for the week ending the 28th May:—

The Bay monsoon was normally active in Lower Burma.

local rain in Kashmir and along

A western disturbance caused the Punjab Hills on the 25th and 26th and in the North West Frontier Province on the former date.

Scattered thundershowere occurred in Assam and Bengal throughout the week, in West Deccan on the first two days, in South Deccan on the 23rd and 24th and in South Madras between the 23rd and 26th.—A. P.

Seekers After Gold
are often disappointed in their quest, but users of
The
REMINGTON PORTABLE TYPEWRITER

run no such risk, as they get the greatest possible value in the life-long, satisfactory service rendered by the lightest, strongest and most compact machine in the world. The Company makes the purchase of a machine as easy as possible and every owner, and every purchaser of a Remington Portable Typewriter, will be entitled to enter the GREAT GOODWILL COMPETITION which is being continued for a further period of six months from

1st December, 1929, to 31st May, 1930.

It provides an opportunity for everyone to earn useful cash bonuses.

Full information is yours for the asking

COUPON
Please send me full free particulars of the Remington Portable Great Goodwill Prize Competition.
Name .....
Address .....
.....
Date ..... (S)
(Post this coupon to the address below.)

The REMINGTON PORTABLE is made by an organisation with unrivalled resources in men, money and machinery—it is a guaranteed Remington product.

Remington Typewriter Co. (Bombay), Ltd.,
Neville House, Nicol Road, BOMBAY.
SHOWROOM:—Yusuf Building, Church Gate Street.

Here Is Your Chance

Medical Electricity is now a Rapid-cure progress in Medical Science. It helps to overcome various chronic and acute derangements which are impossible to be cured by Drugs or injections. Advanced physicians advocate its use as it supplies power energy which is needed in debilated constitutions. Latest and up-to-date appliances used. Treatments under expert supervision. Send for list or visit.
THE KUSUMGAR PHARMACY (Electric-Clinic.)
221, Kalbadevi Road, Nar Narayen Temple.
P. B. 2159, Bombay.

USE ONLY
Crown Brand
ALUMINIUM WARE
PURE ALUMINIUM THE CROWN
ALUMINIUM WARE
JEEWANLAL (1929) LIMITED,
Kansara Chawl, Bombay.
Tele. No. 20159 Office. 41099 Factory. Teleg. Martaikmin.
Post Box No. 2193.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co., KALKADEVI Rd. BOMBAY.
DEALERS IN
STATIONERY—For Office and School use,
DRAWING & PAINTING MATERIALS—
For Artists, Art Students, Technical and Engineering College, etc.
SURVEYING & ENGINEERING INSTRUMENTS—
Levels, Theodolites, Prismatic Compasses, Staves and all other Drawing Office Articles and Instruments.
PRICE LIST FREE ON APPLICATION.

A SAFE and EFFICIENT REMEDY
In all cases of Torpid Liver, Debility, Eruptions, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Weakness, Depression, etc., etc., is the world renowned
WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA
It thoroughly cleanses the blood of all impurities which accumulate, and invigorates the whole system, thus enabling you to successfully combat the many little ills which you encounter from time to time.
But it must be Wilkinson's—shun all imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the following Trade Mark and Signature.
Trade Mark
Thomas Wilkinson
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers
Thomas Wilkinson Ltd. *Manufacturing Chemists*, 46, Southwark Street, London, S.E.1. England.

"WORLD WILL KNOW WHAT HAPPENED AT PESHAWAR."

Muslim Procession To Honour Peshawar Martyrs.

MUSLIMS ASKED TO JOIN THE CONGRESS.

In response to the resloution of the Jamiat-ul-Ulema, Muslims of Bombay observed Friday as the "Peshawar Martyrs' Day" by joining in large numbers a procession organised by the Congress Muslim Party and by attending a public meeting held at the Esplanade Maidan.

A large number of Muslims gathered at the Congress House and formed themselves into a procession which started at 4-30 p.m. They were joined by many others soon after they reached Lamington Road. Dr. Mazharul Haq Gaur, Mr. Sirajuddin Wasi, in whose bungalow Mahatmaji had camped at Dandi, Mr Jinabhai Desai, president of the B. P. C. C. and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi, accompanied the procession.

It was representative of all sections of the Muslim community—Memon, Khoja and Bohra youths having joined in large numbers.

THE ROUTE.

The procession paraded through Lamington Road, Grant Road, J. J. Hospital, Bhendi Bazar Fydhoni, Abdur Rehman Street, Crawford Market, and Hornby Road and reached Esplanade Maidan at 6-30 p.m. where a meeting was held. When the procession entered Grant Road all the processionists took off their caps as a mark of respect to the Peshawar martyrs.

Huge crowds lined the route of the procession a large number of Muslims joined it in the Bhendi Bazar, when it was passing through this street.

While the procession was passing through Abdur Rehman Street, Mr. Ahmed H. S Khatri joined the procession.

When the procession reached Esplanade Maidan a meeting was held under the presidentship of Mr. Osman Sobhani.

MUSLIMS ASKED TO JOIN THE CONGRESS.

In his speech Mr. Osman Sobhani said he did not want to discuss what happened at Peshawar. They all knew it. He avoided speaking at meetings because he believed in remaining behind the scenes and rendering whatever service he could to the national cause.

He was glad to notice that Muslims attended the meeting in large numbers and he asked them to be more disciplined.

The incident at Peshawar as well as the recent firing in Bhendi Bazar were enough to make the Muslim make up their minds as to which side they should join and he hoped in future Muslims of Bombay men as well as women, would attend such meetings in their thousands and take an active part in the national struggle.

PESHAWAR'S SACRIFICES.

Mr. Haji Noor Mohamed Ahmed proposed a resolution appreciating the sacrifices of Peshawar Muslims and declaring that according to the Islamic Shariat those who died as a result of firing were martyrs. The resolution further condemned the firing and the action of the authorities and expressed sympathy with the bereaved families.

Proposing the resolution Mr. Noor Mohamed observed that a the Government did not allow even men like Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Mr. Patel to go to Peshawar and to inquire into the happenings there, they had every reason to believe that the local authorities had a guilty conscience. But whatever the efforts to suppress real facts, truth would be out very soon and the world would know what happened at Peshawar.

BOYCOTT BRITISH GOODS.

Mr. Noor Mohamed Mojawala seconded the resolution and advised the audience to boycott all british goods and use as that only would bring Britain to her senses.

Mr. S. K. Pupala further supporting the resolution referred to the eidence of Mr. Sadat Ali Khan, Magistrate of Peshawar, in which he had said that there was no need of calling military, and that the crowd got excited because two men were crushed under the armoured cars. Mr. Pupala advised the audience to act up to whatever resolutions they passed as it was no use merely passing them.

NO ENQUIRY WANTED.

Mr. Mohamed Ibrahim, an active member of the Congress Muslim Party, said that Muslims belonging to the Congress fold wanted neither an official, nor a non-official inquiry into Peshawar incidents. They knew that nothing good would come out of such inquiry for they were determined to end the system of Government which allowed such things to happen.

PROTEST AGAINST REPRESSION.

Bombay Graduates' Public Meeting.

A public meeting of the graduates of the University of Bombay will be held on Tuesday (the 3rd of June), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Blavatsky Lodge, Theosophical Society, near French Bridge, when resolutions expressing indignation at the methods of repression adopted by Government and calling upon graduates to use Swadeshi clothes and articles and to boycott British goods in every way possible and to keep the University seat in the Bombay Legislative Council vacant will be proposed.

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Advocate, will preside.

All graduates are requested to attend.

Conveners: Dr. G. V. Deshmukh, M.D., F.R.C.S., G. N. Thakor, B.A., LL.B., Advocate (O.S.), Dr. S. K. Vaidya, M.R.C.S., D.T.M. &H. D.P.H., M. V. Desai, B.A., LL.B., Bar-at-Law, Khurshedji K. Suntoke, B.A.LL.B., Advocate, S. A. Brelvi, M.A., LL.B., Dr. T.O. Shah, L.M. & S., F.R.C.S., Dr. C. R. Athavle, M.B., B.S., D.O., M.S., J. S. Khergaumwalla, B.A. LL.M., Advocate (O.S.), R. S. Billimoria, M.A., LL.B., Advocate (O.S.), Dr. G. B. Gole, M.B. B.S., Dr. P. T. Patel, M.D., M.R.C.P., Chhaganlal D... bhai, B.A., LL.B., Solicitor, ... galdas M. Pakvasa, B.A., ... Solicitor, Shankerbhai J. ... B.A., LL.B., Solicitor, Tha... Munim, B.A. LL.B., Solic... Mehta, B.A., Bombe... c.al Co-operative ... lamali G. Currimbhoy ... M. G. Bhatt, B.E., L... dia, B.A., LL.B., Adv... Dr. M. D. Mukati, L... Kalyandas J. Des... S., Balubhai T. D... C. N. Kanuga, B... cate, Motilal ... Chhotubhai A. ... Solicitor, M. ... Advocate (O.S... many, B.A., ... Mazagaonwa... ctor, F. M... Solicitor, C... LL.B., Adv... Mehta, B... Shende, B... sibhai P. ... Gharek... (O.S.), ... LL.M., ... vati, B... Rege, ... Mehta ... nalal ... chant ... B.A.,

PLEADERS & POLITICS.

Notice On Thana Pleaders.

From Our Correspondent).

THANA, May 30

It is learnt that notices have been issued by the District Judge Thana, to Mr. Limaye, Pleader, Alibag and to Mr. Mehta, Pleader, Mah... ...san... Mr. ... Civi... was ... ...om... ...ple... ...of... ...ore... ...pe... ...to...

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

The S. S. "Macedonia" with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Result of Matriculation Examination, University Hall, 2 p.m.

TUESDAY, June 3.

Graduates' Public Meeting to protest against repressive policy, Mr. Bhulabhai Desai to preside Blavatsky Lodge, near French Bridge, 6 p.m. (S.T.)

Capitol.—Norma Shearer in "Their own Desire" drama 7 parts. Also the Negro Singer George Washington in popular songs. Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m. Matinees at 4 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Tuesday (King's Birthday).

Rialto.—Marceline Day and Ralph Forbes in "Restless Youth" drama 7 parts. Also a Comedy. Daily at 6.30 and 10 p.m. Matinees at 4 p.m. on Saturday, Sunday and Tuesday (King's Birthday).

SMALL-POX IN BOMBAY CITY:—Thursday's figures are:—Cases 7; Deaths 2; Primary Vaccinations 25; and Re-vaccinations 44.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS:—The O. S. K. Steamer "Shinnoh Maru" left Singapore for Bombay on May 28 and is due to arrive in Bombay on June 9 via Colombo.

YOGA DISCOURSES:—Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class on RAJA YOGA in English at Batliboy's Commercial Institute Hall, Yusuf Building, Churchgate St. (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.)

PUBLIC MEETING AT SION.

A public meeting will be held in Sion (near Rly Station) to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. when Congress leaders will address, the subject being "Congress Programme" and Temperance".

A procession will start from King's Circle Matunga (G. I. P.) at 8 p.m. and reach Sion in time for the meeting. A village Congress Committee will also be formed at Sion to carry on Congress propaganda.

UPANISHAD AND GEETA CLASSES:— Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in Enghsn on Bhagwat Gita at the General Educations Society's Chhabildas Lallubhai English School, Dadar, to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

The Swami will also conduct a public class on Upanisnad in English at Seth Jamnadas Mathuradas' Bungalow, Borivli on Sunday evening at 7 p.m.

HAND-SPINNING ACTIVITIES AT KHAR:—A meeting will be held under the auspices of the Khar District Congress Committee to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. in the Laxmi Society's Pavilion, 10th Road, Khar, when experts from Vile Parle and other places will explain the principles and aqvantages of Hand-spinning and carding.

SOUTH CANARA HINDUS' PROCESSION:—To-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.), a procession of Sout... Canara Hindus will start fr... the maidan behind Central T... h Office, enter Church... treet, turn into Hornby ... ceed to Bazaar Gate ... Fort Street, then turn ... irozeshah Road, turn ... i Patel Street, Tama... turn into Meadows ... part Row and Apollo ... en will terminate at ...

...L NOTICE.

...s for Laurenso ... Africa per ... via Dhanu... will be closed ... Office at 6.30 ...

...or Singa... ...on per s.s. ... closed at ...t 12 noon ... 1930.

...tion.

DESH SEVIKAS' ACTIVITIES.

Picketing On Sandhurst Road.

Yeilding to the persuation of the Desh Sevika Sangh, silk, lace and blouse merchants of Sandhurst Road, Bombay, have expressed their willingness to help the movement for the boycott of foreign cloth.

Members of the Sevika Sangh picketed Sandhurst Road Shops in the afternoon and took their post at the entrance of each shop exhorting people to stop buying foreign cloth.

THE APPEAL.

More often than not the gentle appeal of the fair picketers went home and people went back without purchasing a yard of foreign stuff.

The merchants hurriedly convened a meeting and discussed the situation. Beween profits and patriotism the merchants choose the latter and have decided to negotiate with the Sevika Sangh with a view to arriving at a compromise whereby the merchants would pledge themselves to a creed of Swadeshi after a certain period and the Sevika Sangh on their part should withdraw pickets from the shops.

SIGNING PLEDGE.

It may be mentioned that not all the merchants of this locality are Hindus. Several Parsi merchants are also prepared to sign the Swadeshi pledge.

The text of the compromise, it is understood imposes an obligation on the merchants to pledge themselves not to place any order directly or indirectly for foreign cloth of any kind from that date until there was an honourable settlement between Mahatmaji and the British Government.

CANCEL ORDERS.

The merchants must abide by the condition that they cancel all orders for foreign cloth except those executed and shipped from foreign countries on the date of signing the pledge.

In consideration of the above the Sevika Sangh should withdraw picketing for a period of four months.

Christians Respond To Picketers.

The campaign of picketing foreign cloth undertaken by the Desh Sevika Sangh is yielding good results.

In consequence of an arrangement arrived at between the authorities of the Mulji Jetha Market and the Sevika Sangh, picketers placed at this market have been withdrawn since Friday morning. It is understood that cloth merchants of this market have agreed not to import foreign cloth after a certain period. The Mangaldas Cloth Market is still being picketed. The Sevika Sangh has extended its activities to other parts of Bombay.

A party of picketers invaded Girgaum and Sandhurst Road on Friday morning. Two pickets are placed in many foreign cloth shops at Girgaum. They are engaged in peaceful pursuit of exhorting people to shun foreign cloth. Shops displaying fancy foreign cloth articles and wearing apparel on Sandhurst Road are practically plying no trade owing to picketing activities.

A picketer narrating her experiences said that even Christian ladies responded to their appeal and went back without buying foreign goods, but some militant Parsi ladies were adamant and would not listen to them.

These shops are being patronised mostly by Parsis. The Sevika have now placed Parsi picketers at these shops and the response is said to have improved considerably.

SEVIKA'S SWADESHI CAMPAIGN.

A crowded meeting of the women of Mandvi was held at Wadgadi, Dariasthan on Friday afternoon, presided over by Mrs. Ratanben Mehta.

Ratanben, Rambai Kamdar and Kantaben Khandwalla spoke on the burning problems of the day. They laid stress on ladies taking their equal share in the present struggle.

Rambai Kamdar spoke on the liquor question and explained that both Hindu and Muslim religions forbade the use of liquor and it was the duty of ladies to ... to religion and Kantaben exhorted them to take a vow never ... put on foreign cloth, but to ... yarn and produce Khadi ... whole audience responded ... president's appeal to ... Swadeshi pledges.

Thousands of Citizens

have been daily visiting

THE

Bombay Students' Brotherhood Swadeshi Bazaar

at MADHAV BAUG, C. P. Tank.

Are you one of them?

If not, Visit it To-day,

BETWEEN 3 P. M. AND 10 P. M.

Your attention is specially drawn to

Messrs. E. D. SASSOON & CO.'S STALL,

(THE FIRST STALL ON THE GROUND FLOOR.)

VILLE PARLE CITIZENS CONDEMN OFFICIAL EXCESSES.

(From A Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, May 30.

A meeting of the citizens of Vile Parle was held in Tilak Chowk on Thursday evening to protest against the repressive policy of the Government carried on in the name of law and order when speeches were made condemning the treatment meted out to the Satyagrahies who defied the unjust laws of the Government.

Mr. Girjashanker B. Trivedi, who presided over the meeting, narrated what excesses in the name of law and order were perpetrated when peaceful and unarmed Satyagrahis by Government officials at various places. He exhorted those who could not join in the active fight to take to Khadi and village reconstruction work.

Mr. Bhadakamkar declared that the Satyagrahis had moral grounds to commit breach of law that they considered unjust but the Government had no such excuse to break their own laws when dealing with the Satyagrahis.

MRS. MUNSHI & WADALA RAID.

AN UNAUTHORISED REPORT.

(Through Satyagraha Committee).

It is reported in a Vernacular newspaper that Mrs. Munshi is to lead a batch of Women Volunteers to raid Wadala on Sunday. The said report in entirely false. The Satyagraha Committee has nothing to do with it.

NO CRYING OF HALT.

Independence Is India's Goal.

"Under the auspices of the Lokamanya Seva Sangha, Vile Parle a public meeting was held in the Tilak Chouk on Thursday under the presidentship of Mr. G. B. Trivedi when the following resolution was passed.

"This meeting of the residents of Vile Parle strongly protests against the Government's repressive policy to put down the civil disobedience and boycott movement started by Mahatma Gandhi and further warns Government that this Policy will not at all crush the movement. This meeting further resolves that this struggle will not be discontinued until Independence is achieved."

HINDUSTANI SEVA DAL.

All members of the Hindustani Seva Dal and the affiliated Volunteers Corps are requested to present themselves in their uniforms at the Congress House to-morrow (Sunday) at 6-30 p.m.

NOTICE TO SALT SATYAGRAHIS.

All Salt Satyagrahi Volunteers are hereby informed that the old badges (white) are hereby cancelled and new badges (coloured) are being issued in place of them at the Congress House between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m.

TO-DAY'S PUBLIC MEETING IN GIRGAUM.

Under the auspices of the Girgaum District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Khatau Wadi Portuguese Church. Mr. K. P. Khadilkar will preside. Messrs. Pupala, Dhurandhar and others will speak.

UNTOUCHABLES' MEETING.

A Public Meeting of Untouchables will be held at Chandanwadi Cement Chawl Maidan under presidentship of Dr. Ambedkar to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

DESH SEVIKA SANGHA.

The activities of the Desh Sevika Sangha are being extended from one locality to another. It was suspended for the last two days owing to the recent unfortunate incidents at Bhendi Bazar. Yesturday the Sevikas picketted at Mangaldas Market Mandvi, Vargadi, Pydhoni, Yarn Market, Dharni Road and Girgaon locality. Picketting is suspended for the time being at the Mulji Jetha Laxmidas and Bhuleshwar markets.

SWADESHI BAZAR.

AT

MADHAV BAUG C. P. TANK.

Daily 3 to 10 p.m.

Every day the number of Stalls have to be increased to satisfy the demands of the Dealers in indigenous goods.

You are invited to enjoy Delightful Music under the direction of Prof. B. R. Deodhar and spend a pleasant evening at "LE RENDEZVOUS"

DO NOT FAIL TO VISIT IT.

FOUND.

A second class quarterly Season ticket between Bandra and Church Gate Station in the name of Miss Sooni Patel. Owner would get it from the Secretary to the Editor "Chronicle" office during 11 and 5 any week days except Saturday and Sunday.

A Galco octagon wrist watch with chain found during Parsi procession on Thursday. Owner would get it from the Secretary to the Editor "Chronicle" office, during office hours 11 to 5 on week days except Saturday and Sunday.

THE PARSI PROCESSION.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—We have witnessed many a processions in Bombay but let us please give vent to our feelings and impression that the procession of Parsis which passed by Mumbadevi last evening was the most impressive and orderly for which we heartily congratulate not only the organisers but also the Zoroastrian community with the largest attendance of Parsi ladies taking part therein.—Yours etc.,

W. T. HALAI,
Doongarshi Sewaiks.

"THE YOUNG LIBERATOR."

Though "The Young Liberator" was able to secure the services of a press, the imprisonment of its editor Mr. H. D. Rajah, who is at present serving his sentence in the Thana District Prison, necessitated the new printer and publisher to file a fresh declaration before the magistrate. When the new printer appeared before the magistrate he was asked to deposit a security of Rs. 1,000. As a protest against this, the Manager of the "Young Liberator" has decided to cease publication temporarily.

Latest Cotton Prices.

NEW YORK MARKET. OCTOBER.

New York, May 30.

New York market is closed.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, May 30.

Previous Closing Rate	7.89
To-day's Opening Rate	7.90
Difference	plus .01
To-day's Closing Rate	7.89
Difference	unchgd.

Broach expectations Rs. 254

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

	London, May 30.
Silver Ready	17 9 0
Highest	0 0 0
Silver Forward	17 8 0
Highest	0 0 0

Tone of Market:—China India bought.

BOMBAY PRICES.

	Bombay, May 30.
Jeith	50 3 0
Ashad	49 12 0

The VULCAN INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
Head Office, BOMBAY.
INSURE YOUR CARS with the VULCAN Insurance Company, Limited,
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY
PRINCIPAL AGENTS FOR BOMBAY:
1. Messrs. NANJI V. DOSSA & Co., Ismail Building, Fort.
2. Messrs. K. JIVRAJ & Co., Bora Bazar Street, Fort,
3. Messrs. RAHIM JOOSAB & Co., Khatau Bldg., Marine Stree

The Industrial & Prudential
ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE, Jehangir Wadia Building, Fort, BOMBAY.
CONCESSIONS TO SATYAGRAHIS.
In response to an earnest request from our Nationalist clients, we beg to announce the following special privileges for our Policyholders who may be convicted for Political Offences in 1930.
If a Policyholder on whose Policy One full Year's premium has been paid gets convicted for . Political offence as a Satyagrahi and if his Policy lapses while he is in Jail, his Policy will be kept automatically in orce for a period of one year.
This advantage will be given to old Policyholders also whose Policies lapse in the above circumstances and for want of Surrender Values to their credit.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS.
Jehangir Wadia Building, 51, Esplanade Road.
SUNDAY, 1st June, at 6 P.M.
Public Lecture
WHAT IS KARMA?
Karma is not fate.
Man is the Ruler of his Destiny
as a Free Will Being
How to shape our future
Entrance Free No collections
ALL CORDIALLY INVITED.

SPECIAL CLASSES IN SALESMANSHIP AND ADVERTISING
AND
LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE ROUTINE AND CANVASSING
will be started under an Expert from 9th June, 1930. As a limited number of students will be enrolled, intending candidates are requested to apply sharp to avoid disappointment.
BATLIBOI'S
Accountancy Training Institute
YUSUF BUILDING,
CHURCHGATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE HIMALAYA
ASSCE. CO., LTD. (Calcutta).
A Progressive National Life Office.
Paid up Capital Rs. 5,00,000.
Investments in Government securities only.
CHEAP PREMIUM RATES.
GUARANTEED BONUS POLICIES and many other attractive schemes.
INFLUENTIAL MEN WANTED IN UNREPRESENTED AREAS ON EXCEPTIONALLY LIBERAL TERMS.
Apply:—BRANCH MANAGER, Akbar Building, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL
INCOME TAX & SUPER TAX EXPERTS
Sukhadwalla Building, REVELIN STREET,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 22560

INDEPENDENT AND PROSPECTIVE CARRER.
THE COLLEGE OF AMERICAN DENTISTRY, the first of its type institution in Bombay, has commenced enrolling students for another fresh batch. Apply immediately PRINCIPAL, Peerbhoy Mansion, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.
2514

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.
(Established 30 years.)
INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION.
Aspiring students of Commerce should therefore give all attention to the study of SPECIALISED COURSES such as BANK OFFICERS (C. A. I. B.), INSURANCE MANAGERS (A. Ch. I. I.), COMPANY SECRETARIES (F. I. S. A.), and GENERAL COMMERCE COURSES (L. C. C., D. Com., I. M. C.), for which there is an unlimited Field and SPECIALISED ACCOUNTANCY (G. D. A.), may wherever desirable, be tacked in as an additional course, as Accountancy Profession is now getting overcrowded.
TUITION THROUGH POST A SPECIAL FEATURE.
Consult PRINCIPAL DAVAR or apply for prospectus giving details, 80-83, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CLOSE GODOWN
of about 5,500 square feet, behind Grant's Building, Arthur Bunder Colaba, TO BE LET, at Rs. 200 per month.
Apply RAVAL MARBLE FACTORY there on spot.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE
SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1930.

A WARNING.

—:o:—

We wish all success to the mission of peace on which the Indian Merchants' Chamber and its president, Mr. Hoseinbhai Laljee, have embarked. Mr. Laljee has been carrying on conversations with Sir Fredrick Sykes with a view to ascertain the views of Government regarding the terms of a settlement and to secure permission for an interview with Mahatma Gandhi in jail. So far as Gandhiji and the Congress are concerned, their attitude in this connection is as clear and definite to-day as it has been in the past. They seek an honourable settlement—a settlement that will immediately establish "Purna Swaraj" or, as Mahatmaji says, "the substance of Independence." Until that guarantee is forthcoming, with, of course, the release of all political prisoners, no settlement will be acceptable to the country, apart from the fact that the terms of the Lahore resolution preclude Congressmen from accepting such a settlement of the National Demand. While, therefore, appreciating the earnest efforts which Mr. Hoseinbhai is making as a mediator, it is necessary to sound a note of warning betimes that the country will never listen to any course's for whittling down the minimum National Demand, which is 'Purna Swaraj", nothing more and nothing else. If Mr. Hoseinbhoy and his colleagues have any intention of seeing Mahatma Gandhi with a view to secure such whittling down of the National Demand so that the prestige of the Government may be saved, they may as well abandon the idea of seeing him. For he will listen to no such overtures. Peace is bound to come and the bureaucracy will have to bow to popular will sooner than its present mood, as revealed in the promulgation of two more Ordinances by the Viceroy, indicates. It is driven to resort to these desperate and lawless expedients—for "No taxation without redress of grievances" is a perfectly legal and constitutional right of a people which no Ordinance can take away—in the face of the overwhelming "insurgence of India's national and racial aspirations." And its surrender to despair is the proof of its weakening morale.

—:o:—

APOLOGY FOR INQUIRY.

No fair-minded person can blame the Peshawar District Khilafat Committee for declining to co-operate with the Suleman Inquiry Committee that is holding its sittings in Peshawar. The Committee suffers from grave defects in its composition, in its terms of reference and in the general circumstances in which it is holding the Inquiry. It is defective in composition because it is purely official. Two official judges can not enjoy the same confidence as a mixed committee—specially because they were appointed inspite of non-official demand for a mixed committee. And the terms of references are so absurdly narrow that no committee, whether official or non-official, would be able to throw any substantial light on the full facts. The trouble began on April 23, and the city has ever since been virtually under a regime of Martial Law. Not only Peshawar but other towns also of the Province are a "proclaimed" area. Yet the instructions of the committee are to inquire only into the disturbances of April 23. What led to these disturbances shall not be their concern. Nor are they to go into the allegations regarding Military excesses on that day or of official harrassment, to which, the Khilafat Committee asserts, people have been subjected since April 23 and specially since May 4. Similarly incidents in other towns and how they were handled, are also out of their jurisdiction. Justices Suleman and Panckridge must confine themselves to Peshawar and April 23. Could their be a worse parody of a committee of Inquiry?

Nor is that all. It is perforce an ex-parte inquiry. Circumstances, which Government could easily mitigate, have rendered it impossible for the popular side to be represented at the inquiry. Not even a week was given for the preparation of memoranda. Further, as the letter of the Khilafat Committee to the Viceroy says, "the most important witnesses whose evidence from the Committee's point of view is absolutely essential are either serving their terms in jail or are on trial in Fort Peshawar, and it is not possible for the committee to secure their memoranda in due time". Among these are those men also who alone could have arranged for an effective representation of the popular side. But neither they nor people from outside have been allowed any facilities.

In fact the ban on respected persons like Pandit Malaviya and on the Congress Inquiry Committee must strengthen the contention of the Khilafat Committee that owing to panic prevailing as a result of the military blockade people will be unwilling to offer evidence inspite of the Suleman Committee's assurance of protection. Incidentally the Khilafat Committee cites instances of how assurances previously given were not honoured. Officials whose conduct is also the subject of inquiry, although confined to April 23, are in power, newspapers have been suppressed, the Prevention of Seditious Meetings Act is in force, men who could help the people are not permitted to enter the Province. This is the atmosphere in which two judges have been despatched from long distances to hold an inquiry or rather an apology for an iqquiry. The only possible course for the people of Peshawar was to boycott the Committee. The Suleman Committee cannot, with the very best intentions in the world, find out the truth. We would suggest to the Frontier people to place all the material that they can manage in the face of difficulties before the Patel Committee. That Committee, although sitting at Rawalpindi, has a greater chance of success, specially in view of the fact that Government is represented there, even though only by an "Amicus Curae".

THEIR URGENT DUTY.

In their own interest the Government of Bombay should take immediate action on the recommendations made by the inquiry committee instituted by the citizens of Karachi into the police firing there on April 16. This committee consisted of Sind leaders who have enjoyed public confidence and whose findings cannot have the least suspicion of being biassed as they have not participated in the civil disobedience movement. When a committee presided over by Mr. Jamshed Mehta, the "Mayor" of Karachi, a man with a long and distinguished record of civic work behind him, and having as one of its members a veteran Muslim leader like Sheth Haji Abdulla Haroon, declares, after a careful sifting of all the evidence tendered to it during its eleven sittings by a number of witnesses, that no warning of any kind was given before firing was opened on the crowd, that the requirements of Police Regulations were not complied with and that there was no justification for the firing at all, it exposes a state of affairs for which a democratic Government could have had to answer to its masters, the people. An autocratic administration can, at least for the sake of that prestige which seems to be its first concern, take warning from their findings which it will be unable to controvert, and make reparation, as the Committee suggests, to the relatives of those who lost their lives that day and to those who were injured. It must also accept the Committee's very sensible recommendation that "before firing is resorted to in extreme cases, simple warning should be given to the people." The Committee also suggests that "in cities like Karachi a fire brigade hose would be the best medium for dispersal of crowds in a violent mood." We regret to note that recent events all over India have indicated that officialdom is far too prone to rush to the remedy of the bullet than taking recourse to the humane method suggested by the Committee. Let Government be warned that it is indifference of this kind which leads men like Mr. Pahalajani who have given repeated evidence of their anxiety to co-operate with it, to withdraw their co-operation. In his letter of resignation from the Bombay Legislative Council Mr. Pahalajani says that not only is he concerned over the incarceration of Mahatma Gandhi, he is also unable "to view without pain and indignation incidents like the City Magistrate of Karachi ordering police to fire on April 16, from within the verandah in front of the large compound of the Court, then nearly empty, on the crowds, on the public road, 'outside the closed gate,' without warning and at a time long before which breaking of doors had ceased and when the leaders were persuading the crowds to disperse." Is it any wonder if the citizens of Karachi remember April 16, 1930 as a day of frightfelness? What a melancholy commentary are the tragic happenings at Karachi on April 16 on the Viceroy's assumption that there has been no ground to suppose that police excesses have been committed!

TWO QUESTIONS FOR MR. JINNAH.

We cannot have any quarrel with Mr. Jinnah if he refuses to recognise, although even the Secretary of State has done so, any distinction between the Satyagraha movement and sheer lawlessness. For, this movement also "can be interpieted by each individual according to his own mentality and predilections". But it is amazing that he does not acknowledge the nation-wide support that the Congress enjoys to-day. Even Sir Chimanlal Setalwad, Sir Pheroze Sethna and Mr. Jinnah's own lieutenant in the Assembly, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, have borne witnesses to the fact. But not Mr. Jinnah. Well, we wish him joy of his isolated glory, but we assure him that if he has lived in India during the last two months without seeing manifestations of a great "insurgence of national and racial aspirations", then he has lived in vain.

But in his press interview Mr. Jinnah was mainly concerned to save the Round Table Conference and he gallantly set out to clarify the political situation resulting from Mr. Benn's statement. His dialectics, however, would have obscured it still further but for the speech of Earl Russel. Ignoring the context in which Mahatma Gandhi used the phrase "substance of independence" Mr. Jinnah equates it with his own formula "complete Dominion Status at the earliest possible moment." Now this is as dangerously ambiguous as Mr. Baldwin's "fulness of time" and may be interpreted to mean according to Earl Russel "some advance" on the way to Dominion Status. The fact that Mr. Jinnah dealt at length with four points in defence of his formula lends colour to this view. For, some of his four points conflict with the demand for "substance of independence" or, as Mr. Jinnah himself says, "transfer of power" to a legislature responsible to the people.

Mr. Jinnah could easily have discussed at the Round Table Conference foreign relations, States, minorities and defence—let us not forget that Indianisation of control is very different from Indianisation of the army—with the acquisition of the "substance of independence" as the starting point. This Mr. Jinnah does not appear from the general trend of his statement willing to do and yet he claims: "No patchwork, no half-way house will satisfy any honest Nationalist in India to-day." One wonders what he wants to go to the Round Table Conference for. Does Mr. Jinnah still want to know why so much emphasis has been laid on the terms of reference? One more question. Will Mr. Jinnah say Earl Russel's statement does mean clearly that the Round Table Conference has merely been called to discuss,—of course most [illegible] —the construction of a "half-way house?"

GANDHIJI'S ERA: A SUGGESTION.

INDIA'S HOMAGE TO THE SAINTLY LEADER.

(BY LEX).

If the province of history is to register truthfully the acts of mankind, Indian historians of the future will surely mark the current times as the Gandhiji Era. Pre-eminently Mahatma Gandhi stands to-day as the guide, philosopher and friend and the faithful representative of the Indian people. He is, however, much more than that. His word and deed and his Satyagraha both in theory and practice have produced a profound impression on friend and foe alike, far beyond the confines of India. Whatever the end of the present political struggle may be, whether India emerges a free country or a slave country, she can justifiably be proud of having given Gandhiji to the world.

GANDHI YEAR ONE.

The teachings of Gandhiji are writ large in all the four corners of the country and they will endure for many generations to come. Particularly the doctrine of non-violence and Satyagraha for which he has made himself responsible is a valuable contribution to world peace. I beg therefore to suggest to his many followers a channel in which their profound love, and reverence for and sense of gratefulness to the saint of Sabarmati may find worthy expression. Briefly, I suggest that a new era, to be called the Gandhiji era should be adopted, commencing from Kartak sud 1st Samvat 1986. Thus the present year should be counted as Gandhiji year One and the following years should be called Gandhiji year Two, Gandhiji year Three, etc.

The object of chronology is to arrange and exhibit the various events which occur in the history of a nation in the order of their succession and to ascertain the intervals of time between them. As soon as political relations begin to be established, the necessity of preserving a register of passing seasons and years is keenly felt. There can, however, be no exact computation of time or placing of events without a fixed time or epoch from which the reckoning takes its start.

HISTORICAL PRECEDENTS.

If we refer to the histories of other countries we find that the reckoning has generally been by succession of kings, priests, magistrates, etc., and eras have been started to commemorate victories and conquests, battles or religious schisms. The era of Martyrs was so denominated in commemoration of the persecution of the Christians. The era in use among the Turks, Arabs and other Mahomedan nations is that of the 'Hejra,' the flight of the Prophet from Mecca to Medina, July 16 622 A.D. The Persian era begins with the elevation of Yaxdezerd III to the throne of Persia on the 16th June 632 A.D. Since the year 163 B.C. the Chinese have adopted the practice of dating the year from the accession of the reigning emperor. In Ceylon, Burma, and Siam a reckoning styled Buddhayarsha exists, purporting to run from the death of Buddha. The Jains maintain a reckoning from the death of the founder of their faith, Mahavira in 528 B.C. In the history of Babylonia, the point from which time was reckoned was the era of Nabonassar, 747 B.C. Among the Greeks the reckoning was by Olympiads (reference to Olympic Games) commencing 776 B.C. The Roman chronology started from the foundation of the city in 753 B.C. The Romans employed two sorts of years, the civil year which was used in the transaction of public and private affairs and the consular year, according to which the annals of their history have

(Continued from next page.)

WHERE DO WE COME IN?

INDIAN NATIONALISM IGNORES THE PASSING SHOW.

(BY OSIRIS.)

Mr. Wedgwood Benn deserves to be congratulated on so superbly, if, of course, unconsciously (or would it not be better to say, subconsciously in consideration of that platitudinous 'cliche' about the character of British Imperialism in India that punctuates his statement?) vindicated the whole attitude of Indian nationalism in its present phase of resistance and the Indian Press, which has been defining that attitude in exact and clear terms ought really to express its debt of gratitude to the Secretary of State for India for having acted upto its forecast of the Indian 'debate.'

DISCONSOLATE LITTLE ONES.

The Anglo-Indian Press e[illegible]gy, done to the standardised pat[illegible] of hack-leader-writing, as well[illegible] confession of disappointme[illegible] those eternal optimists, [illegible] called Indian Liberals (w[illegible] how make one confound [illegible] cal creed with the lucrat[illegible] hunting), furnishes fur[illegible] proof that the National[illegible] enhanced its total p[illegible] gained in dignity and[illegible] refusing to regard Mr[illegible] benevolent Santa Cla[illegible] taken in by, or pre[illegible] the imbecile talk [illegible] Table Conference[illegible] statement has bu[illegible] bubble of the chi[illegible] the so-called In[illegible] the 'I told you s[illegible] ly too cheap bu[illegible] dulgent repro[illegible] fered to the u[illegible] we are not s[illegible] ble of optimi[illegible] ing blown. [illegible] said and d[illegible] be recogni[illegible] game of m[illegible] ed as bes[illegible] the diffe[illegible] taking p[illegible] of the [illegible] to that [illegible] MAKE[illegible]

Thu[illegible] he o[illegible] could[illegible] pou[illegible] sta[illegible] for[illegible] m[illegible] u[illegible] a[illegible]

that has been set up by the power he pretends to condemn? Should we insult Mr. Benn's qualities of intellect, imagination and sensibility by suggesting that he has not grasped the exact poitical position in India in its minutest detail as much as, shall I say, Mr. Brockway or Mr. Brown or that he is so simple-minded as to swallow the interested interpretation of Indian events contained in the official communications?

'EDUCATION.'

The fallacy, indeed, that everything would be well only if the work of 'education' about Indian affairs were pushed right into Parliament should be exposed; the fallacy arises out of either the stupidity or cunning and hypocrisy of those who are too good practitioners of the philosophy of bread [illegible]d cheese to care for your moral [illegible]ples about the principles of [illegible] or wrong, truth or falsehood. We must remember that [illegible]nt men who raised their [illegible] the occasion of the de[illegible]championship of a people [illegible] slavery has been im[illegible] not been moved to do [illegible]f being better in[illegible]ucated' about Indian [illegible]n the majority of [illegible] whom it pays to [illegible]an policy of which [illegible] spokesman; the [illegible] as well posted [illegible]eal Indian con[illegible]

[illegible]ion on our [illegible] the quintes[illegible]mand; it is [illegible]and con[illegible]abianisms. [illegible] difference [illegible]ggadio of [illegible]ll-witted, [illegible]e self[illegible] (both [illegible] frank[illegible]h tra[illegible]) and [illegible]hable[illegible] And [illegible] what [illegible]vocal [illegible]ians [illegible]n to [illegible]nce. [illegible]ndia [illegible]er[illegible]ide [illegible]ples [illegible]uld [illegible] of [illegible]ng [illegible]k [illegible]? [illegible]d [illegible]ut [illegible]- [illegible]t

action. The strength of Indian Nationalism must be sustained not by any external agency of British 'good-will" but by its utter conviction and courage and sense of justice.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

The Certificate.

We have repeatedly pointed out that the MacDonald Government's assurance to the Opposition that on the subject of India, there would be kept "united front," that India would continue to be considered outside party politics has given great satisfaction to the Tories and the Liberal Imperialists. This "united conspiracy" against India is warmly welcomed by the Tory Press and the latest certificate to the Labour Government comes from the "Sunday Times." This journal is jubilant over the fact that in Parliament "the Left who might be tempted in other circumstances to imperil national solidarity find themselves saddled with the responsibility of Government" and it certifies that their conduct in regard to India "has, so far, given no cause for apprehension." The "Sunday Times" is delighted over the break-down of the Egyptian negotiations. On this "Imperial issue" the MacDonald Government, it is glad to note, "stood firm" and it expects them to do the same in regard to India.

A Serious Discovery.

An imposing collection—we had almost said mob—of certified great men, knights, companions, members and Khan Bhadurs, otherwise "we, the Muslim members of the Punjab Legislative Council" has marched to the press to "re-state their views with reference to matters that are the subject of political controversy." The statement begins with the usual homage to law and constituted authority, although some of these gentlemen were not unfavourable to the idea of breaking the law against early marriages and thus defying constituted authority. But that is neither here nor there. What is really serious is that they have discovered "one of the main causes underlying the unrest" in the N. W. F. P., to wit, "their legitimate political aspirations have been consistently ignored by Government." And they have further discovered that "stable and peaceful administration" is not possible without satisfying those aspirations. We welcome this dual discovery and we trust they will also presently discover that the "unrest in the whole of India which they condemn, is similarly due to legitimate "political aspirations" remaining unsatisfied and "stable and peaceful administration" is not possible without political satisfaction.

Beware Of Your Demands.

We also fully sympathise with their demand that Muslim "political, secular and religious rights .....must be fully secured and guaranteed in a manner and to an extent commensurate with the political importance status and traditions of the great community and acceptable to the community." It is a just demand. The law will allow it and the courts will award it: provided these rights are commensurate with the just requirements of the country, other communities and those very minor affairs, labour and peasantry. But we warn the Muslim councillors of the Punjab that they are committing themselves far too much. The Simon Report is about to be published and if, Muslim "demands" are not substantially met it would be very embarrassing, indeed, and their knighthoods and Khan Bahadurships would verily be in danger. For, will there not be "unrest" among Mussalmans, thus rendering "stable and peaceful administration impossible"?

Discretion, The Better Part.

The House of Lords have evidently remembered the wisdom of the old adage that discretion is the better part of valour and avoided coming into conflict with the House of Commons over the Coal Bill. They must have recognised the utility of exercising this discretion when on the day they were to consider the third reading of the Bill, the Lord Chancellor announced that the Government were not prepared to accept a substantial portion of the Lord's amendments. They passed the measure. During the second reading stage Lord Melchett had participated in the chorus of disapproval against it although he welcomed the amalgamation proposals and the Tory leaders had denounced it in unmeasured terms. The change of front indicates that the hostile majority in the Lords are afraid to face an issue with the Labour Government over a piece of domestic legislation, the rejection of which by them would have raised a storm of protest in the country.

Same Complaint.

"How's your car running?"
"Not so good. I can't keep it throttled down."
"How's your wife?"
"She's about the same."

POONA DAY BY DAY.

FOREST SATYAGRAHA.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
POONA, May 29.

Only the preliminary preparations have begun regarding forest Satyagraha. An 'ashrama' has been started at Sangamner, a small Committee has been appointed and a few workers are studying the situation. At Vadgaon also near Poona, no organisation had been set up. But only two propagandists were doing a little educative work with respect to the forest grievances. At once they were arrested and placed before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate at Khandala, who sentenced them to six months' rigorous imprisonment for inciting people to break the Forest Laws. The names of the Satyagrahis are Mr. Joshi and Mr. Karve.

MR. BAPAT'S TOUR.

Mr. S. V. Bapat, the tireless village-propagandist of the Tilak Memorial Trust, had selected, this time, the Nasik district for his tour. He visited about 20 important places and lectured at as many places mostly on "Swaraiya —the goal and the means." He has just finished this district and now goes to the West Khandesh and the East Khandesh districts. His experience in the villages was that there was tremendous enthusiasm for public meetings at all places. Formerly, people in the villages had to be persuaded not without great difficulty to attend meetings. But now he found that people poured in large numbers at the meeting places. Secondly there was abounding enthusiasm for Mahatma Gandhi and the Salt Satyagraha. Almost all the Taluka places had sent their leaders to the jail. For it appeared that no political movement was allowed to penetrate the masses. Everywhere, the people had become fearless and were prepared to face any suffering for the cause of the Motherland.

THE "CHRONICLE" IN POONA.

For the present, the "Bombay Chronicle" is very popular in Poona. The news-boys have boycotted the "Times" and even those who used to purchase the "Times" with their morning tea, have begun to read "The Chronicle" which, they admit, supplies the Satyagraha news more fully than any other paper. In the noon, when the "Chronicle" arrives in the city, it is sold like hot cakes.

The Additional Sessions Judge tried one Ugale for murdering one Koli by name Mahadu. The jury found him not guilty and he was released.

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas, Mr. Purushottam Trikamdas and Mr. Mahishri were brought to the Yeroda Jail yesterday. Mr. Tulpule saw him at the Poona railway station. All the prisoners seemed to be cheerful.

On Sunday last, the pleasant ceremony of presenting a small purse of about Rs. 600 collected by girls on the Bhau Bij Day was performed in the Sardar Raste Wada.

KHILAFATISTS ARRESTED

"RED SHIRTS" ACTIVE.

—:o:—

PESHAWAR, May 29.

For taking out an unlawful procession of their two comrades, about ten Khilafatists have been arrested in Peshawar. The "Red Shirt" activities have increased in Mardan and the police, assisted by troops, have arrested a number of the "Red Shirts."

In the village of Tucker, close to the village where Mr. Murphy was killed, two houses have been burnt down.—A. P.

LAHORE CONGRESS SECRETARY ARRESTED.

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 29.

Mr. A. C. Bali, Secretary Lahore Congress Committee, has been arrested under Section 108 and taken to Kasur. He will be tried by Mr. S. Rajindra Singh, First Class Magistrate.—A. P.

"Conspiracy" Case Adjourned To 11th June.

—:o:—

JULLUNDUR, May 29.

The hearing of the "Conspiracy" cas was resumed to-day in the Jail when Mr. Parkinson, Principal of the Central Training College and the Assistant Jailor were examined. The case was adjourned till 11th June.—A. P.

Graduates' Swadeshi Pledge.

—:o:—

Mr. Dhemant H. Vyas has signed the Graduates Swadeshi Pledge.

Pamhplets Proscribed.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 30.

"Satyagrahi Gan," or the songs of Satyagrahis, a Hindi pamphlet and "Bangalar Yuba Bandhugan" or the young friends of Bengal, a Bengali pamphlet, have been proscribed by the Bengal Government on the ground that they are seditious.—Free Press.

ARRESTS AT PACHHAPUR.

—:o:—

(From a Correspondent.)
PACHHAPUR
(M. S. M. Ry.), May 29.

To-day at 3 p.m. a police party drove up in 5 armoured lorries and arrested 7 persons, viz., Khadirsaib Shaikshankar Joshi Baswanappa Kotgi, Jambu Bhadali Dasharat Mirji Omkar Gottadki, Gurunning Teli, under sections 144, 527, 447.

—:o:—

SUCCESSFUL PICKETING AT MEERUT.

MEERUT, May 29.

Picketing of foreign cloth shops was started this morning by men and women volunteers amidst much enthusiasm. Almost all the shop keepers of the Cantonment, and 19 shop keepers of the City have agreed to all the conditions of the picketers and the rest of the shops are vigorously picketed.

Ten Satyagrahi Volunteers sold salt before the Tahsil. Their signboard was snatched away by the Police. The Volunteers were found seated before the Tahsil since this morning.—Free Press.

NO WATER OR FOOD FOR HOURS.

(Continued from page 1.)

sar Station by policemen, and were released at Bu sar Station.

NEITHER FOOD NOR WATER FOR DHARASANA SATYAGRAHIS.

NAVSARI, May 29.

Mr. Chuganlal Joshi, who is now in charge of the Dharasana campaign, interviewed said that Dharasana being an All-India question, the campaign would be continued at all cost. There was no question of crying a halt.

The organisers, he said, had to face an unexpected situation as the Government had been taking advantage of the non-violent and straightforward attitude of the Satyagrahis.

Yesterday, for instance, a batch from Ahmedabad was arrested at Untadi. The second batch, under the leadership of Mr. Balvantrai Thakore was detained at Dharasana but the rest of the Satyagrahis were marched to Dungari Station in the scorching sun.

WALK BACK.

There the Commissioner, Mr. Garrat, for reasons best known to him, ordered them to walk back to Dharasana, a distance of three miles, which to the best of my knowledge, the Commissioner had no authority to do.

Late in the evening, the volunteers were again paraded to Dungari Station and under the false pretext of arrest, they were entrained at Dungari for an unknown destination. The Railway authorities have abdicated their powers in favour of the Police Officers.

NO FOOD: NO WATER.

When the volunteers protested against their not getting any food and water, they were assured that they would get them at Surat. At Surat no officer took any notice of them or supplied them with food.

The four constables that had accompanied the volunteers, either under orders or on their own account released them. The guard was taking his instructions from the Police Constables. Government's intention of tiring out the volunteers was apparent.—Free Press.

APPEAL TO GUJARAT COLLEGE STUDENTS.

Not To Attend College.

AHMEDABAD, May 29.

The Acting Secretary of the Gujerat College Students' Union in the course of an appeal to the students of the Gujerat College says:—

At this juncture when the best amongst us whom we worshipped as leaders and nation builders are in jails, we should not sit in the classes and bear the shame and ignominy of being disloyal to our country's cause. We have worked wonders in bringing down the vanity of a bureaucrat by a most brave struggle for forty days. We were then crowned with success. Why should not we now join the present fight for national freedom? I appeal to all to see that when the Colleges reopens none of us goes back to it."
Free Press.

DELHI MERCHANTS' THREAT TO STIFFEN BOYCOTT.

Resentment Aroused By Charge Of Intimidation.

—:o:—

DELHI, May 27.

Resentment has been aroused among local merchants by the statement of the President of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce that boycott resolutions were secured by intimidation. The Auto-parts Dealers' Association, Delhi, held a meeting last evening to protest against the statement and passed the following resolution unanimously.

"We emphatically protest and condemn the false impression created by the statement made by the President, Herbert Lee of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, that there was ample evidence that great majority of well-reputed Indian Traders did not support the policy of boycott and that boycott resolutions had been secured by intimidation".

It was further resolved that if events in India continue as at present and the Government of India stick to the policy of ruthless repression, Martial Law and Ordinances, this Association will be painfully compelled to stiffen the boycott of British goods and add to it boycott of British banks, British Shipping and Insurance, etc.

The following telegram was sent to Mr. Herbert Lee, President of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce.

"Motor Parts Dealers' Association emphatically protest against falsity of your statement that great majority of well reputed Indian traders do not support the policy of boycott of British goods and that boycott resolutions had been secured by intimidation. Every member of our Association has voluntarily contributed to boycott and we have further resolved that if events in India continue as at present and Government adhere to barbarous methods in dealing with it the boycott will be further stiffened.—Free Press.

AN ERROR—EXPLAINED.

East Indian Association.

Matharpacady, May 30th, 1930.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—Our attention is drawn to a contribution in yesterday's "Chronicle". as "from a correspondent" concerning certain resolutions alleged to have been passed at an extraordinary meeting of the Managing Committee of the East Indian Association. The facts are these:—

A requisition was made to the Secretary to convene a meeting of the Managing Committee of the Association for the purposes of considering certain propositions. Under the rules there was no option but to convene a meeting. This meeting was held on the 23th instant. One of the resolutions ran as follows— "that a letter be addressed to the Government of Bombay stating that the Bombay East Indian Association, representing 70,000 East Indians, of Bombay Salsette and Bassein reaffirms its loyalty to the British Crown and declares that the community is not in sympathy with the Independence movement, and that it is prepared to give every assistance to put down anarchy, rebellion and disorder and to range itself on the side of peace and good Government."

It is not true that this proposition was passed. As a matter of fact an amendment to refer the proposition to the Consulting Board for disposal was passed. The Consulting Board has not yet met.

Another proposition ran as follows "that in view of His Excellency the Viceroy shortly selecting the personnel of the Round Table Conference, a memorial be immediately sent by our Association to His Excellency requesting him to see that the East Indian Community is represented at the said Conference to be held in London for the discussion of the Indian Constitutional Reforms."

One of the four requisitionists who moved this resolution asked leave to substitute the word "The East Indian community," in the proposition for the words "Indian Catholic community," and also added the name of Mr. Joseph Baptista, but even in its modified form it was not passed but only referred to the Consulting Board for disposal.

The Association 'qua' Association has not even heard of "any recruitment of a Catholic volunteer corps to help the Police" so far as the East Indian community is concerned.

In our capacity as officials of the Association we are only concerned to set matters right as far as any action of the Association is concerned.—Yours, etc.

JOSEPH BAPTISTA.
President,
Bombay East Indian Association.
JOS-ALEX-DIAS.
Secretary,
Bombay East Indian Association.

HEAVY SENTENCES FOR BENGAL CONGRESSMEN.

Mukti Editor Given One Year.

Sjt. Jibanlal Pandit, Secretary, Burra Bazar civil disobedience council was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment for publishing two leaflets without the name of the press.

The East India Association was closed at mod-day to-day in honour of the incarceration of Sjt. Jibanlal Pandit, who was its former Secretary.

Sjt Phanibhusan Dasgupta, Editor of tre vernacular weely "Mukti" at Purulia has been sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment under Section 108 Cr. P. C. for writing seditious articles.

Sjt. Atulchandra Kumar, a prominent Congress worker at Malda was sentenced under Section 117 I.P.C. to 15 months' simple imprisonment.—Free Press.

CONGRESS SECRETARY SUMMONED.

CALCUTTA, May 30.

Sjt. Harikumar Chakravarty, Secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee was summoned to appear before the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the Press Act for issuing hartal notice without the name of the press being printed on it. But as Mr. Chakravarty refused to comply with this order a warrant was issued at noon to-day to compel attendance.—Free Press.

SYLHET, May 30.

The Director of Public Instruction has circularised to the guardians directing them to furnish bonds on behalf of their wards undertaking not to allow them participating in picketing, hartals, processions and the boycott movement generally.

NOT TO HELP SATYAGRAHIS.

Navsari Suba's Order.

BULSAR, May 30.

The Suba of Navsari has issued a notice to the public saying that they should not help Satyagraha volunteers going to Dharasana.—Free Press.

ASSEMBLY SESSION IN JULY.

SIMLA, May 30.

It is understood that an Assembly session will be held in the first week of July.—A. P.

DERBY ACCEPTANCES.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 28.

Following twenty-three horses have accepted for Derby and comprise probable field:—

Trews (R. Dick).
Sponger (R. Perryman).
Silver Flare (Elliott).
Sea Rover (J. Brennan).
Caerleon (Weston).
Ballyferis (Canty).
Grand Salute (Gordon Richards)
Diolite (Cecil Ray).
Rustom Pasha (Beary).
Blenheim (H. Wragg).
Strongbow (Pat Beasley).
Parthenon (J. Leach).
Noble Star (Harry Beasley).
Iliad (R. Jones).
Adlon (Steve Donoghue)
Scout Second (Joe Childs).
Dick Swiveller or Parenthesis (Fred Fox.)
Cartello (Blank).
Lansdowne (Blank).
Bargany (Blank).
Seer (Blank).
Tetragem (Blank).

Following is the latest Derby betting:—Four to one against Diolite 7/1 Rustom Pasha, 100/9 Silver Flare, 100/7 Trews, 20/1 Iliad, 25/1 Noble Star.—Reuter.

Alterations In Probables.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 29.

The following are alterations in probables:—

Sea Rover (M. Wing); Cartello (H. Gravies); Grand Salute (Clifford Richards); Lansdowne (Gordon Richards); Bargany (Carslake); Strongbow (Blank); Seer (Jelliss); Tetragem (A. Wragg); Adlon (F. Winter); Dick Swiveller (Pat Beasley); and Pare Thesis (Fox).

BEAUFORT CLUB CALL-OVER.

The following is the Beaufort Club call-over on Derby:—

Three to one against Diolite (taken and offered); six to one Rustom Pasha (offered; 13/2 taken) 100/9 Silver Flare (offered 100/8 taken), 100/8 Ballyferis and Trews (offered); 100/6 Blenheim (offered 20/1 taken), 20/1 Caerleon (tanen and offered); 20/1 Iliad Noble Star and Scout Second: 25/1 Parenthesis' (offered).—Reuter.

Australians Beat Oxford University.

LONDON, May 29.

In a cricket match between the Oxford University and Australians at Oxford which began yesterday, the Australians beat Oxford University by an innings and 158 runs. The following are scores:—Australians 406 for two and declared, Oxford University 124 and, following on, made 124.—Reuter.

NO ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE WITHOUT GANDHIJI.

Parsi Protest Against Punchayat's Unauthorised Move.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—We have read the memorial addressed by the trustees of the Bombay Parsi Panchayet Funds in the name of the Parsi community asking His Excellency the Viceroy to bear in mind the claims of the community to a representation on the Round Table Conference.

We submit that the trustees have no right or authority to speak in the name of the community on any matter except the administration of the funds and properties vested in them. We, therefore, believe and have to declare that this is an unfortunate move at the present juncture. We beg to dissociate ourselves from such a representation; and are honestly of the opinion that so long as the Nation as a whole does not entertain or accept the idea of a Round Table Conference, Parsis should refrain, in the interests of all concerned, from all attempts at participation in the proposed palavers.

While the bane of communalism is doing so much to retard the political advancement of India, those who have the interests of the country at heart cannot possibly join in a movement which savours undoubtedly of communalism, intentional or otherwise.

Our protest does not seek to convey that no Parsi should sit at the Round Table. He certainly may, if he so chooses. But under no circumstance shall he go there as a representative of the community to safeguard communal interests.—Yours, etc.,

P. A. Wadia, M.A.
Goshup M. S. Captain.
Burjorji F. Bharucha.
D. N. Bahadurji, Bar-at-Law.
K. K. Suntoke, Advocate.
Rustomji P. Bharucha, Solicitor.
Sohrab B. D. Banaji, Bar-at-Law.
K. K. Dadachanji, M.R.C.S.
K. D. Ghaswala, Advocate.
D. K. Daji, Solicitor.
F. M. Vachha, Solicitor.
R. K. R. Cama, Solicitor.
Dinshah M. Gagrat, L.M. & S.
N. A. Thoothi, B.A., LL.Phil.
J. S. Kanga, Solicitor,
and many others.

P.S.—A resolution was also passed in terms of the above letter at a meeting held on the terrace of the Theosophical Society on the 28th instant of Parsi ladies and gentlemen numbering over 1,000, presided over by Bai Goshusp M. S. Captain, granddaughter of Dadabhai Naoroji.

Bombay, May 30.

GANDHIJI'S ERA: A SUGGESTION.

(Continued from previous page.)

been composed. In the era of Rome, the commencement of the year was placed at the 21st of April. The epoch or beginning of the Christian Era was the first of January in the Fourth year of the 194th Olympiad, the 753rd from the foundation of Rome and the 4714th of the Julian period. The Christian epoch was introduced in Italy in the sixth century and began to be used in England about the seventh century. History similarly records numerous other eras of Constantinople, Alexandria, Antioch, Macedonia, Tyre, Caesars, Augustus, etc. In India it appears from the edicts of Asoka that the years of the reign of each successive king, were found sufficient for the public dating of proclamations and the record of events. In some cases, however, under the influence of filial piety, pride in ancestry, loyalty to a paramount sovereign, or some such other motive, the successor of some king continued the regnal reckoning of his predecessor. Having thus run for two reigns, the reckoning was sufficiently established to continue in the same form eventually to develop into a generally accepted local era. Besides the Kaliyuga Era of 3102 B.C. which reckoning was devised for astronomical purposes, there are two eras largely adopted in India for civil purposes, viz., the Vikrama Era of 58 B.C. and the Saka or Shalivahan Era of 78 A.D. It is the opinion of experts that there never were historical persons of the names of Vir Vikrama of Ujjain or king Shalivahan who are popularly believed to be the founders of the respective eras. It is, however, not proposed that these eras should be terminated or in any way disturbed. What is suggested is that along with the Samvat era, should be introduced the Gandhiji era, dating from the current Samvat Year, the months and days being for the sake of convenience, kept the same as in the Samvat Year. In this manner, the name of Mahatma Gandhiji and his movement of Satyagraha will go down to posterity, gathering volume with lapse of years and entering into the very life of Indians, with all that the names imply.

EXAMPLE TO THE WORLD.

It cannot be denied that the events which are daily occurring in India and the times of intense trial through which she is passing, require to be carefully and faithfully chronicled with a national background for her future sons and daughters to know and appreciate. The present year is teeming with events of the very highest importance to the destiny of India and through it, of the world. Still greater events are about to follow. It is just that the epoch should be immortalised by special era. The ancient eras were, as explained above generally, associated with war and the rule of force and some of them have mythical origin. What can be more appropriate than that India should have the privilege of starting the Gandhiji Era thereby commemorating not only the man but the inevitable triumph of non-violence over violence, as an example to the world.

APPEAL TO MERCHANTS.

My earnest appeal therefore to all Congress and other national organisations and the public and all mercantile associations in particular, is as follows:—Merchants throughout India, Africa and Burma should be invited to enter the Gandhiji Varsha One along with the Samvat or Shaka Year, at the top of their daily cash books, ledgers and other books of account. Diaries and Almanaks to be printed should give the Gandhiji Varsha also. Gandhiji Varsha should be commenced to be used in all business documents and correspondence both within and without India. Boys and girls should while writing their names on the fly-leaves of their books, be taught to mention the Gandhiji Varsha.

The use of Gandhiji Varsha in all parts of India will have a cohesive effect almost as strong and as good as a common national language. It will help to maintain national self-respect. It will have a significance as great as flying the National Flag. It will remind Indians at every important period of their lives, of their duty as citizens, patriots, lovers of mankind and seekers of truth.

For the information of constitutionalists, it may be stated that there is no law in force which forbids the adoption of Gandhiji Varsha as suggested. It may be contended that there are already two eras in general use in India besides the Christian era. A multiplicity of epochs may not make for precision, but by a natural process and in course of time, it becomes gradually attainable. It should be remembered that in Rome the civil year and the consular year worked simultaneously without causing any difficulty.

I trust that the suggestion made above will receive careful consideration from all who have the interest of Indian nationalism at heart and that practical steps will be taken to give effect to the same.

BOMBAY BATCH ARRESTED AT DUNGRI.

—:o:—

Brought To Bulsar By Next Train And Released.

BULSAR, May 29.
Camp, Untadi).

It has now been arranged by a few select Volunteers in consultation with Miss Maniben Patel that only about ten Volunteers at a time should be kept on the confiscated land in contravention of order section 144 Cr. P.C. and the rest should be kept in reserve, scattered at other places. The moment these are arrested, their places will be filled by equally small number from the reserves. Accordingly only about a dozen Volunteers were sitting to-night in the camp, while others were scattered in different places in the village.

Some of the Volunteers were to-day seen to be busy with preparing bandages under the supervision of the Camp Doctor.

A fresh batch from Bombay side arrived at 8 to-night at Dungri station. Immediately the whole batch consisting of about 25 Volunteers was taken in custody and brought by the next train to Bulsar.—Free Press.

GANDHIJI'S FAVOURITE HYMN.

—:o:—

The following is the English rendering of Mahatmaji's favourite "Vaishnav Jan":—

"Oh God, we are all weaklings. Do not put us to hard test. We have plunged in this war in Thy name. Thou art our last resort whether Thou destroyest us or savest us. Let our faith in thee be constant. Father, Lord, we have been tried too much. The limit has come. It is unbearable. Test us no more. Lend us thy kind hand. We are weak. Give us the strength, always to utter Thy name even when our spirit should be leaving body."

PUT AN END TO HIS LIFE.

Because He Was Not Allowed To Be Satyagrahi.

CAWNPORE BOY MARTYR.

CAWNPORE, May 30.

Lala Hiralal, aged 17, son of Lala Shamlal, a well-known iron merchant of Cawnpore committed suicide by lying under a train, because he was not allowed by his parents to enlist himself as a Satyagraha volunteer. The funeral of the deceased, Hiralal, was attended by a large number of volunteers and public, who sang national songs and shouted "Bande Mataram" and "Shaheed Hiralal-ki-jai."—Free Press.

135 VOLUNTEERS ARRESTED.

Vedaranyam Camp Occupied B Police.

Last evening, 135 volunteers who were occupying Central Satyagriha camp at Vedaranyam were arrested. The articles in the camp were listed out and entrusted to a warder for custody. The approximate value of the articles seized by the Police is about Rs. 3000. The Satyagraha camp is under police guard.

The old mother of one of the volunteers who had herself enlisted as a volunteer insisted on her also being arrested, but she was let off without being arrested.

The National Flag flying over the camp was removed by the police.—Free Press.

TOLL OF BURMA RIOTS.

(Continued from page 1.)

ing. The Governor motored to the affected areas.—A. P.

RANGOON MURDER GANGS' WORK.

174 Dead So Far.

RANGOON, May 30.

The situation this morning has considerably improved. Shops are opening. Police and military precautions, however, continue. Harbour work is at a standstill resulting in congestion of ships. Andhras and Burmans are now moving about freely in the city proper. Dead bodies of eighty-one have been collected from streets and houses. Total deaths due to riots so far ascertained are 174. Last night a gang of Burmese dacoits attempted to loot cargo on boats on the Rangoon River but the timely arrival of police frustrated effort.—A. P.

LOYALTY BY COERCION.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".

Sir,—A correspondent of the name of Adi K. Sett (which sounds suspiciously Indian) has written indignantly to the editor of the "Times of India" in protest against an alleged 'disgusting and shameful insult to His Majesty etc.," of which "a prosperous native who had bought for himself the most expensive seat (at the Excelsior Theatre)" and who was "clad cap-a pie in khaddar" was guilty: it would seem to have consisted in the 'prosperous natives' failing to wait till the British National Anthem was over.

The scandalised Adi K. Sett has suggested that "no opportunity of escape should be given to such disloyal people. Every door should be closed and every passage barred against an exit until the very end of the Anthems. That is the only expedient for such an obnoxious evil."

Will you, now, permit me, sir, to improve on this enterprising suggestion of the "well-bred and educated" Sett by asking that Government should pass a law entitled "Loyalty Enforcement Act" and that due provision be made in it for the operation of Martial Law in case the "natives clad cap-a pie in khaddar" still displayed their ill-breeding and want of education to the horror of the disgusted loyal, alien Adi K. Sett?—Yours, etc

A CINEMA FAN.

Bombay, May 29.

BOYCOTT TITLES.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—So the 3rd. June is near. As usual there would be some more of Rao Sahebs, and Khan Bahadurs, and C.I.E.s, and Sirs, and what nots. I wonder what is the worth of all these titles! To an elderly Maratha gentleman we would fraternally say, "Kai Rao Sahez, kasa ahet?" So he is a Rao Saheb automatically, to my mind, a real one than the one created by the Government. And pray, Sir, (Are YOU not a "Sir", now?), what do you think of Sir so-and-so? If I were to be a "Sir", I would just be a teacher, or a petty boss. If the recipient of the Knighthood is to be called, compulsorily, a "Sir", so the children or subordinates would address you the same.

To be serious, could you not, you would-be-recipients, refuse the titles? Do it, please! This would be a good service to Motherland.—Yours, etc.

A PARSI.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

SCATTERED SHORT COVERING

Quiet But Steady Market.

Bombay, May 30.

With scattered short covering the share market ruled rather steady although general condition was quiet. There was fair amount of transfer business which resulted in small gains in the values of active scrips. Bombay Dyeing opened at Rs. 811 and improved to Rs. 820 but profit-taking depressed prices which closed at 815. Century opened at Rs. 312 and closed at Rs. 316. Fazal opened at Rs. 506 and after advancing to Rs. 512 closed at Rs. 510. Pearls were rather quiet which after opening at Rs. 280 closed at Rs. 278. Tata Hydros opened at Rs. 1181 and after improving to Rs. 1185 receded to Rs. 1177/8. Tata Steel Deds. ruled very steady and after opening at Rs. 291 finished at Rs. 297/8 while ordinary shares closed at Rs. 50. Indian Cements were quiet.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, May 30.

Bombay Dyeing 811, 20, 13, 16, 15.
Century 312, 16.
Colaba 135.
Crescent 110.
Fazul 506, 10, 8, 12, 10.
Indore 377, 76, 77.
Madhowji 46-14.
Nagpur 477, 82, 81.
New Great 220, 22.
Pearl 280, 82, 80, 81, 78.
Simplex 103, 6-14.
Swadeshi 331, 82.
Burma 670, 71.
Hydro 1181, 85, 77.
Tram 131, 31-14.
Deff. 291, 97.
Ord. 49-8, 50-4, 49-12, 50-8, 50.
Bundi 16-10, 12, 10.
Indian 248, 50, 47.
Katni Ord. 183.
Alcock 240, 33.

MILLS.

Bombay, May 30.

100 Ahm. Advance 370.
50 Apollo 4|12.
10 Bom. Cotton P. 3|12.
500 Bom. Cotton 161/4.
250 Bom. Dyeing 815.
250 Bradbury 160.
100 Century 316/4.
100 Central India P. 457.
100 Central India 481/4.
100 Colaba 135.
100 Cooria 160.
100 Crescent 110.
250 Currim 110.
250 Dawn 635.
10 E. D. Sassoon 0-7-6.
100 Elphinstone P. 20.
100 Elphinstone 9|2.
250 Fazulbhoy 510.
100 Finlay 131/4.
1000 Framji Petit 190.
100 Gokak 157/8.
1000 Hindustan 1760.
100 Indore Malwa 377-6.
100 Jamshed Pref. 75.
250 Jamshed 18.
50 Kastoorchand 12
100 Khatau 121/4.
100 Koh-i-noor 182-4.
250 Laxmi 1350.
100 Madhowji 46/14.
250 Madras United 400.
50 Mathuradas 20.
1000 Maneckji Petit 800.
100 Meyer Sassoon 50.
1000 Morarji 600.
50 Mysore 141/4
200 New Great 222/8.
100 New City 77/8.
250 Pabani 180.
250 Pearl 278/12.
100 Phoenix 383,12
10 Premier 0|15|0.
100 Shapurji 6/14.
1000 Sholapur 1650.
250 Simplex 106/14.
100 Swan 130.
100 Swadeshi 382/8.
25 Tata P. 14.
25 Tata 42/8.
500 Vishnu P 587-8.
500 Vishnu 2145.
1000 Western 875.

BANKS.

100/50 Baroda 72/8.
50|25 Central 15/6
£10|5 Eastern 78/8.
500 Imperial 1320.
500|25 Imperial Contr. 320.
100-50 India 90.
Union 3-3 X.D.

CEMENT.

10 Bundi 16/10.
70 Gwalior 83.
250 Indian 247/8.
100 Katni 1st P. 98|8.
100 Katni 2nd P. 100|8.
40 Katni Df. 669.
100 Katni 183-12.
10 Punjab 10/12.
100 Sahabad 143|2 x.d.

INSURANCE.

10 Jupiter P. 9.
15 New India 19|8.
Oriental 1875.
Vulcan 6/14.

ELECTRIC.

100 Ahmedabad 125.
1000 Andhra Val. P. 980.
100 Andhra Val. P. 670
50 Bom. Tram. P. 63-8.
50 Bom. Tram 131|14.
1000 Tata Hydro 1030.
1000 Tata Hydro Ord. 1177/8.
1000 Tata Power 556-4.
1000 Tata Power 555/8.

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahm. Prantej 812.
100 Amritsar Patti 1100.
100 Central Province 90-8.
100 Dho. Barramati 95/8.
100 Guzrat 73-0.
90 Mandra Bhon 58.
500 Tapti Valley 673/12.

MINING.

10 Central India 2-8.
10 Shivrajpur 12.
150 Tata Steel 1 p. 135.
100 Tata Steel 2 p. 66/12.
30 Tata Steel D. 297/8.
75 Tata Steel 49-4.

MISCELLANEOUS.

1000 Alcock 236/4.
80 Bom. Uganda 20-0.
250 Bom. Steam 205.
250 Bom. Steam 201/4.
250 Bombay Telephone 55.
8 s. Brit. B. Petrol 3/11/6.
125 Bom. Burma Old 671/4.
50 Bom. New 257-8.
100 Ind. Bleaching 130.
15 Scindia 9/12.

"Karachi Weekly Share Market Report."

—:o:—

Messrs. Gulab and Co., have issued the following weekly report dated Karachi May 27th:—

Government Securities:—

There has been no material change in the prices of the securities. The 3½ per cent. and 5 per cent. 1945-55 have fluctuated within narrow range while other issues have remained steady. The business has been small and uninteresting.

The feature of the week has been the issue of 6 per cent. £7 million sterling loan redeemable at par in 1933-35. The same was kept open for two days and stood over subscribed. The allotment has been made at 1 to 3. With Bank of England rate down to 3 per cent. it has been a matter of surprise that the loan should have been raised at such a high rate of interest.

Railway shares:—

Very little interest has been taken in this section and the prices have remained steady. Larkhanas and Upper Sinds have been on offer and the business is only possible at the buyers prices. Sind Lights are wanting but the sellers are scarce.

Electric shares:—

This section has remained active. Karachi Electrics continue to change hands at Rs. 150/. Hyderabads have come to business at Rs. 137/8 while Ajmers have ceased to command the market.

In Tata Hydro section considerable buying is noticeable in Andhra Valley and Tata Powers on investment account. The monthly earnings of the two companies show satisfactory progress and both appear to be cheap at the present prices of about Rs. 670/ and 555/ and should prove attractive look up investments.

Name of the Company.	Present Value.
Sind Lights	50-0-0
Sind Lighterage	130-0-0
Larkhana Jacobabad	87-0-0
Upper Sinds	73-0-0
Karachi Electrics	150-0-0
Hyderabad Electrics	137-8-0
Ajmer Electrics	10-0-0
6 p.c. Karachi Port Trust	104-8-0
Karachi Flour Mills	150-0-0
India Flour Mill	100-0-0
Century Flour Mill	80-0-0

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, May 29.

Demand Bills 485.75

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, May 29.

Cottonseed Bombay, Ton:—
Sellers Quoted May-June £6-10-0.

Castorseed Bombay, Ton:—
Sellers May-June £15-0-0.

Rapeseed, Toria, Ton:—
Sellers May-June £15-7-6.

LINSEED.

London, May 29.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London), Ton:
Sellers May-June £18-17-6.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London), Ton:
Sellers June-July £18-17-6.

Linseed, La Plata, C.I.F. Ton:—
Sellers May-June £17-10-0.

Linseed, Bombay, Ton:—
Nominal May-June £18-12-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, May 29.

Linseed, Oil, Naked, London, Cwt.:
Sellers June-Aug. 39/10 1/2.

Linseed, Oil, Naked, London, Cwt.:
Paid and Value Sept.-Dec. 37/9.

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 29.

Rozario Santa Fe, Per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes:—
Sellers May-June 38/9.

Barletta Russo, Per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes:—
Sellers May-June 38/1-1/2.

Wheat, South Australian, Parcels:
Sellers Afloat 41/3.

Wheat, Choice White Karachi, Parcels:—
To Hull Paid May 41/-.

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, May 30.

Despite a further rise of 9 points in New York futures, the local market opened weak at Rs. 255/ for Broach J/A. delivery. Even at this low level there was some liquidation and prices declined to Rs. 254/8. Liverpool opening cables were steady and the market closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A. 254/12
Oomra July 211
Bengal July 186/8
Broach J/A. Highest 255
Broach J/A. Lowest 254/8

ROOM RATE.

Bombay, May 30.

Bengal July	187
Broach July	255
Oomra July	211

SPOT RATE.

Bombay, May 30.

Bengal	197	192	187	181
Sind	202	197	192	186
Punjab	195	190	185	179
Rajputana	197	192	187	181
Broach	257	254	250	245
P.A.	267	264	260	255
K.V.	259	253	252	247
Dholera	253	255	251	246
Kalajin	260	257	253	248
Cutch	265	262	258	253
Surat	347	344	340	335
Rajpipla	334	331	327	322
Navsari	352	249	345	340
Oomra No. 3	215	211	207	203
C. C. No. 1	230	226	222	218
C. P. No. 2	222	213	214	210
Muthia		208	203	193

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, May 30.

100	Japan Cotton Co.	Ranala	216
100	Ralli Bros.	Panipat	193
100	Ralli Bros.	Aligarh	193
200	Volkart Bros.	Shegaon	211
100	Bussan Co.	Do.	210
100	Ghosho & Co.	Hingoli	212-1/2
100	"	Kalajin	211
100	Bussan Co.	Arvi	212
100	Japan Co.	Dhamangaon	209
300	Gosho Co.	Karanjia	212
100	Bruel Co.	Amraoti	214

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 30.

Broach	254/60
Oomra.	
Bengal	195/202
Mathia	197/209
Khandeshi	207/211
Akola/Khamgadh	210/216
Nagpur/Wardha	222/230
Barsi/Kurduwadi	207/211
Jalna/Aurangabad	209/212
Nagar/Vambori	207/210
Purna/Parbani	212/225
Khandwa/Sanawad	212/217
Indore/Ujjain	217/238
Miraj/Sangli	278/290
Coompta	183/295
Tirupur/Cambidia	330/345

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, May 30.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh	334	291,600
Central India	599	395,289
Barsi and Nagar		255,069
Hyderabad-Gaorani		86,764
Berar	789	700,968
Central Provinces	712	394,994
Total Oomras	2,434	2,124,508
Dholera	339	172,195
N.-W. Provinces		138,614
Rajputana	101	52,132
Sind-Punjab	79	150,348
Broach	277	179,941
Coompta & Dharwar	2,503	97,819
Westerns-Northerns	1,084	38,940
Cocoanada		102
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	6	22,682
Persian		620
American		10,736
Egyptian and African	191	78,696
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		712
Total	7,014	3,148,152

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, May 30.

1st Sept. to 22nd May.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	3,767	690,400
Japan & China	6,015	1,266,567
Coast Ports	100	16,665
Up-country by Rail		81,394
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		38,335
Total	9,882	2,093,361

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, May 30.

	1929-30	1928-29
F. P. Bales		
Receipts to date 29-5-30	8408000	6182000
Receipts Yesterday 29-5-30	3000	2000
Exports to date 29-5-30	6447000	7868000
Stock at Ports 23-5-30	1715000	1140000
Stock Interior Towns 23-5-30	810000	447000
Stock Liverpool 23-5-30	324000	1045000
Visible Supply 23-5-30	3789000	3217000
Quantity in Sight 23-5-30	14438000	15041000
Quantity out of Sight 23-5-30	12412000	14089000

CEYLON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 30.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special telegram from Colombo to-day:—

Name of Company.	Latest prices Rs.
Bukit Darah Rubber	9
Cavunal Rubber and Tea	8
Ceylon Planters	20
Ceylon Rubber	20
Clunes Estates	12
Cochin Rubber	21
Ella Tea	95
Estates Co. of Uva	29-8
Fairlawn Estate	36
Frocester Estates	40
Hatbawe Rubber	7-8
Honiton Rubber	6
Hoawala Rubber	32
Indo-Malay Estates	13
Jambulande Tea and Rubber	8
Jebong Rubber	9
Kalutara Company	21
Kalutara Rubber	12
Kelani Valley Rubber	12
Langat River	12
Lanka Rubber	47
Lansdowne Rubber	140
Maha Uva Estates	54
Meall Mo Estates	18
Mirishena Rubber	23
Narangoda Rubber	18
Neuchatel Estates	27
North-Western Rubber	14
Pelmadulla Tea and Rubber	16
Rubber Growers'	22
Saffragram Tea & Rubber	100
Talgaswella Tea	27
Torington Tea	94
Udabage Tea	37
Udapolla Rubber	10
Ullswater Rubber	7
Vogan Tea	34
Warriapolla Estate	11

Remarks:—Rubber: Spot Colombo Re. 0.32-1/2 cents.

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 30.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special cablegram from London to-day:—

NAME OF COMPANY.

Latest prices:—

Andhra Valley 7-1/2 p.c. 1933 Notes £99.

Assam Bengal Railway Ord. Stock £78-10.

Attock Oil Co. Ltd. £1-5.

Australian 5 p.c. Loan 1935-45 £88.

Burma Corporation Ltd. £0-12-3.

Calcutta Tramways Ord. £0-13-0.

Canadian Eagle Oil Co. £0-13-0.

Eastern Bank Ltd. £6-2-6.

French 5 p.c. Rentes £20-7.

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation £113.

Imperial Airways Ltd. Ord. £1-5-9.

India 4-1/2 p.c. Sterling Stock £61-15.

India 4-1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan 1950-55 £93.

India 3 p.c. Sterling Stock £52-10.

Indian Copper Corporation Ord. £0-1-6.

London and Rhodesian Mining and Land £0-2-3.

Mexican Eagle Oil Co. £0-13-0.

Motor Fuel Proprietory Ltd. £0-2-3.

Nitrate Railway Ord. £4-13-9.

Rangoon Electric Tram. and S. Ord. £1-17.

Russo-Asiatic Consolidated Ltd. £0-0-3.

Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4-1/2 p.c. Deb. £64.

Tata Power 7-1/2 p.c. "B" Debs. 1934-48 £98.

Tata Iron and Steel 7 p.c. Debentures £99-10.

War Loan 5 p.c. 1929-47 £102.

LONDON METALS.

London, May 29.

Copper Braziers £74.
Yellow Mental £58.
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands £15-1/2.
Corrugated sheets 24 Gauge £11-7/8.
Tin English Ingots £142-1/2.

GOLD.

Bombay, May 30.

Ready Gold	21	11	0
Jeth	21	9	9
Ashad	21	10	6
Sovereigns	13	9	9

SILVER.

Bombay, May 30.

Ready Silver	49	10	0
Jeth delivery	49	8	0
Ashad delivery	46	6	0
Tejimandi:—			
Jeth	1	2	0
Ashad	1	12	0

WHEAT & LINSEED.

Bombay, May 30.

Wheat May	6	1	0
Wheat Sept.	6	4	6
Linseed May	11	12	9
Linseed Sept.	11	10	6

THE SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 30.

Castorseed May Delivery, Opening Rs. 44/2. Highest Rs. 44/6; Closing Rs. 43/14.

Castorseed Sept. Delivery, Opening Rs. 45/2/3; Highest Rs. 45/6; Closing Rs. 44/14.

Groundnut Seeds May Delivery, Opening Rs. 46/2/6; Highest Rs. 46/8; Closing Rs. 45/14.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May 29.

3 1/2 p.c. Rupee Paper Rs. 65-2.
4 p.c. Conversion Loan 1931-36 Rs. 90-8.
4 p.c. Loan 1934-37 Rs. 89-4.
4 p.c. Loan 1960-70 Rs. 76-5.
4 1/2 p.c. Bonds 1934 Rs. 95-2.
4 1/2 p.c. Loan 1955-60 Rs. 86-10.
5 p.c. War Loan 1929-47 Rs. 95-2.
5 p.c. Loan 1935 Rs. 97-10.
5 p.c. Loan 1939-44 Rs. 96-7.
5 p.c. Loan (Tax Free) 1933 Rs. 99-15.
5 p.c. Loan (Tax Free) 1945-55 Rs. 100-12.
6 p.c. War Bonds (Tax Free) 1930 Rs. 100-5.
6 p.c. Bonds (Tax Free) 1931 Rs. 101-5.
6 p.c. Bonds (Tax Free) 1932 Rs. 102-5.
6 1/2 p.c. B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) 1935 Rs. 104-14.
4 p.c. Port Trust 1974 Rs. 74-8.
4 p.c. Improvement Trust 1974 Rs. 73-8.
4 p.c. Municipal 1974 Rs. 73-8.
5 p.c. Bombay Municipal 1959 Rs. 90-8.
6 p.c. Bombay Municipal 1954 Rs. 103-12.

FORWARD RATES.

3 1/2 p.c. Rupee Paper Rs. 65-1-0
5 p.c. 1945-55 Rs. 100-11-0.
Tone of Market:—Steady.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, May 29.

TT London on Berlin	20.36-3/8
TT London on Amsterdam	12.07-7/8
TT London on Brussels	34.82
TT London on Madrid	39.82
TT London on Milan	92.75
TT London on Berne	25.11
TT London on Paris	123.94
TT London on Prague	163.90

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 29.

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. £17-1/4.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank. (London Register) £113-1/2.
National Bank £44-1/4.
Funding Loan 4 per cent £90-3/8.
Conversion Loan £78-1/2.
Indian Loan 5-1/2 per cent. £101-1/2.
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent £46.
Indian Stock, 3 per cent Sterling Loan £52-1/2.
Indian Stock, 3-1/2 per cent Sterling Loan £62.
Consols £56-1/2.
War Loan 5 per cent £102.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £94-1/2.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, May 29.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25, C. & F Calcutta:—
May-June per cwt. Sellers 8/10-1/2.
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/10-1/2.
Oct.-Dec. per cwt. 9/-.

C. & F. Bombay:—
May-June per cwt. 8/10-3/4.

C. & F. Bombay:—
May-June per cwt. 8/10-3/4.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, May 29.

Smoked Sheet, Standard Ribbed Lb. Spot Sellers 6-15/16d.

THUNDERSTORMS COMING IN BOMBAY?

POONA, May 30.

There has been nearly general rain in Lower Burma and local falls in Assam and Bengal. Yesterday's Western disturbance has become unimportant but a fresh one is affecting the frontier this morning.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Port Blair one and a half inches; Merguri, and Gwa three; Diamond Island, Bassein and Tavoy two; Rangoon one and a half; Toungoo one; Victoria Point, and Monywa three-quarters; Amherst, and Bhamo a half; Lashio a quarter; Dhubri one and a half and Chittagong one.

Forecast:—Increase of rain in Upper Burma, extension of thundershowers in Malabar and the Konkan and a few falls in the North-West Frontier Province and Kashmir.—A. P.

BOMBAY WEATHER REPORT FOR THURSDAY.

General Remarks.—Weather has been dry. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the north Punjab, the Peninsula, Gujarat and the west Central Provinces, and generally clear elsewhere. The air is drier than usual in the east and north Punjab, the west Central Provinces, Berar, Central India, east Rajputana and Hyderabad. Temperatures were above normal in the United Provinces, the east and north Punjab and the central parts of the country. The highest maximum temperature recorded yesterday was 110 deg. at Jacobabad.

Forecast.—An extension of thundershowers in Malabar and the Konkan.

Rainfall for 24 hours ending at 8 hrs. on Friday:—

Station	Rainfall
Lahore	0.04"
Ratnagiri	0.02"
Karwar	0.01"
Sholapur	0.01"
Belgaum	0.01"
Mangalore	0.03"
Colombo	0.21"

Bombay:—Maximum temperature 93 deg. (2 deg. above normal) and Minimum temperature 83 deg. (2 deg. above normal.)

A rare opportunity

FOR THE

MOTOR ENTHUSIAST.

All the cars given below are in good working order and in tip-top condition.

Buick 5 seater tourer	Rs.2600
Buick 7 seater tourer	Rs.1600
Chandler 5 seater tourer	Rs.2000
Dodge 5 seater Sedan	Rs.3000
Gardner' two seater	Rs.4750

Besides we have got several other makes of cars for a good selection. Call at our Show-room or ring up 42001 and arrange for a demonstration run to-day.

T. R. PRATT, (BOMBAY) Ltd.

AGENTS:

H. M. MEHTA & CO.

HUGHES ROAD, BOMBAY.

EXCURSION TRIP TO LONAVLA.

—:o:—

On King's Birthday.

Believing in the principle of "Health is Wealth" and that health can easily be achieved by having occasional holiday jaunts in rural districts and hilly places, an Honorary Secretary of the Zoroastrian Physical Culture League, Bombay, the activities of which in promoting physical culture among Parsis are well-known, has arranged to run a special train to Lonavla, on June 3rd (Tuesday), the King's birthday, and thus to give poor and middle class Parsis an opportunity of enjoying a free trip there.

The special train will leave Victoria Terminus that day at 6-45 a.m. and after halting at Dadar for 2 minutes will halt at Khandala and then proceed to Lonavla which will be reached at 9-15 a.m. Tripsters can, after arrival at Lonavla, go to see Valvan Lake, Bhooshir Lake dam, or the Rye Forest.

Arrangement has been made to offer sandalwood to the holy fire-temple at Boreghat, and to offer prayers to the Almighty praying that the unrest at present prevailing in India may vanish and peace and prosperity may once again prevail in this ancient land. Return journey will be made at 5-30 p.m. when the train will halt at Dadar and Byculla and reach Bori Bunder at 8 p.m.

Charges for a return ticket are Rs. 2 for adults and Re. 1-4 for children. Seats can be reserved for an additional charge of annas two per ticket. Tickets can be had at (1) Perry and Co., Grant Road, (2) Palkhiwala Motor Works (near Basta and Co.), Dhobi Talao, (3) King and Co., Hornby Road.

SCHOOL-LEAVING AGE FOR BRITISH BOYS.

EDUCATION BILL READ FOR SECOND TIME.

LONDON, May 30.

The House of Commons by 280 votes to 223 passed the second reading of the Government's Education Bill providing for the raising of school-leaving age from 14 to 15 years.

Sir Charles Trevelyan moving the second reading said that half a million children were involved in the year.

Government desired to keep them out of the Labour market and thus leave room for hundred to hundred and fifty thousand people to replace them while 8,000 additional teachers would be required. The Bill would provide for maintenance allowances for children of poorer families when they went to school for extra year.

Lord Eustace Percy (Conservative) moved for the rejection of the Bill. He opposed the compulsory element in the Bill.—Reuter.

SHAUKAT ALI ON BHENDI BAZAR TRAGEDY.

DELHI, May 29.

Maulana Shaukat Ali wires as follows from Delhi:—"Maulana Shaukat Ali sends the following message to Bombay Muslims:"—I am greatly pained at the unfortunate happenings in Bombay. I do not know the full facts yet. We should demand the fullest enquiry and justice and get offenders punished. I beg all Muslims to remain brave and calm and not to lose heart. I am cancelling my Peshawar tour and reaching Bombay shortly'—A. P.

IMPORTANT

REPUTABLE FIRMS or PERSONS are invited to take over charge as CHIEF AGENTS of a sound company doing FIRE, MARINE and ACCIDENT BUSINESS. Very liberal terms and full facilities. Apply to Box No. 2563, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle". 340

SCOTT'S Porage Oats

For nourishment and sweet nutty flavour, no imported Oats can compare with Scott's Porage Oats, the finest that even Scotland can produce. Scott's Porage Oats are splendid for strength and vigour grand for brain.

COOKS IN 5 MINUTES.

Sole Agents:
HERBERT, SON & CO., LTD., BOMBAY.

ASTROLOGY

The biggest and most reliable Astrological Society in India, and the Far East. Free Prospectus on application. Annual Life Reading (monthly information) Rs. 4. Answers to question varies from Rs. 2 to 25. DHANADA (WONDERFUL TALISMAN). Its wearer earns immense wealth with little struggling and attains to long life, good health, fame, son, success in undertakings, prosperity in service and business, etc. Price Rs. 7|10. BASHKARANA TALISMAN. Wear this and keep under your absolute control any man or woman. Rs. 4-9. N.B.—If not benefitted, money refunded, guarantee supplied.

Prof. B. K. JYOTIR BHUSAN, F. T. S.,
(Expd. 30 Years).
President—All-India Astrological and Astronomical Society.
105 (B), Grey Street, Calcutta.

Hasten your Way back to Health!

SICKNESS and fevers strain the constitution, draining the body of its vitality. To assist rapid recovery, the bones and muscles and nerves and brain must be given food that contains all the materials of reconstruction in the exact proportions demanded by Nature.

After many years of research, one of England's most successful Chemists discovered the way of combining all the invaluable food elements of rich full-cream English cows' milk with the nutritive extracts of malted barley and wheat.

This wonderful food is Horlick's Malted Milk. It requires little digestive effort and yet it gives in proper proportions all the nourishment the body needs.

Start taking Horlick's today! You will soon feel the strength of health returning to your body. Doctors everywhere use and recommend Horlick's, so follow their example and advice. You will see the creamy purity of the health-giving powder through the glass, and remember, human hands never touch Horlick's during manufacture.

HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK

Made in England

All Chemists and good Bazaar Shops stock HORLICK'S

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK.

Churchgate Street, ... BOMBAY.

Capital, Surplus and Undivided Profits about } Rs. 65,00,00,000

Total Assets about ... „ 6,66,10,00,000

Head Office 55, Wall Street, New York.
Branches in all parts of the World.

Special facilities for business with America including purchasing and selling of American Securities.

This Bank invites current account of DOCTORS, LAWYERS, SOLICITORS, CORPORATIONS, FIRMS and INDIVIDUALS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS WHICH MAINTAIN BALANCES OF Rs. 10,000/- TO Rs. 100,000/- FOR THE PERIOD OF THE FIRST HALF YEAR WILL EARN 3 p. c. INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES.

Rates for Short or long deposits can be had on application. Loans and overdraft granted on approved securities.

IF YOU ARE WEARING SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES.

INSIST THAT THE LENSES ARE MADE OF

VITREX LENSES.

The VITREX is the latest optical glass, absolutely colourless but which by its chemical composition, absorbs, all those rays which irritate the eyes and consequently comfort your eyes, imparting them a very cooling sensation.

VITREX LENSES.

BALIWALLA & HOMI

THE LEADING OPTICIANS OF BOMBAY.

272, Hornby Rd., & 361, Kalbadevi Rd., & Chamar Bag, Parel.

AWARDED GOLD MEDALS.

Satyagraha News From All Quarters.

SATYAGRAHA IN GUJARAT

—:o:—

News In Brief.

AHMEDABAD, May 27.

The Secretary, Publicity Bureau, Gujarat Prantik Samiti, Ahmedabad, writes:—

Sheth Ranchhodbhai, Muniji and others were tried before the "celebrated" Mr. Gholap, who was sitting in the Bareja Court with a loaded revolver. All the Satyagrahis refused to take any part in the proceedings, Muniji said that "he did not desire to take any part in a Court of dacoits." Mr. Gholap asked if the Satyagrahis had anything to say, whereupon one volunteer replied that he desired to be shot; another replied that Mr. Gholap should resign his seat and to go to Dharasana to take salt. Sentences were then pronounced which were as follows:—

Sheth Ranchhodbhai: Section 117—6 months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 500 fine or 3 months' rigorous imprisonment; Section 143—2 months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine or 1 month's rigorous imprisonment and to be "A" Class prisoner.

Muniji: Section 143—4 months' rigorous imprisonment and Rs. 100 fine or 1-1/2 months' rigorous imprisonment and to be "B" Class prisoner.

Volunteers: 11 of them are released and the rest are sentenced to rigorous imprisonment which ranged between 1 to 4 months.

ANOTHER BATCH FOR DHARASANA.

A fresh batch of 30 volunteers left Ahmedabad yesterday, for Dharasana, under the command of Sjt. Balvantrai P. Thakore, Chairman of the School Board, Ahmedabad Municipality. No procession was arranged yet thousands went to the station to send the Satyagrahis off.

DHARASANA EXCESSES.

A volunteer from Bombay named Sjt. Karnik was so much beaten on his organ that he is reported to be vomitting blood; blood also comes along with his urine. Another Balkrishna from Broach is suffering from the same trouble. Will Col. Kamat explain?

To-day morning 23 Satyagrahis were sitting in Untadi Camp when they were approached at about 10 a.m. by Mr. Garratt, Commissioner, N. D., and other officials. Mr. Garratt asked the Satyagrahis to disperse as the land on which they were resting was confiscated according to Land Revenue Code No. IV. The volunteers refused to go out. The police, therefore, dragged them to the gate. In the evening the police approached again and removed the volunteers from the gate. Sjt. Amratlal V. Thakkar of the Servant of India Society was present when this occurrence took place.

A fresh batch consisting of 50 volunteers is leaving Ahmedabad for Dharasana.

SAVAGE SENTENCES AT RAJAHAMUNDRY.

Cuddalore Volunteers Jailed.

—:o:—

CUDDALORE, May 28.

A batch of 12 Satyagrahis was arrested and sentenced for manufacturing salt to six months' rigorous imprisonment each.

Mr. P. Surya Prakasa Rao and Dr. Narasimham, Secretary, Rajahmundry City Congress Committee were arrested and sentenced under Section 117 I.P.C. and the Salt Act, to two years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000 or in default to six months' rigorous imprisonment more.—Free Press.

CHINOY GIVEN ONE YEARS' R. I. .. ..

SURAT, May 29.

Judgment was delivered this afternoon in the case against Mr. Chinoy. The City Magistrate convicted him of all the three offences under Section 117 I.P.C., and sentenced him to one years rigorous imprisonment for the first offence and six months each for the two subsequent offences, the sentences to run concurrently. The Magistrate has recommended that he be treated as a 'B' class prisoner. The accused has been convicted twice previously for political offences.—A. P.

"TARUN RAJASTHAN" EDITOR JAILED.

BEAWAR, May 25.

"The Tarun Rajasthan", a Hindi weekly, has suspended publication as a security of Rs. 1000 was demanded from it under the Press Ordinance.

Mr. R. N. Mehta, Editor of the "Tarun Rajasthan" was arrested and sentensed Section 117 I.P.C. for one year R. I. He refused to take part in the Court proceedings.—Free Press.

SUNDAY'S WADALA RAID.

Official Story.

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

A message published in connection with the raid on Wadala Salt Depot last Sunday states that 18 more men were injured in the evening mostly as a result of lathi charges, and that the police chased crowds away from the approaches to Wadala far into Gowari village. It also states that half a dozen European Sergeants and some constables entered Gowari Railway Station and charged with lathis passengers on the Western platform, the passengers retaliating with stown thronemy until the platforms were cleared.

NO MORE THAN 20.

The message is incorrect. The total casualties in Sunday raids were not more than 20 and only about six persons were injured in the lathi charge in the evening. While the crowd was being chased away from Wadala, some of them took shelter in the Gowari Railway Station and began to throw stones at the police. One Sergeant and 15 constables entered and cleared the station.

RAID ON KHARAGHODA.

—:o:—

Admission Of Injuries On Satyagrahis.

The Director of Information Bombay, writes.—

May, 29.

At about 1-30 a.m. on the 24th May the Assistant Collector of Salt, Kharaghoda received information that a body of volunteers intended to visit Kharaghoda Okla to remove natural salt, and just before 6 a.m. he learned that about 100 volunteers had assembled at the Okla for that purpose. He at once ordered the men at his disposal, nine sowars and fifty sepoys half of whom were armed with lathis, to intercept the raiders and proceeded to the spot. There he saw several groups picking up natural salt and having instructed the sowars to herd them together, went on to intercept the main body of volunteers. On seeing the Assistant Collector and his men, the volunteers collected together and sat or lay down on the numerous bags of salt they were carrying and when called up to give up the salt they refused. They were asked three times to give up the salt but persisted in their refusal to do so. Thereupon the Assistant Collector ordered his men to seize the salt.

The majority of the volunteers resisted the removal of the bags and in the scuffle which ensued some were injured, but none seriously as is shown by the fact that once their salt had been taken from them, they marched off in the direction of Junagam escorted by the nine sowars. The time taken to relieve them of their illicit salt was not more than ten minutes and the allegation made that the sepoys used sticks bound with brass wire is false.

SATYAGRAHIS TREATED AS "C" CLASS PRISONERS.

—:o:—

MAGISTRATES' WHIMS.

THANA, May 29.

The following eight prisoners who have been sentenced to various terms of imprisonment for having broken the Salt Act are at present confined in the Thana jail. The Magistrates who convicted them have directed that they should be classed as "C" class prisoners. They are:—(1) Posha Patil, a big landlord at Bassein, (2) Sahkaram Jagannath Bhagwat Prof. of Tilak Maha Vidyalaya, (2) Chintaman Shastri (Once in Shantinkestan now a Professor of Sanskrit Walshya Vidyasram, Sasavne) (4) Mr. Kane (Graduate of Bombay University, now in Sasane Vidyasram, (5) Mr. Mehta of Mahad, a graduate in Medicine of the Tilak Vidyalaya, (6) Chunilal Mehta of Mahad (Graduate of Tilak Maha Vidyalaya), (7) Mr. Marathe, B.A. LL.B., (8) Purshottam Prabhakar Joshi (Graduate, Tilak Maha Vidyalaya).

In status, earning capacity and in point of education it is pointed out that there is nothing to distingush the above prisoners from the "B" class prisoners. Under these circumstances, the distinction appears to be without rhyme or reason. It is understood that "C" class prisoners have complained to the authorities about their treatment and that as a protest "B" class prisoners went on hunger strike for 24 hours about a week ago and since then they are taking food once a day.—Free Press.

BEAWAR, May 25.

To-day Beawar observed hartal as a protest against Mrs. Naidu's arrest and conviction. In the evening a procession paraded the town and it ended in a meeting, at which there was a bonfire of foreign cloth.—Free Press.

to publish the following in hsmb

I hope you will be kind enough

SATYAGRAHA IN GUJARAT

—:o:—

News In Brief.

AHMEDABAD, May 26.

The Secretary, Publicity Bureau Gujarat Prantik Samiti, Ahmedabad writes:—

We reported yesterday that Sjt. Ambalal Patel refused to leave Dharasana Camp although repeatedly ordered by the District Magistrate to do so. The latter was, therefore, compelled to arrest him. Dr. Tribhovandas who looked after the wounded in the Dharasana Camp was also arrested as a member of an unlawful assembly.

A batch of about 50 Satyagrahis marched under the command of Sjt. Ranchhodbhai and Muni Jinvijayji. It was a procession which can only be compared with that of Mahatmaji's historical march on March 12. Government officials were greatly perplexed. A police force armed with lathis and rifles under the D. S. P. accompanied by the District Traffic Superintendent sat in the same train which was made to halt at Barejdi station a few miles away from Ahmedabad. The Satyagrahis were arrested and they were detrained. They will be tried today at Barejdi.

DHARASANA EXCESSES.

The following is an extract from a statement made by Sjt. Krishnalal one of the Captains who took part in the Dharasana Raid on 21st instant:

"Some of us had already reached as far as the barbed wire fencing and two or taree volunteers were felled downd by lathi blows. Messrs Antia, Subawalla, and other police officers were marching in the front. When one of us was felled down Mr. Antia cried out "that it's.' I was rather surprised at this and gave an order for march. A policeman on seeing me giving orders swung his lathi vigorously and gave me blows on my legs. My injured leg slipped a little but I became firm and proceeded further. Not satisfied with this the same police men gave me two blows on my left leg. I turned round to see if I was followed by other volunteers when a fifth lathi blow was given on my neck. It was a very heavy one and I reeled, but thank God, I did not fall down. If the blow had fallen a little higher, the skull would have been broken. I could not keep standing owing to these blows and therefore I sat down on a ditch bank. The policeman left me then, either because he was tired or because he wanted to shower his blows upon other volunteers.

MANILAL GANDHI ASSAULTED.

Sjt. Manilal Gandhi rushed forward. But before he marched forward, lathi blows began to be poured upon him at the end of which he was arrested, by Mr. Antia. He received 7 to 8 blows. By this time Mr. Narharibhai came up and he was attacked by 10 to 12 lathi blows, one of which fell on his head.

Next morning we were thinking about the arrangement of the wounded volunteers, when Messrs. Antia and Subawala entered the camp with about 60 to 70 policemen, who broke water-pots and delivered blows on the wounded. They ordered the volunteers to vacate as a result of which 400 volunteers sat down singing religious songs. The policemen surrounded them, smashed everything including lamps and renewed the lathi attack upon us which was as severe as on the previous day. Mr. Ambalal Shankerlal was caught hold of by Mr. Antia and was beaten by policemen along with other volunteers. One Indian police officer could not bear the sight of National Flag flying and, therefore, he ordered it to be struck down. Some policemen asked me to get up but I declined. I was, therefore, given slaps with abuses. I was then goaded with the ends of lathis. The red cap chauffeur came up and tried his strength upon me. Another policeman gave me a blow on the head. I was dragged. My water bottle was taken away and lathi blows, were again showered upon me. One officer on seeing me thus belaboured ordered the policemen to stop but when he was gone the same process of lathi blows was repeated upon me. Another volunteer named Dinkar Gangashanker who was helping me by clinging to my body was dragged and I was also dragged along with him. That officer returned and ordered the policemen to insert a lathi under my knees and ordered others to drag me with the hand. I was thus dragged as far as the gate. My pain was acute, still I got up when an English officer lifted me up and threw me upon other volunteers who were sitting at the gate. An order for dispersal was received from the camp. I was lifted up by two volunteers to a tea-shop. Mr. Antia ran up there and on seeing us was all wrath. He ordered to smash the hotel which was broken up. A temporary shed erected there by the hotel-keeper was also pulled down. We proceeded to the Untadi village and sat down on the verandah of a house. The military went round the village and the people were greatly horrified. Two Aeroplanes were seen flying on the village.

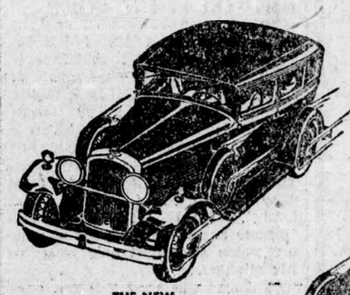
MARMON

STRAIGHT-EIGHTS EXCLUSIVELY SINCE 1926

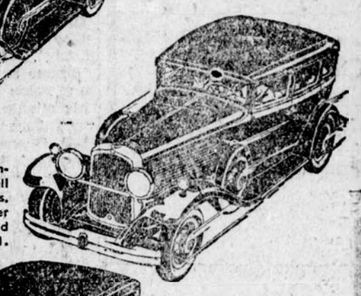
COME TO STRAIGHT-EIGHT HEADQUARTERS

This year more and more buyers are demanding eight cylinders. To them, Marmon submits the only line of four straight-eights in the world. Not only an eight in four important price fields but four years' experience building this type alone. On this practical background Marmon bases its 1930 straight-eight leadership and invites the buyer of today, to come to "Straight-Eight Headquarters."

THE NEW MARMON MODEL R
—Price leader of Marmon's 1930 line. A straight-eight with generous power, performance and luxury.



THE NEW MARMON 869
—A full-size, full-capacity straight-eight. Luxurious comfort dimensions —15 feet overall. Challenging all competition in its price field.



THE NEW MARMON 879
—Develops extraordinary horsepower. Overall length, 15 feet, 10 inches. Luxury of detail never before approached in its price field.

THE NEW MARMON BIG EIGHT
—Everything that Marmon has learned about fine cars in the past translated into a really modern straight-eight of wonderful power.

Easy payment terms can be arranged if desired.

Sole Agents :

Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency Ltd.,
16, New Queen's Road, BOMBAY.

Protect your eyes
FROM THE RAYS OF THE SUN
Use OUR SUNGLASSES
SPECIALLY MADE FOR US
• RESISTS THE BRIGHTEST GLARE •
• COOLS AND REFRESH THE EYES •
• SLIGHTLY TINTED.
Can be worn over your usual glasses
IN VARIOUS TINTS AND STYLES
Protect your Eyes!
Send for our Price List
Hatim Brothers,
OPTHALMIC OPTICIANS
Abdul Rehman St. Bombay 3

AGUERINE

FOR

ALL FEVERS.

FREE ! FREE !!

A Homoeopathic Guide for every body's and every day use. Apply sharp with full and clear address to—

THE HOMOEOPATHIC PUBLISHING Co.

172, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.

FREE FREE

Way to HEALTH and HAPPINESS.

If you wish to regain your health lost by any cause, with a chapter on self-treatment with household remedies. Please Apply for our free literature.

THIS BOOK IS SENT FREE TO SUFFERERS

The K. G. WORKS, Post Box No 1435 (B.C.) CALCUTTA

Art is Admired everywhere

Araujo Fernandez & Co.

MERCHANT TAILORS,

(Princess Street, Bombay.)

Have elevated their Tailoring to an Art.

Second hand SEWING MACHINES of all makes purchased, SOLD, exchanged repaired and new spare parts sold.

PEDNEKAR & Co.,

Girgaon Rd., Kandewadi Naka, BOMBAY 4.

DON'T FEAR ?

SCORPION STINGS

It removes the poison and relieves the pain instantaneously. Price As. 8.

Postage from 1 to 8 phials As. 2. On receipt of Rs. 6. One dozen phials are sent free of postg.

RAJVAIDYA BANWARILAL BANSILAL,
152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.
Telegrams—"RAJVAIDYA" Calcutta.

'Sabarkantha'

MEANS

THE ONLY BEST

BOARDING :: HOUSE ::

for

High Class HINDUS

in

BOMBAY.

The Sabarkantha Boarding House

Behind : Mumbadevi Post, BOMBAY, 2.

Telephone No. 20536.

Cheap and Durable

Waterproof Umbrellas

National Flag BRAND.

Made of Swadeshi cloth

are available in our Bhandar. British goods are strictly boycotted.

Prices ranging from

Rs. 1-4 to 4-4

Do purchase one for you.

Swadeshi Chattri Bhandar,

214, Kalbadevi Road, Opp. Narnarayan Temple, BOMBAY

BOOKS ON BIRTH CONTROL.

		Rs.	a.
1.	BIRTH CONTROL METHODS by N. N. Mukerjee ..	0	6
2.	A MANUAL OF BIRTH CONTROL by M. N. Ganesa Aiyar ..	1	0
3.	WISE PARENTHOOD by Dr. Marie Stopes	2	10
4.	THE WIFE'S HANDBOOK by Dr. H. A. Allbutt ..	0	10
5.	THE WIFE'S GUIDE AND FRIEND by Stewart Warren ..	1	4
6.	PRACTICAL BIRTH CONTROL by Ettie A. Rout ..	2	14
7.	LIMITATION OF FAMILY by N. N. Mukerjee ..	3	0

Postage extra in each case.

THE PIONEER BOOK DEPOT,

Royapuram. Madras

WHAT CAN WE DO FOR YOU?

WE offer a complete financial service organised and maintained to a marked degree of efficiency.

WHEN you want to open a Current or Savings Bank Account remember us, as the terms offered by us are reputed to be most advantageous.

WHEN you want to invest your monies in long or short period deposits, compare our rates, which are always favourable.

WHEN you wish to buy or sell Govt. Papers, Bonds and other Gilt-edged securities, come to us, as we deal in them and can quote best rates.

WHEN you desire to sell or purchase Joint Stock Companies shares, do so through us, as we can get you the best rates if you are one of our valued customers.

WHEN you need advice in any Financial matter, we are at your service.

Please remember that—

The Central Bank of India, Ltd.

is your "OWN BANK".

S. N. POCHKHANAWALLA, Managing Director.

No Random Progress.

AID AND ADVICE OF INDIA'S BEST KNOWN ASTROLOGER NOW AVAILABLE TO ALL.

Free Life Sketches to all who write.

"PUNDIT TABORE" formerly private Astrological Adviser to the Select Few, has now decided to give benefit of his Special System of Astrology to the general public and to show to people a scientific way to success in their business, travels, love affairs, finances, lucky periods, friendships, coming opportunities etc.

Hundreds who have tested his skill proclaim him the Modern Wizard of Astrology. His Complete Horoscopes which are all Direct and Unambiguous have guided hundreds along right lines and have shown them a way to brighter existence. Believing in fair dealings he refunds money in all cases of dissatisfaction.

Mr. ALPINE CHESNEY, Br; Guiana, declares that his life was read by "Tabore" like an open book in front of him, Mrs. ANNIE WAKEFIELD, King's Lynn, England, believes that "Tabore" knows people more than they know themselves. Mr. GEO. MACKEY New York, believes that "Tabore" must be possessing some sort of second-sight. Mr. PHILIP BROWN Cuba, believes that many could guard themselves against harm if they had "Tabore's" guidance THE PRINCE OF MANAWADAR specially tested "Tabore's" integrity and found him true and honest. Dr. H. GUPTA states:- "I have never seen a man of your profession so honest and kind to his clients.....,"

"Tabore" will send FREE a partial Horoscope to all who send him their full names (Mr., Mrs., or Miss), address and date of birth, ALL PLAINLY WRITTEN by themselves in block letters. He wants no remittance for his personal (astrological etc.,) work, but please send him 10 As., in stamps for costs (of this notice, postage, stationery clerical charges etc.) No Personal interviews; all consultations by Post only. Address: "PUNDIT TABORE", (Dept. 312-D), Upper Forjett St., Bombay VII.

SEX-VIGOR

GLAND TREATMENT & REJUVENATOR OF NERVE, MENTAL & PHYSICAL POWER.

contains the wonderful

VITAL GLANDS.

IN TABLET FORM

This drugless treatment, a thoroughly tested method, for prolongation of Life, Youth and Energy has been used with most amazing success, in thousands of cases of Lost and Impaired Vitality, Impotency, Neurasthenia, Early Ageing, Run Down Conditions, Nervous and Physical Exhaustion, Brain Fag, etc., and the most hopeless cases have not only been cured; but persons treated have looked and felt considerably younger after taking it. Taken by the mouth, no injection, no operation, no inoculation. Safe, and harmless treatment. Of all Chemists and Stores. Send at once 4 annas in Postage Stamps for interesting "Medical Booklet" Address:—

The Continental Drug Co. of India Hornby Rd., Post Box 996, Bombay.

EARN Rs. 300 PER MONTH

Learn practically or by post best and cheapest soaps (Rs. 4 per maund) from two graduates and earn Rs. 300 a month. Ten times money refunded if failure. Particulars with testimonials of successful candidates, sellers and of buyers free. SOAP TRAINING HOUSE, Saidpur, E. B. Rly. (Bengal).

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement of Account prepared, Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN.

B. L. Thosar, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

136-497, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay

Telephone No. 22921.

LAHORE LAWYERS' COMMITTEE.

—:o:—

To Enquire Into Sentences On Satyagrahis.

LAHORE, May, 29.

At a meeting of the High Court Bar Association held last evening, Dr. Motisagar presiding, the situation arising out of the setting up of Conspiracy case tribunal and the numerous convictions for political offences was discussed.

A sub-committee was appointed with six members of the Bar to go into the question of the validity, legality and expediency of the Lahore conspiracy case ordinance. The personnel of the sub-committee which is to submit the report before the 16th June, is: Drs. Moti Sagar, Pokulchand Narang, Malik Barkat Ali, Jagannath Agharwala, Sir Mahomed Iqbal and Pandit Nanak Chand.

Another sub-committee of almost the same personnel was formed to move the High Court to revise the convictions and sentences of Dr. Mahomed Alam and others whose list will be prepared later.—Free Press.

75 VOLUNTEERS DEFY SECTION 144.

Muslim Leads The Batch.

(From A Correspondent.)

BHADELI, May 28.

(SATYAGRAHA CAMP.)

At Chharwada, 75 Maharashtrian satyagrahis defied section 144 and approached the very brink of the Salt Depots.

The Salt officer on duty requested them not to proceed further.

As the programme of the day consisted only of breaking section 144 the leader informed the officer that his work having been finished, he would retrace his steps.

While the satyagrahis were returning, a policeman ran after them to ask what the caste of the leader was. The leader informed him that he was a Mahomedan.

SHOLAPUR MAGISTRATE'S STATEMENT.

—:o:—

No Woman Shot.

The Director of Information Bombay writes.

A Press Note issued by the District Magistrate, Sholapur says:—

"As a number of false reports about Sholapur have appeared in certain newspapers, the following facts are given for the information of the public:—

Not a single shot has been fired by the troops or by the Auxiliary Force in Sholapur since their arrival.

No woman has been shot or injured by the troops or the police, nor has any woman been ill-treated by the troops.

No Court has passed any sentences of flogging other than the whipping of juveniles under the Whipping Act.

Private persons can go about their legitimate business in perfect security."

Use Deka Wires and Cables

(MADE IN GERMANY)

THERE ARE NONE BETTER

DEKA CABLES A. N. CLASS

Are Guaranteed Equal in all Respects to

C. M. A. 600 MEGOHM GRADE CABLES

USED LARGELY BY:—

GOVERNMENT DEPTS.
RAILWAYS,
TRAMWAYS,
MILITARY SERVICES,
MUNICIPALITIES,
PUBLIC BODIES, ETC.,
THROUGHOUT INDIA.

CABLES OF ALL CLASSES FOR LIGHTING, TRACTION TELEPHONY. TELEGRAPHY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS CAN BE HAD FROM ALL LEADING DEALERS.

Sole Agents:—

J. C. KARAKA & CO.,

127, Fort Street, BOMBAY.

Telegrams:—"Gauntlet. Telephone No. 24726. Wanted Sub-Agents.

SIFTING TRUTH ABOUT PESHAWAR.

Pandit Malaviya's Suggestions.

"MOST SERIOUS PUBLIC GRIEVANCE."

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 27.

The following is the full text of the telegram sent by Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy:—

"Please lay the following before His Excellency and oblige.

"I beg to urge strongly the addition of two non-official members who command public confidence to the Peshawar Inquiry Committee and I suggest the name of Mr. Vithalbhai Patel and Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad as they are members of a committee of enquiry appointed by the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress for the same purpose.

RELEASE LEADERS.

"I feel certain that their appointment will give general satisfaction and conduce in a considerable measure to the success of the Committee in sifting the truth about the deplorable incidents of April 23. It is also essential that a proper atmosphere for the enquiry should be created by setting free for the period of enquiry leaders of popular movement in Peshawar who are in jail to enable them to collect material to lay it before the Committee

MOST SERIOUS RIEVANCE.

For the same purpose outsiders whose assistance Peshawaris may require should be allowed to proceed without let or hindrance to help them in the enquiry. If this is not done, the enquiry will be one-sided and the Committee will not be able to find out the whole truth about the incidents and will fail to meet a most serious public grievance."—Free Press.

CABLES IN BRIEF.

LONDON, May 29.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has been ordered one month's rest due to symptoms of recrudescence of duodenal ulcer.—Reuter.

LONDON, May 29.

Begum Aga Khan (formerly Mlle. Carron) was presented at to-night's Court. She entered the Palace by the "Privileged Entrance."—Reuter.

BRISBANE, May 28.

Miss Amy Johnson has arrived here unhurt after a crash.—Reuter.

NOMINATED TO POLICE SERVICE.

—:o:—

SIMLA, May 29.

The Secretary of State in Council has nominated for appointment as Probationers to the Indian Police Service Messrs. A. V. Patro and Muhammad Sirajuddin in Madras, Mr. Muhammad Aboo Abdullah in Bengal and Mr. Akhtar Hussain in the United Provinces.—A. P.

ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

—:o:—

Ordered To Take Rest.

LONDON, May 29.

The Archbishop of Canterbury has been ordered one month's rest due to symptoms of recrudescence of duodenal ulcer.—Reuter.

WALK-OUT IN ALLAHABAD DISTRICT BOARD.

—:o:—

RAJA'S HANDS FORCED.

ALLAHABAD, May 28.

Raja Bhagwati Prasad Singh, Chairman of the Allahabad District Board disallowed the resolution moved by Pandit Brij Kishore Malaviya this afternoon proposing an adjournment of the House as protest against the arrest of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, and the repressive policy adopted by the Government at Lucknow.

The chairman in disallowing the motion contended that it would be against public interest to adjourn the meeting so often.

As a protest against the ruling the Pandit and his friends walked out. there was no quorum and as the meeting had to be adjourned without transacting any business.—Free Press.

CALICUT LEADERS ARRESTED.

CALICUT, May 29.

Mr. Kunji Sankaran was arrested yesterday and sentenced him to one and a half month's imprisonment under Section 117 I.P.C. and the Salt Act. He was classed as A Class prisoner.

Mr. Kumar, in charge of the Cannanore Satyagraha Camp, was arrested and sentenced to nine months' R. I. under the same Sections.—Free Press.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

—:o:—

The members of the Dahod Medical Union have resolved not to buy British Drugs and Instruments as far as possible for a period of one year. They have also resolved not to prescribe any patent British make medicines.

Delhi, May 29.—Mr. Devidas Gandhi and Lala Deshbandu Gupta were transferred last night to Gujarat Jail. Although they are "A" Class prisoners they were made to travel in Inter-Class.—Free Press.

Lahore, May 29.—Mr. Abnash Chandra Bali, a prominent Congressman, arrested last night under Section 108 I.P.C. and was taken to Kasur, where he will be tried.—Free Press.

Madras, May 26.—In reply to the request of the Chairman of the non-official Inquiry Committee inquiring into the police firing on April 27, asking that Police Officers be allowed to tender evidence before the Committee, the Commissioner of Police replied that no Police official will do so.—Free Press.

Allahabad, May 26.—A meeting of the Allahabad Municipal Board was adjourned on Tuesday night on account of the arrest of Mrs. Sarojini Naidu.—Free Press.

Nagpur, May 29.—Seth Govinddas, who is undergoing two years' hard labour for sedition, has been removed to Buldhana District Jail from Jubbulpore.—Free Press.

MYMENSINGH, May 29.

19 Congress volunteers were arrested yesterday at Sherpur for picketing liquor shops and brought here for trial.

Notices under Section 107 Cr. P. C. have been served on 14 prominent gentlemen including four pleaders of the local Bar to show cause why they should not be bound down to keep the peace for one year.—Free Press

BANKURA, May 29.

Messrs. Kamal Krishna Roy, Govindprasad Sinha, Ahindranath Ghosh and Bepin Bihari Das, who were arrested under the Bengal Ordinance, have now been proceeded against under Section 124-A, before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate.—Free Press.

MIDNAPUR, May 29.

Messrs. Gaganchandra Rai, Asutosh Mallick and Bhabatosh Goswami, residents within the jurisdiction of Garbetta Police Station, have been directed to execute bonds to keep the peace for one year for a sum of Rs. 250 each with two sureties of the like amount under Section 107 Cr. P. C.—Free Press.

Athani, May 27 Sjt. Bhimaji Naik, Son of Hanmantrao Naik Vallabhai, of Khanapur was arrested under Sec. 117 I.P.C. and 47C. Bombay Salt Act and placed for trial before Mr. T. S. Kulkarni First Class Magistrate Athani. He was sentenced to 4 months' rigorous imprisonment on each count. both the sentences to run concurrently. He was taken to Hindlgi central jail under police escort.

INDIAN PRESS CONFERENCE PRESIDENT AT SIMLA.

Interview With Viceroy.

SIMLA, May 28.

Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar, editor of the "Hindu" Madras, and President of the All-India Press Owners' and Journalists' Conference who came here yesterday, had an interview to-day with His Excellency the Viceroy on the situation arising out of the Press Ordinance and also on the general political situation in the country. He left this afternoon for Madras.—A. P.

THENGDI'S BAIL APPLICATION.

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, May 28.

The bail application was moved to-day at the High Court on behalf of Mr. Thengdi, one of the accused in the Meerut Conspiracy case.

It was contended in the affidavit that unless the accused was released on bail, it would be extremely difficult for him to collect materials for his defence. Due to his old age he had also suffered in health by his long detention.

Mr. Justice Kendall has ordered notice to be issued to the special Prosecution counsels.—Free Press.

Bombay Government Gazette.

Mr. N. J. Wadia, I.C.S., in addition to his own duties as District and Sessions Judge, Poona is appointed temporarily with effect from May 26 Additional Sessions Judge to try at Sholapur the cases arising out of the recent murders and riots at Sholapur.

Mr. Hussembhoy A. Laljee is appointed Chairman of the Board of Management of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute.

Mr. C. H. Bristow, I.C.S., on relief as Settlement Commissioner and Director of Land Records, is to do duty temporarily as Collector of Sholapur vice Mr. H. F. Knight, I.C.S.

Mr. K. L. Panjabi, I.C.S., is to act as Settlement Commissioner and Land Records.

After illness—

drink this easily-digested and delicious tonic beverage.

After sickness, when you are just able to sit up and talk to your friends and good health is slowly but surely returning, you feel, in your weak state, that ordinary food and drink do not appeal to you. You want something particularly appetising and sustaining.

"Ovaltine" supplies this want of invalids and convalescents. "Ovaltine" is a delicious drink—a Tonic Food Beverage, made from ripe barley malt, rich creamy milk and pure cocoa. It builds strength and stamina, soothes the nerves and induces sound restful sleep, all of which hasten recovery of your good health.

Convalescents welcome their regular cup of delicious "Ovaltine". They find this highly concentrated and health-giving food easy to digest, delightfully refreshing and wonderfully helpful in banishing weakness.

"Ovaltine" is just as valuable and just as desirable for children and adults in health and strength as it is for invalids and convalescents. It helps to consolidate their good health and safeguards against illness. Besides "Ovaltine" is so delicious and nutritious that everybody prefers it to ordinary beverages.

"Ovaltine" is untouched by hand in course of manufacture.

OVALTINE

Builds-up Brain, Nerve and Body.

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

MARVELLOUS PSYCHOLOGICAL READINGS.

Arise! exchange darkness for light; sorrow for joy. I will positively aid you in the solution of your problems. If worried or in suspense send one to five questions with your Date of Birth or Time of Writing and I Will send simple, direct and unambiguous replies by V.P. for a nominal fee of Re. 1/4/- only. Complete satisfaction assured, else your fee cheerfully refunded.

Consult me at once: PROF. SEKHAR, THE GREAT MESMERIST:— ELLORE. (W. Godavary Dt. Madras Presidency.)

POLICY CONDITIONS SIMPLE; PREMIUMS TO SUIT ALL; PAYMENTS of CLAIMS PROMPT.

Insuring with The Central Mutual Life Assurance Society Ltd., is assuring "GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE: FOR THE PEOPLE; BY THE PEOPLE" as said in Late Lord Sinha's Words.

THE CENTRAL MUTUAL LIFE OFFICE is of POLICY HOLDERS, managed BY THE POLICY HOLDERS. No Bureaucracy of share holders. All assets owned by the POLICY HOLDERS. Increase your assets by enlisting your friends and acquaintances as members.

For particulars, prospectus, etc., apply to.

HERON AGENCY.

Sole Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon of the Central Mutual Life Assurance Society, Ltd. Century Building, 321, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WHITTLING DOWN OF NATIONAL DEMAND.

—:o:—

The Editor of "The Chronicle"
Sir,—The "Indian Daily Mail's"
ader of Thursday last (May
nd) which appeared under the
ption "The Nation's Demands",
ile commending the Mahatma's
ms for negotiation with the
itish Government as "represent-
the true mind of the nation"
d asserting that "Mr. Gandhi's
nditions are the genuine rock
ttom claims of his fellow coun-
ymen" has tried to read into
em a meaning which deserves to
noticed and guarded against
putting forward its apologe
gainst the "impossibilism" o
ese demands, the Liberal paper
ctically whittles down Gandhi-
second condition when it says
r. Gandhi does not ask for the
eal of the salt tax, the prohibi-
n of liquor and a ban on for-
n cloth, as conditions precedent
co-operation in a Round Table
nference the terms of which will
lude the framing of a real Do-
nion Status constitution. He
s not ask the British Govern-
nt to do, from its own point of
w, impossible things. If this
been his intention the word
isfacton would have been quali-
by the adjective "immediate".

he series of arguments advanc-
in support of the foregoing
tention may do credit to Libe-
sm but falls far short of car-
ng conviction to Congressmen.
hout going into the merits of
arguments which are not alto-
her free from contradictions,
ay be pointed out that if the
d satisfaction has not been
lified with the adjective "Im-
diate", neither has it been qua-
d with the adjective "ulti-
e", so that what actually was
andhiji's mind cannot be open
ar-fetched inferences sought
e drawn by the "Indian Daily
". The Mahatma has expres-
his willingness to negotiate
four conditions of which satis-
ion as to the repeal of Salt
y, the prohibition of liquor
the ban on foreign cloth con-
ute the second condition. It
s not require much imagina-
n to grasp that the Mahatma
not conscientiously be a party
he negotiation unless that con-
on is fulfilled i.e., unless the
ired satisfaction is realised.

The "Indian Daily Mail's" opti-
m "that the responsible lead-
of Congress do not for one mo-
nt expect the British Govern-
nt to hand them a clean slate
ore they themselves have tak-
charge" may find justification
y in regard to matters outside
four conditions laid down by
ndhiji, but the fulfilment of
latter, it must be understood,
an essential preliminary with-
which neither—"Mr. Gandhi"
the Congress "can be con-
ced of the sincerity of the
itish Government's intentions."
Mr. Gandhi is satisfied that
substance of Independence will
granted as the result of the
nd Table Conference" amounts
begging the whole question, for
Mahatma and the Congress
nnot be satisfied in that respect
hout the absolute fulfilment of
four conditions nothing short
which will be taken for a ge-
ne gesture on the part of Bri-
n for extending the right hand
fellowship. And the most per-
ent question in this connection
that after the launching of ci-
disobedience and the sacrifice
lives and limbs. The Round
ble Conference, if it means any-
ng, must mean a Peace Con-
ence, which can only be held
India whither the party suing
peace i.e., the representatives
the British Government must
ceed to confer with the accre-
ed leaders of the Indian people.
ours, etc.

J. K. BACHASPATI,
, Jer Mansion,
ombay No. 14.
May 28.

HEN WILL MESSRS MODY AND PETIT RESIGN.

—:o:—

The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—When the sentiment at
esent demands the representa-
ves of the Indian Merchants'
hamber to resign from the Legis-
tures I do not see why the re-
presentatives of the Bombay and
hmedabad Mill-owners' Associa-
ons should escape this notice.
he mills at present due to the
petus given by the Congress lead
r Swadeshi goods are looking up
r better times I think it is the
blemn duty of Messrs. Mody and
B. Petit to tender their resigna-
ns in response to the Congress
all. If they feel shy of this bold
ep let some Indian patriotic mill
ent move in the Associat'on for
eir withdrawal and let those
ills who oppose this motion be
ced with a boycott of their
ods. I am certain Indian mill
ents will muster together and
dopt a resolution urging their
ithdrawal.—Yours, etc.,

X. Y. Z.

DIRECTORY OF INDIAN MANUFACTURES.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—Now that we have taken
he boycott pledge, it is the time
or us to bring our national indus-
ries to the forefront and give
hem sufficient publicity.

There are many small and big
ndustrial works scattered all ove
ndia lying in a precarious state
The first thing we ought to do i
o make a comprehensive list o
ll these works with all informa
ion regarding the products manu
actured, their plant capacity
apital invested, names of those
who control and share the profits
tc.

This directory should be placed
before the public so that they can
use their discretion for ordering
their requirements. In this con-
nection one important point that
ought to be made known is not be
led away by fancy names of some
concerns. A European group con-
trols a concern under an Indian
name and frequently an Indian
group under a European name.
Again there are some con-
cerns which manufacture some
products in India and also trade
in imported products. And still
again the names of some firms
suggest that they have got their
works in India, but are purely im-
porting concerns. All these should
be thoroughly known to the pub-
lic.

An exhaustive directory of In-
dian manufactures must now be
put before the public. Will Indian
manufacturers take this up imme-
diately?—Yours, etc.,

S. G. KRISHNA.
Matunga, May 25.

"GOA LOTTERIES".

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—Recently the Editor of a
Marathi daily fined Rs. 50 under
section 294A of the I.P.C. for the
publication of an advertisemen
of an unauthorized lottery. He
simply printed an advertisement;
but what about so many people in
Bombay selling Goa lotteries pub-
licly with an open exhibition in
front of their shops and no ac-
tion being taken for prohibiting
the sale of such lotteries in Bri-
tish India? Selling of these lot-
teries in public shops is I think
better than an advertisement.
Sometime back there was a de-
bate in the Municipal Corporation
for putting a ban on these lot-
teries and it was thrown away by
the Corporation. Now when it is
thrown away by the Corporation
then the law ought to have been
amended. Is it amended? Will
any body bring it to the notice of
the public. The present Viceroy
says that Law and order must be
maintained and why such impar-
tiality to this. Lacs and lacs of
rupees are annually swallowed up
by these lotteries from British
Indian people.—Yours, etc.,

"GOAN."

STREET GAMBLING.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle".
Sir,—While our country is en-
gaged in its struggle for freedom
let us not forget our neighbours
and the surroundings in which we
are living.

Owing to the disturbed situation
in Bombay the policemen are be-
ing over-worked and consequently
their absence is felt very much.
Taking advantages of this the
keepers of the gambling houses
and some mauvalis have started
their gambling business publicly
in various parts of the city and
that too in the broad day light. If
one were to walk along the El-
phinstone Road Bridge he would
see to his surprise a string of
gamblers on the footpath fear-
lessly occupied in their nefarious
game and some of them even
shouting at the top of their voice
"try your luck."

On Sunday last, I took courage
to speak to them and insisted
upon closing down their game
which they did on seeing that I
was determined to call the police.
This has, however, no permanent
effect upon them. They are still
carrying on their game.

May I venture to suggest a re-
medy for this evil?

If the Congress Volunteers would
go in batches and gently request
the illiterate people not to indulge
in these practices and warn them
of the evil consequences, I am sure
there would be a check to gamb-
ling upon the streets. Care
should be taken to avoid misun-
derstanding between Hindus and
Mohammedans as most of these
fellows are Mohammedans but it
is needless to say that the Con-
gress Volunteers know their busi-
ness very well.

The Congress volunteers have
earned splendid reputation for
their public service and it is hoped
that they will also do something
for checking this evil.—Yours, etc.

S. V. PAREKH.

May 28.

Ahmedabad Magnates. Urge Conciliation.

BUT CONDEMN "ATROCITIES" AND ORDINANCES.

MORE PRESSURE ON HIRALAL DESAI TO RESIGN.

AHMEDABAD, May 28.

Two public meetings, attended by nearly a lakh of people, were held this evening under the presidentship of Seth Mangaldas, a leading mill-magnate of this place. Both the meetings were attended by the elite of the city. Prominent among those present on the dias were Sir Chunubhai, Sheth Kasturibhao, Seth Chimanlal Girdharlal and Seth Motilal Harabhai.

The first meeting was convened under the auspices of leading mercantile associations to consider the present political situation. A procession of various associations passed through the city to the place of meeting. Sheth Mangaldas at the outset reviewed the present political and economic situation and requested the Government, on behalf of all present, to give up the present repressive policy. He also requested, on behalf of those present, the leaders to put a stop to civil disobedience movement and pacify the people, if Government were prepared to act on the lines suggested by Gandhiji. Several resolutions were passed, prominent among them being the one protesting against the arrest of Gandhiji and requesting Government to release him and satisfy the national demands. Other resolutions condemned the atrocities at Dharasana, Viramgam, etc., promulgation of the Martial Law at Sholapur and Peshawar, the Press Ordinance, rate of exchange and treatment meted out to political prisoners. The meeting also appointed a committee to take necessary steps to establish a chamber of commece.

At the other public meeting, which followed the first, a resolution asking the Hon'ble Mr. Harilal Desai to resign his seat in the Council as member of Ahmedabda was passed. It was also resolved that if he persisted in his present attitude of not resigning he should be informed that he had no right to represent Ahmedabad. The President was authorised to send copies of resolutions to H. E. the Governor and Mr. Desai.—Free Press.

PROSTITUTION IN INDIA.

(BY KHAN BAHADUR JACOB B. ISRAEL, B.A.)

A thorough treatment of the question of prostitution will need a volume of writing. I propose in this article to review in short the evil as it prevails in India at present, its consequences and the best means to minimise it as far as lies in the power of human society. I do not use the word eradication as the same has proved impossible in the past even with the punishment of death inflicted by great prophets and rulers of humanity. If in the efforts to minimise the evil, the stage of eradication is reached, it will be a miracle achieved by the present and coming society.

It seems in aboriginal India prostitution did not exist. The idea does not arise in primitive existence, where there is social equality, a life of continual labour, and a practically hand to mouth existence Labour and rest with scanty legitimate pleasures is the order of existence with this primitive humanity. Prostitution as a profession is perfectly unknown. There are occasional cases of faithless wives and husbands, but, these meet with severe punishments, like a complete tribal boycott or even sometimes merciless death.

It can be safely inferred that prostitution arose in India after the advent and settlement of the Aryans in the country. With them came settled occupations, ample productions, a world wide trade and immense wealth, then unknown to the other parts of the world. Luxury followed as a necessary consequence.

DEVADASIS.

There also arose another class of professional prostitutes, I mean the Devadasi class of different types especially in South India. This class originated out of a desire to control progeny. A cult arose especially out of wealth and capital, which is always shy of progeny to close into temples as many women as possible apparently to serve the Gods, but, really to prevent progeny which would in future invade and conquer capital.

The "singing girl" class are finding their profession waning from day to day. Cultured classes have introduced music in their own homes and the need for professional singing women is declining. Even the Devadasi Class is finding less support and is taking to matrimony and other professional work. Concubinage is getting out of fashion. I met a woman who was once a celebrated Darbar singer on ceremonial occasions. I asked her how she was faring. She said her profession was completely wrecked. Phonographs and gramophones were in use from house to house and she received no calls for singing. I said "What have you done with your daughters?" She said they were educated and were school mistresses and expected in due course to be suitably married." I congratulated her and she went home happy. So what is puzzling us at present is the question of the control of street prostitution, which has spread abominably and is the root cause of a most serious sapping of society.

No woman, however, low-born she may be, takes readily to prostitution. Her natural instinct is to stand above vice and be high in character. Some unbearable state of existence or other impels her to fall into this degradation.

VILLAGE PROBLEM.

There are many evils in village society which cause numerous women's lives burdensome to them. These are child marriages proving unsuitable on maturity, bad treatment of widows, prevention of widow marriage, tyrannical mothers-in-law, subjection to slavery and vice, tribal and social depression and various other causes. Under them many a young girl feels helpless and groans under unbearable distress. There is always an old experienced neighbour who has seen life and she whispers quiely in a girl's ear "run away to Bombay, my brother has a home there, and he will give you shelter." We know too well what this shelter means. A few year's round of pleasures and then a rotten miserable death.

So if we have to tackle this greatest evil of street prostitution in Bombay, we have to solve the problem at its home, viz., the Indian village. At any cost and sacrifice to Government and the public has the village uplift to be achieved. The socal causes goading village womanhood to degradations must be removed. That is the panacea for minimising and gradual eradication of the evil, as, thereby the supply will end. Without doing this all legislation and vigilance in Bombay or elsewhere is bound to prove fruitless.

E WARD BYE-ELECTION.

—:o:—

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—According to your reporter, the poor support to the depressed" class candidate was due to the want of sufficient motor cars to carry the voters to the poling station. This is undoubtedly one of the reasons why Mr. Devrukhkar failed in the bye-election. But is there no other reason besides this? If your reporter had taken a little more trouble to persue the situation at the polling station, he would have discovered that most of the Congress Satyagrahi volunteers were supporting a non-Congress candidate, Mr. R. A. Gole. From the inquiries I have made and the information I have collected I have enough evidence with me to satisfy the public that Mr. Devrukhkar failed because he was betrayed by some of the Congressmen residing in this Ward, with all the pretended love for Congress principles and the Congress candidate. From the way that these Congress volunteers were working, it appeared that they were mobilized to support the candidature of Mr. Gole. When the Congress candidate solicited the support of the Satyagrahi volunteers, they refused to recognize him as a Congressman and asserted that they had instructions from their leader to work for a non-Congress candidate. I am sure if all the Congress volunteers had worked wholeheartedly for the Congress candidate Mr. Devrukhkar he would have been easily elected in spite of want of sufficient number of motor cars. If some of those who paraded their support to Mr. Devrukhkar in the newspapers when he stood as a candidate from F Ward had stuck to him and not deserted him in the present election the success of Mr. Devrukhkar was guaranteed.

I do not propose to deal with the larger issues involved in the defeat of a "depressed" class candidate standing on the Congress ticket; but I cannot help stating that all our loud talk of our sympathy with the movement of the "depressed" class people for the promotion of their status and interest, is nothing but a farrago of nonsense, when on an appropriate occasion, our sympathies fail to materialise. It is no use passing pious resolutions intended for the benefit of the depressed classes unless they carry with them a sincere and a determined effort to act up to them. The sooner the Congress gets rid of the pseudo Satyagrahis, the better for the fair name of the Congress. The leaders must see that the services of the Satyagrahi forces are not used for the task of rendering support to a non-Congress candidate when a staunch Congressman is in the field.—Yours, etc.,

A VOTER.

A WORD TO PARSIS.

—:o:—

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."
Sir,—It was not a great surprise for me to read in the "Chronicle" of the 26th inst., the arrest of my friend, Mr. Rustom J. Bhumgara, who, on Sunday last led a batch of 25 Parsi Satyagrahis at Wadala.

I do not know how far he met with success in his raid but, whatever it may be, it is a juvenile enthusiasm. His patriotic spirit is too well-known to me, and though we differed at times, I must say that, on our "Round the World Tour on Cycle," he never hesitated to pronounce his frank opinion about the British Raj in India and specially in countries like Korea, Indo-China, China he was at his best. The heartiest welcome we ever received was in Korea and there my friend Rustom so fervently spoke about the emancipation of our country that it appealed to all Koreans and when he exhorted them to liberate themselves from the yoke of their alien Government (Japan), the Koreans wept with joy and in their humble but sincere supplication to the Deity asked for the incarnation of Mahatma Gandhi as they thought him to be the real guide to lead them to their freedom. Bhamgara, wherever we went, in forceful speeches emphasised that Indians had suffered enough from the last 300 years and now there was no more room for tolerance, and in the veins of every Indian there flows a spirit of Independence. In Indo-China he courted jail with my another compan.on Jal Bapasola, and that too, for what? For the sake of the country. Parsis, bear in mind, the humiliation and harassment of the Indians is much more than one could realize and bear, and mind that too in a foreign country. The experience gained by us is unique. Puppets of the Government and the title-holders just visit Indo-China and you have my assurance that you will then value your own conscience. Let Bhumgara and other Parsi Satyagrahis with whom I have not yet the pleasure of making acquaintances be congratulated on their arrest and would any true Zoroastrian decline to endorse our approbation of them?

My dear community brothers and sisters listen to me for a minute. We are after all Indians and if we fail to give our mite in the struggle of our Motherland we have no right to stay in this country. Do not babble that Persia would like to have you. No, believe me they do not want you but your money. As soon as your wealth is finished they would ask you to clear away from their country and they would mock at you nicely by saying that after receiving shelter for 1300 years in India we proved ourselves traitors; so such people in the opinion of the Government and the people are unwelcome guests. Then, where would you go? No country would have you. Think of the future and you will see that you are committing a great blunder. The country that gave shelter to our forefathers, if not be helped at the time of her need, when are we going to prove ourselves as worthy sons of India? It is illogical to say we are not her sons. History teaches us that our ancestors gave life for our Motherland and would their souls be pleased to know that their sons and daughters at the time of their country's call are backing out? No, as a true follower of Zoroaster, it is the duty of every Parsi to give, in whatever capacity, his mite to the adopted country of his own when she is fighting for her just rights. It does not mean that you should only become a Satyagrahi or must wear Khadi. There are thousands of other ways if you only ask your conscience. If you want to wear Khadi—wear it, there is nothing wrong; if you are disinclined no one forces you. But one thing and assurance I want from a great number of my co-adherents is to withhold their slanderous tongue, mocking remarks and anti-Indian attitude. We want to live in haramoy with our Indian brethren—do we not? Yes, I hear you say. Then, when they are honourably fighting for their unchallengeable demand with tooth and nail, do not discourage them with insulting and inciting remarks. Why in the world do you try to pick a quarrel? Would that help you in any way? It will be most foolish. If you do not want to join your countrymen, keep quiet and aloof, as this is also one of the quarters which are counted at present. Let a note of warning to those Parsi papers and their Editors be given that no more do their views represent the community's balance of mind and their dictatorship as fathers is not counted by the younger generation of to-day. Fathers will pass away and it is their duty to reap a good fortune for their youngsters.

My friendly advice to all Parsi parents is, allow full freedom of thought and speech to your sons and daughters and no restraint should be forced on them if they desire to serve the country. Let them mould their own fortune with the country. Co-operation in everything is best and discretion is the better part of valour. When the revolution has come, embrace it, and to achieve success one must follow according to the changes of the world.—Yours, etc.,

ADI B. HAKIM.
Khamgaon, May 28.

LAHORE CONGRESS BULLETIN.

—:o:—

LAHORE, May 29.

Notice has been served on Dr. Bali, Secretary of the Congress Committee, to either file a declaration within 12 hours for the Congress Bulletin or stop its publication.

The Congress Bulletin is a cyclostyled news-sheet issued by the Congress Committee.—Free Press.

Suffering Allayed

Dark days of illness, black beads on the string of sorrow— lighter you will weigh with the comforting fragrance of *"4711"* Eau de Cologne to make you bearable

Soothing, cooling, and invigorating, unique *"4711"* Eau de Cologne is the friend of all suffering ones, their guide to golden health and beauty.

"4711" Eau de Cologne with the Blue and Gold Label, the Hall-mark of Quality.

N°4711. Eau de Cologne

Representative: ROBERT BLAU (India), Central Bank Buildings Bombay.

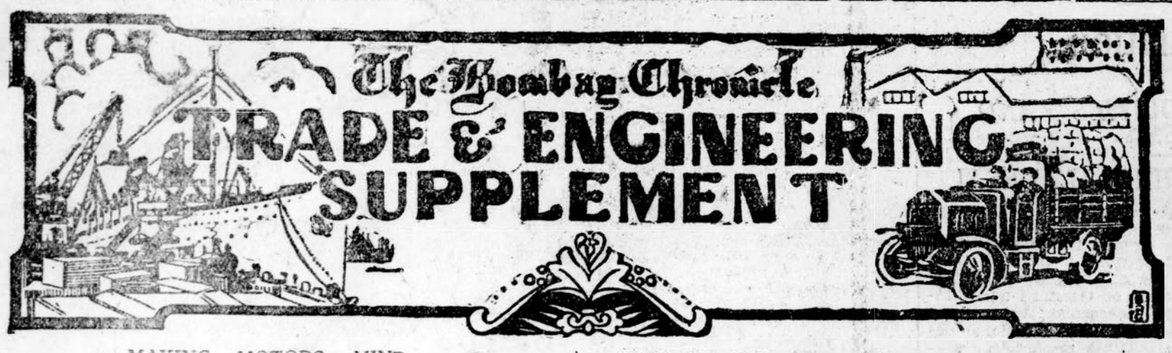
TRY BROUGHTON'S PRICKLY HEAT POWDER and LOTION

The best remedy for Prickly heat. Price Prickly heat powder Re. 1-8 per tin and Prickly heat lotion Re. 1-8 per bottle.

TRY BROUGHTON'S HAIR FIXATIVE.

Contains a minimum amount of grease which imparts a beautiful lustre to the hair and tends to promote the growth.

Direct from the Makers.
The BROUGHTON CHEMICAL CO, DEPT. C.
Post Box 6783, CALCUTTA.



MAKING MOTORS MIND.

HELPFUL HINTS FOR THE MOTORIST.

By E. J. Minert, Service Manager of General Motors India, Ltd.

Most electrical circuits in a motor car are of the type known as single wire, grounded circuit-systems. The ground connection should be examined regularly and tightened, if loose, to avoid possible difficulty in the electric system. A wire connects one of the battery terminals to the instruments and lamps, the other battery terminal and one terminal of each instrument and lamp are grounded to the frame and metal parts of the car, forming a complete circuit. The storage battery is usually attached to the frame of the car by a short piece of flexible cable. This is a very important ground connection and, like all others, should be kept tight and free from corrosion. A loose instrument or lamp connecton may affect only the unit itself, but a loose or imperfect battery ground connection will affect the entire electrical system. Starting motors require, momentarily, a considerable amount of current and will not operate efficiently if poor connections obstruct the flow of current. Burned out lamps, stalled engines and partially charged batteries are frequently the result of loose or broken ground connections. A simple inspection now and then will obviate such occurrences.

One method of overcoming the difficulty of placing the jack under a car with a deflated tyre, on the uneven surface of a road, is to place the spare tyre on the ground in front of the flat tyre and then run the wheel up on the spare. The added height will make it more convenient to place the jack and will not harm the spare.

THE OIL FILTER.

The oil filter cartridge, which removes carbon and gritty substances from the engine oil, should be renewed every 8,000 or 10,000 miles. The cartridge becomes clogged with sediment and is usually ineffective after this amount of mileage. Any water or dirt which the petrol filter has removed from the fuel may be seen in the glass bowl. It is advisable to inspect the filter occasionally and remove and clean the bowl when water or dirt is visible.

Overheating may be the result of various conditions, one of the most frequent of which is insufficient water in the cooling system, traceable to leaks a loose connections, leaks in the radiator core or pump shaft packing. Another cause is poor circulation due to obstructions in the water passages such as sediment scale formations, flakes of softened rubber from deteriorated loose connections, etc. Loose fan belts are also a source of trouble. In some engines the fan shaft is also the water pump shaft and if the fan belt is loose, both water and air circulation is affected. An investigation to determine the cause of overheating should include the ignition timing, amount and condition of lubricating oil and the carburetor and brake adjustments.

SPARK PLUGS.

When the ignition is irregular and spark plugs are known to be in good condition, inspect the spark plug cables. Cracks in the insulation, caused by high temperatures and escaping oil, permit the high tension current to escape before it reaches the spark plug, if the cables are near the cylinder block or other metal parts of the engine.

The riding quality of a light roadster may be improved by carrying added weight. One method is to keep the petrol tank as full as possible. Petrol weighs around six pounds to the gallon and, being carried at the rear of the car, adds considerably to the riding comfort.

The presence of oil in the water of the radiator is an indication of an over-lubricated pump shaft bearing or a leak between the compression chamber and the water jacket. In the case of the latter, it is usually the forerunner of a blown-out cylinder head gasket and should be attended to without delay. The cylinder head bolts may require tightening or the gasket replaced.

CARBURETOR.

When wiping the oil from the bayonet gauge that measures the oil supply in the crankcase, it is important that no lint or thread remains attached to the gauge when it is inserted in the crankcase.

Although the carburetor is comparatively simple in its mechanism, the car owner should not attempt to alter the adjustment unless he is experienced in carburetor adjustments and is familiar with the characteristics of the engine. It is much better to send the car to the service station. Many ills of the engine that are laid to the carburetor, are frequently caused by something else.

Springs are constantly subjected to heavy strains. Spring bolts and clips occasionally need tightening. Too much looseness of nuts on clips and U-bolts may result in leaf breakage.

HOW TO USE AND MANUFACTURE FINISHING COMPOUNDS.

By RUSTOMJI N. BAPASOLA.

The following substances are at present generally used for finishing purposes by European Chemists, and finishing masters may try the following instead of using the so-called patent preparations.

"Stearic acid" and Stearine are prepared from cotton seed oil. This stearic acid is required to be converted into soap, for the process of finishing, by means of caustic potash or soda; and afterwards a further quantity of Stearic acid be added with a large portion of water in order to form the emulsion. Very often spermaceti is also very largely used for finishing purpose and this spermaceti is another form of stearine but it is made from spern whale fish.

WHAT IS PURE STEARINE.

Stearine sold in the market is usually made from mineral oil and is not suitable for finishing purposes. It must be prepared from cotton seed oil and it is generally a by-product. The cotton seed oil is agitated with 10 to 15 per cent. solution of caustic soda at an ordinary temperature. Then it is treated with sulphuric acid and then distilled with superheated steam.

The Stearic acid is chemically known as Tristearin or Glycyl Tristearate. Many well known preparations, finishing compounds finishing paste, mercerine glaze powder and paste are usually prepared from stearine as its principal base.

COLOURED CONCRETE

—:o:—

John Ruskin in 'The Seven Lamps of Architecture' states "A wall surface is to an architect simply what a white canvas is to a painter, with this only difference, that the wall has already a sublimity in its height, substance and other characters already considered, on which it is more dangerous to break than to touch with shade the canvas surface." "Better the rudest work that tells a story or records a fact than the richest without meaning. There should not be a single ornament put upon great civic buildings without some intellectual intention."

No further explanation of these great thoughts of Ruskin is required. They must be obeyed. The true artist always has a message, and colour is one of the most effective mediums, for proclaiming it, says a recent issue of the Indian concrete journal.

The modern trend in architecture is towards the utilization of existing materials to obtain a desired result with the least expenditure, or in other words, to do the best possible with the least possible amount of labour and materials. The artistic possibilities of coloured concrete are gradually becoming more widely recognised. If a structure is to mae an appeal to the public, it must focus the attention of the public on it, and the possibilities of colour inhering in the structure make it a medium through which the designer can make his feelings flow.

The present age may be termed the concrete age and in architecture it very closely resembles the gothic, in that its architectural beauties are unified with the structure itself in terms of mass and line; but the paint that covered the gothic masonry is substituted by coloured aggregates on the surface layers of coloured cements.

Concrete surfaces can now to produced in an almost unlimited variety of texture and solour, and most important of all it may oe realised in concrete with permanence and satisfaction.

DIFFERENT SHADES.

By mixing mineral pigments with white portland cement it is possible to produce shades which will be absolutely permanent. These are sold in powdered form and are mixed with dry cemen and marble dust or white sand until the whole mass has a uniform shade. It is advisable when using mineral pigments to make small test pieces of mortar, and by noting the colour after they are dry, the proper amount of pigment can be ascertained.

Facing layers consisting of small aggregates will produce colour varying according to the kind of aggregate used. Coloured cement glass, metal chips, mother-of-pearl can be mixed into the facing aggregate to create a colourful surface. White gravel mixed with white portland cement produces a gleaming white surface.

The elements of a good appearance are good form, colour and texture; recent experience has shown us that concrete of any form, colour and texture can be made by the proper selection of the materials, especially of the aggregates and by the effective control of them whilst in their plastic state.

In the multiplicity of hues obtainable, architectural concrete is unequalled by any other masonry materia and these are made possible by concrete, because in concrete the various materials can be used in granular form and flowed into place with water, and bound firmly into a permanent solid mass by means of portland cement.

NO MORE RUST ON MOTOR CARS.

Oldsmobile Cars Treated With New Process.

With the early approach of the monsoon, motorists in India are faced with many problems relating to the care of their cars. Their chief concern, perhaps, is the avoidance of rust from which every car is likely to suffer owing to the heavy drenching it is subjected to during the rainy season. They will be interested therefore to learn that rust-proofing is the latest innovation in use on Oldsmobiles to make them impervious to the elements. This rust-proof method is being used by Oldsmobile engineers for small parts of bumpers and lamp assemblies, bolts, nuts, washers and similar parts principally used in the assembly of fenders, dust aprons, running boards and such exterior metal work.

Many of the articles rust-proofed are assembled by wrenches or screw drivers and these tools have a tendency to break down ordinary plating.

Chromium-plating, which is used for radiator shells, bumpers, headlamp supports and other decorative exterior parts, was adopted by Oldsmobile nearly four years ago and since then has been generally used by the motor car industry.

WEEKLY BULLION REVIEW.

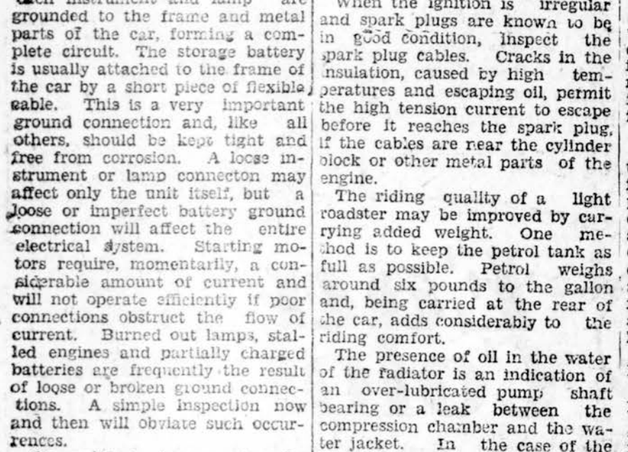
Bombay, May 28.

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have issued the following weekly report:—

Our Silver market registers this week a sharp decline of Rs. 1-5 since the last week. For the most part of the week, prices ruled quiet within narrow fluctuations, but later sharply declined on long liquidation and on selling by Option-dealers and Bazar operators influenced by a big decline in the Shanghai Exchange. It is officially reported that Chinese Government has put an embargo on Gold and has put restriction on import of foreign silver coinage. Also the Chinese Government is buying Gold and hence it is rumoured that China will gradually dispose of its large stock of Silver and will adopt gold currency instead of silver. This has caused the sudden decline in the Shanghai Exchange. On the whole, the local market remains uncertain at present owing to grave political situation in the country. The highest price touched during the week was Rs. 52-10. for the 1st Settlement on the 21st instant and the lowest Rs. 51-1 yesterday, the range for the week being Rs. 1-9. T. T. Shanghai on London is 0 15|16 lower. The highest price was 1-10 on the 21st instant and the lowest 1-8 15|16 yesterday.

The London price is 0 1|2 lower. The market was weak on general selling. India was a small buyer while China and America sold more freely. Continent remained inactive. The New York price is 39 1|4 cents, i.e., 1 3|8 cent lower than the last week's closing. The highest price was 40 1|2 cents on the 23rd instant and the lowest 39 1|4 cents on the 26th instant.

There were good fluctuations in Gold this week. Early in the week, prices advanced on heavy upcountry demand owing to disquieting situation in the country, but later declined on large arrivals and reduced offtake. Yesterday's closing rates were Rs. 21-11-9 for Ready, Rs. 21-10-9 for the 1st Settlement and Rs. 21-11-3 for the 2nd Settlement. London price remains about unchanged at £4-4-11 1|2



ZAM-BUK QUICKLY SOOTHES & CURES ITCHY INFLAMED SKIN.

OPPRESSIVE heat means excessive perspiration—excessive over-work for the sweat glands and tiny pores of the skin, and serious interference with their important purifying functions. It also produces a constant irritation and acidity of the surface skin which results in arms, chest, back or even the entire body breaking out in that awful burning and itching eruption Prickly Heat.

As a cure and preventive for prickly heat, eczema, heat sores, sunburn, Dhobi's itch, and other sore, inflamed conditions so prevalent at this season, Zam-Buk is absolutely unequalled.

Zam-Buk is compounded from certain rare and highly-refined herbal extracts. It has a unique soothing, healing and germicidal influence on the skin. It quickly ends pain, soreness and irritation, clears harmful acid secretions out of the pores and stimulates the sluggish skin to normal healthy action.

FREE FROM ANIMAL FATS.

All Chemists and medicine Dealers sell Zam-Buk at Re. One or Rs. 5-4 a box.

Zam-Buk
THE WORLD'S SKIN CURE.

BY APPOINTMENT PAINTMAKERS TO H.M. THE KING-EMPEROR

SHALIMAR

PAINT MAKERS IN INDIA SINCE 1902

PAINTS (Flat & Glossy)
Distempers (Dry & Paste)
Enamels
Varnish Stains
Floor Paints
Varnishes
and
All other Painting materials.
Manufactured in India to withstand Indian Conditions.

Send for our Catalogue and Buyers' Guide.

AGENTS:
Carrying Stocks
TURNER, MORRISON & Co., Ltd.,
Post Box 194,
16, Bank Street, BOMBAY.
Tele: COLOUR, BOMBAY.

CARBORUNDUM

The Ideal Abrasive for all kinds f grinding, finishing and polishing. It is prepared in many special ways to suit difficult conditions: CARBORUNDUM for general work and ALOXITE (a different form of Carborundum) for steel.

CARBORUNDUM and ALOXITE CLOTHS & PAPERS.
ALOXITE ECONOMY ROLLS.
CARBORUNDUM AND ALOXIT STICKS.
SHARPENING STONES AND SCYTHE STONES
RUBBING BRICKS FOR CONCRETE WORK (plain and fluted).
VALVE GRINDING COMPOUND (tins and tubes).
ALOXITE K-5 PAPER for sanding and woodworking.
CARBORUNDUM REFRACTORY CEMENT, FIRE SAND, &c.

For grinding real and imitation precious stones there is nothing better than CARBORUNDUM POWDER. Insist upon getting genuine CARBORUNDUM POWDER made by the CARBORUNDUM CO., LTD., MANCHESTER, ENGLAND AND NIAGARA FALLS, U.S.A

For finishing paint work, duco, nitro-cellulose and all lacquers we recommend CARBORUNDUM AND ALOXITE WATERPROOF PAPERS (the paper that improves wet rubbing down.)

Stockists—
MESSRS. SYMINGTON COX CO. LTD.,
58, FORBES STREET.

Low Vitality

Now, especially, your child needs Virol: Virol to maintain vitality, Virol to increase resistance to infection, to keep colds and epidemics away: Virol to build strong bone, firm flesh and a healthy nervous system with which to combat the strain of growth and school life.

Give Virol regularly and give the best chance of health now and in the future.

Children need VIROL

A leading Consultant says:—
"My boy went to school this term and took the remainder of the supply of Virol with him. He improved very much while taking the preparation, and gained 1 lb. per week, which represents a steady improvement well maintained for a long period."

VIROL LTD., EALING, LONDON, W.5, ENGLAND.

PRABHAT

means
The dawn of the latest perfection
— in Life Assurance —
Splendid terms for agents and workers.
Apply to:—Messrs PARAKRAM & CO.,
Secretaries & Managers.

The Prabhat Insurance Co., Ltd.
Yusuf Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Do You Want to Secure the Widest Market for Your Goods?

THEN

ADVERTISE

IN THE

Sunday Chronicle

The Most Popular Weekly in the Country.

AMUSEMENTS.

Hear and See Your Romantic, Rollicking Fighting Hero !

KEN MAYNARD KEN MAYNARD In a most Smashing. Thrilling and exciting Picture.

TO-NIGHT AND

WAGON MASTER

THIS WEEK

Most daring and wonderful riding stunts you have ever seen ! **Delightful Cowboy Songs with a full chorus.**

ALSO, A DRESS PARADE OF LATEST FEMININE WEAR AND A 100 % TALKING COMIC

TWO SHOWS DAILY—6-30 & 10 (P.M.) MATINEE ON SAT. & SUNDAY—4 P. M.

WELLINGTON TALKIES

DHOBI TALAO.

BREATHES THERE THE MAN
WITH SOUL SO DEAD
WHO NEVER TO HIMSELF HAS SAID
THIS IS MY MOTHER LAND

NEXT SATURDAY

COMES A RIDER IN FULL SPEED WITH MESSAGE OF LIBERTY AND LOVE

PLEASE DON'T MISS

WHITE RIDER

FEATURING
Mr. KHALIL and Miss MARY

SHARDA FILM CO'S

SUPER JEWEL PRODUCTION

PRODUCED BY SEVEN ARTIST'S SYNDICATE

WEST-END CINEMA

Rightway romance. Straightaway Comedy. Cutaway your Gloom!

Harold Lloyd

IN

"SPEEDY"

Love is responsible for many things. It has rocked great nations. It makes thieves. It makes matrimony—and alimony. But the love that caused "Speedy" to drive through New York town in a horse car--can't be written about—can't be described. It must be seen to be appreciated.

GLOBE CINEMA

SANDHURST ROAD

5-15, 7, 8.45 and 10-30 Daily 4 shows

Saturday, Sunday and Friday Matinees at 3-30 p.m.

Will become a laugh factory. Plain and fancy laughs will be twined out in unprecedented quantities. Spasmodic giggles; superior snickers; Hilarious howls; Riotous roars; and other forms of mirth will also be produced. A sideline of tingling thrills will be featured.

A hoarse laugh about a horse car!

Also showing

"OFF BALANCE" CAMEO COMEDY.

IT COMMENCES TO-DAY!

The Film that you have been longing to see all these days is being released to-day.

POSITIVELY the most astonishing INDIAN picture ever produced !

Featuring **Balasaheb Yadav and Miss Krishna Kumari.**

Directed Personally by Mr. **Baburao Mistry.**

Nearly Two Years in making.

The popular theme of

Lanka Aflame

Presented on the Screen in the most Spectacular manner ever concerned by a Master Mind !

AT

Cinema Majestic

CIRGAUM

4 Shows Daily at 5, 7, 9 and 11 P. M. Extra Shows on Saturdays, Sundays and Bank Holidays at 3 P.M.

THE RIALTO

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. AT 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

IMPERIAL CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD.

Presents TO-NIGHT and THIS WEEK,

ASIATIC FILM CO.'S
THRILLING PICTURE,

BEHRAM the BANDIT

Featuring Miss SHAHJADI, the famous screen beauty, and Supported by Mr. SAKI.
Written and Directed by Mr. SAKI.

PLEASE NOTE:— This picture is produced with due consideration of the present screen taste of general public and presents stunts, thrills, and mystery mingled with a charming story.

DAILY FOUR SHOWS at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.

EXTRA SHOWS at 3 p.m. on Saturday and Sunday only.

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW At 4, 6-30 and 10 P.M.

Also the Golden-Voice Son of the South GEORGE WASHI GTON in Popular Songs.

EXCELSIOR

THEATRE.
4, 6-30 and 10 P.M
MARY PICKFORD.
and
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS.
In an Adaptation of Shakespeares Comedy.

TAMING OF THE SHREW.

You'll rock with laughter when the Wildcat meets her Waterloo at the hands of the Mad, Masterful Caveman.

EMPIRE

THEATRE

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW.

4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 P.M.

The exciting adventures of a love tyrant enmeshed in Cupid's toils.
CONSTANCE TALMADGE.
in
VENUS
She was the Idol of all Men.

ROYAL
Opera House,

4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 P.M.

THE HONEYMOON EXPRESS

Bound for Heart Valley, lover's Lane and Kissing Bridge with

IRENE RICH.

LOVERS OF LIBERTY!

If you have not seen this picture please there is a CHANCE for YOU.

PATRIOT

RUNS

Second Week

RANJIT FILM CO'S SPECIAL PRODUCTION

—:o:—

WEST END CINEMA

BAL MOHAN SANGIT MANDALI

GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY THEATRE.
Historical New Play (My Country)

MAZA DESH

SATURDAY, 31-5-30 AT 9-30 P. M.
AND
SUNDAY, 1-6-30 AT 3-30 P. M.
TICKETS CAN BE HAD AT THE THEATRE
MONDAY 2 6 30 AT 9-30 P. M.

MAZA DESH

(My Country)

PAREL
DAMODAR HALL
PROPRIETOR
D. R. JOSHI.

PAREL
DAMODAR HALL
AGENT
SHREEPATRAO UPRE.

CROWN CINEMA

Sandhurst Road

5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 Daily Saturday, Sunday and Bank Holidays at 3-31 p.m.
Vitagraph's smashing serial in 30 reels of Western Adventure!
Second Instalment!
Further 8 Reels!

"THE
PURPLE RIDERS"

with
JOE RYAN
See the Sheriff and his party fall through the gap in the Bridge!
See Dick on horse back, jumps aboard a speeding train!
Also 2 reel Comedy.

KRISHNA FILM CO. Presents

TO-NIGHT and during THIS WEEK.

MASTER-PIECE PRODUCTION

PRECIOUS TEARS

MEHTA-LUHAR PRODUCTION.

Featuring Miss EKBAL, Mr. JOSHI, Mr. NANDRAM, Mr. NIZAM and others.

TIME AS USUAL.

Krishna Cinema

Dubash Theatre, New Charni Road, Bombay.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 14 April, 2017

JUPITER
GENERAL
Insurance Co., can give expert advice on all classes of insurance. J 3

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B. 1065.

JUPITER
is a composite office equipped to do insurance business in all departments
J 4

BOMBAY SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1930.

WORLI DETENUS SQUAT IN COMPOUND AND SING.

Prepared To Receive Blows Or Bullets Till Settlement Of Food Question.

AUTHORITIES YIELD: NEW ARRANGEMENT FOR DIET MADE.

BOMBAY, May 30.

Yesterday evening as per their ultimatum the Satyagrahis undertrial prisoners at Worli, about 830 in number, got out of their room with bag and baggage and squatted in the compound singing and playing on takli. They had decided not to go back till the question of the food problem was settled to their satisfaction They would not go back, they said, unless they were felled down by lathi blows or even bullets

Directly the news reached the Congress House, Mr Jinabhai Joshi President and Mr. Pupala went to Worli accompanied by Mr. Ratilal.

The Superintendent who seemed to appreciate the situation invited them at once for a conference, and had telephonic consultation with the Hon. Mr. Hotson, Home Member.

The Home Member realising the gravity of the situation at once sanctioned the contract to Mr. Ratilal.

On hearing the settlement, the Satyagrahis returned to their cells amidst great enthusiasm shouting "Inqualab Zindabad." "Bande Mataram."

It is understood food was ready at 9 o'clock this morning under the new management, and all is quiet on the "Worli Front."—Free Press.

SUNDAY'S WADALA RAID.

—:o:—

"War Council" Decision.

An emergent meeting of the "War" Council of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee was held on Friday night when details relating to the mass raid on Wadala Salt Works on Sunday were finally settled.

In anticipation of wholesale arrests by police, it is understood, the "War" Council, has nominated new men to take their place and appointed new Executive Committees to take ut work as soon as the present leaders are arrested.

Four thousand volunteers are expected to take part in Sunday's raid and leaflets are broadcast inviting the public to participate in the campaign.

TRUMPH FOR WORLI SATYAGRAHIS.

—:o:—

Bombay Satyagrahis, who are confined in Worli Chawls, have successfully resorted to Satyagraha in order to bring pressure on the jailor to meet their just demands. They were not satisfied with the food provided to them, which was cooked by a Government contractor.

Eight hundred Satyagrahis, who have formed an organisation known as "Swatantra Nagar Committee", decided that the Government contractor must go and that decent food must be provided for them, cooked by a contractor of their choice.

SURTI HOTEL.

They asked the jailor to give the contract to the Surti Hindu Hotel owned by one Mr. Ratilal, failing which they threatened to offer Satyagraha.

The jail authorities did not readily grant this wish, when the Satyagrahi, in a body, marched out of the Worli Chawls and squatted on the open ground refusing to enter the chawls unless their demands were granted.

JAILER YIELDS.

After long deliberation the jail authorities, at last, conceded the demand and the contract for cooking food has now been given to the Surti Hindu hotel.

It is learnt that the Satyagrahis are now given two meals a day consisting of rice and curry, wheat chapatis, vegetables and curds. The Surti Hindu Hotel is paid at the rate of six annas per head.

183 CONVICTED SATYAGRAHIS.

—:o:—

Brought To Worli Camp.

BOMBAY, May 30.

183 convicted Satyagrahis were brought from Dharasana to Bombay this morning and taken to Worli Jail.

REMOVED TO NASIK JAIL.

Messrs. Manilal Gandhi, Narahari Parekh, Sohrab Batliwalla and others who were brought to Bombay yesterday were detained in the Dadar lockup till midnight and removed to Nasik Jail by the passenger train.

A TRANSFER TO YERAVDA JAIL.

It is understood that Seth Ranchhodlal Amritlal, millowner of Ahmedabad, who is incarcerated at Worli Jail, will be transferred to Yerawada Jail.—Free Press.

VOLUNTEER SEVERELY BEATEN.

—:o:—

Remove To Bulsar Hospital.

Mr. Abdulla of Ville Parle, who went to Dharasana with a batch of 75 volunteers, was severely assaulted by the Police and so he was removed to the Congress Hospital at Bulsar. He has many serious injuries.—

Released Prisoners Returning To Dharasana

—:o:—

BOMBAY, May 30.

A batch of 25 volunteers of Ahmedabad, the "remnants" of the Dharasana camp, who had camped at Bulsar, started on the 29th inst. for Dongri again. As soon as they got down at Dungri, they were arrested by one Mr. Ismail Desai. They were detained in the Station yard, and Mr. Ismail Desai abused the Satyagrahis. The batch was brought down to Grant Road and released. The Satyagrahis have now come to the Congress House, Bombay. The return to Dharasana by 4 o'clock train to-day.—Free Press.

MUSLIM VOLUNTEERS TO THE FORE

—:o:—

NEXT WADALA RAID

Parsis, Sikhs And Christians Also Join.

The Bombay Congress officials are busily engaged in preparations for another mass raid on the Wadala Salt Works on Sunday next.

The attack will be led early in the morning and a batch of Muslim volunteers recently enrolled will form the vanguard.

A batch of Parsi youths bent upon joining their Muslim comrades has been allowed to participate in the raid.

CHRISTIANS AS "RAIDERS".

The "raiding party" will also consist of a few Christians and Sikhs thus giving a representative character to the campaign.

Hindus, of course, will be there in their usual preponderating majority. The Ambulance Corps, attached to the Congress Hospital, has been considerably strengthened.

As at present arranged, the Satyagrahis will proceed to Matunga on Saturday evening, camping in the gardens for the night and then launch the campaign on Sunday morning.

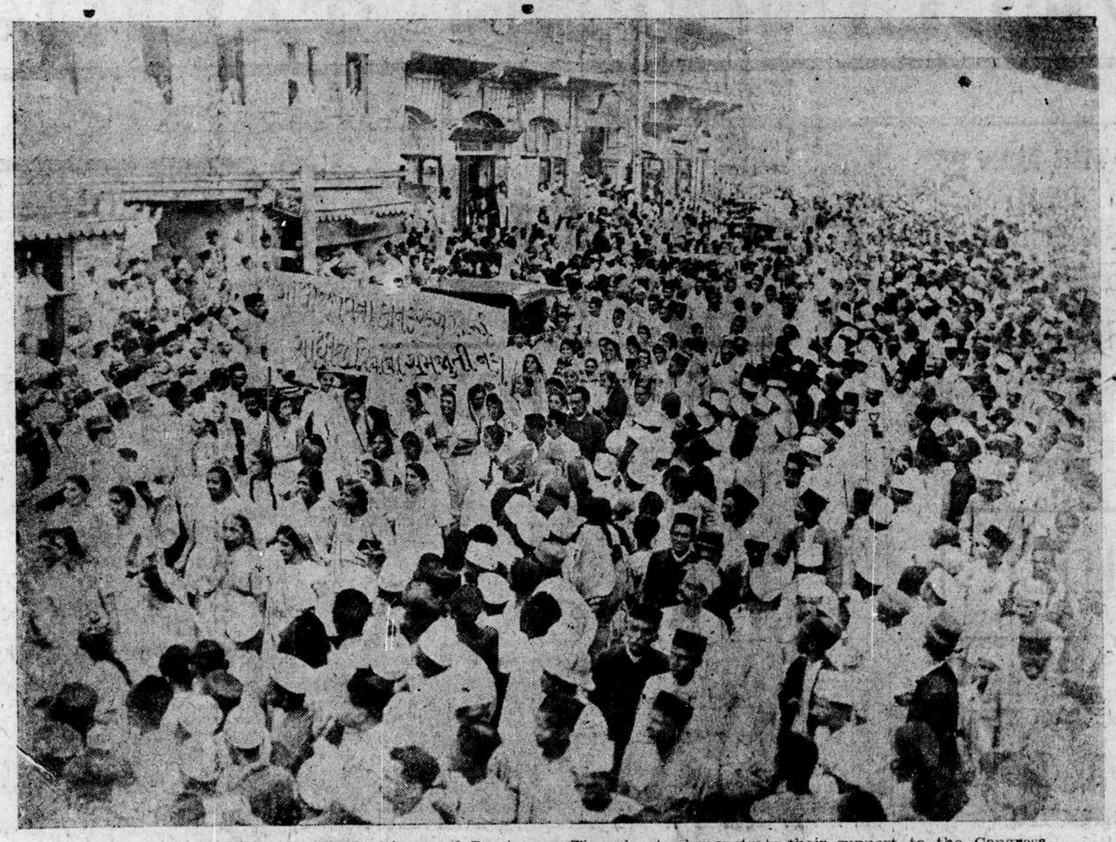
VOLUNTEER'S COMPLAINT AGAINST POLICE.

—:o:—

Alleged Use Of Foul Languge.

One of the 25 volunteers who were arrested at Bulsar and brought back to Bombay on Friday morning complained to a "Chronicle" representative that they were subjected to foul language by police during their journey from Bulsar to Bombay.

BOMBAY PARSIS SUPPORT INDEPENDENCE.



The huge procession organised by the Parsi citizens of Bombay on Thursday to demonstrate their support to the Congress.

PICKETING AT VILE PARLE

—:o:—

Women Picket Hit By Stone.

(From publicity Dept., Vile Parle.)

The first week of the picketing against the toddy-shops at Vile Parle, by the lady-picketers of Bombay suburbs, passed quite successfully. On Tuesday last, a conference of women from the suburbs resolved to start picketing and picketing of seven toddy-shops of Vile Parle was commenced.

As a result of strong and vigorous picketing, a toddy-shop on Ghodbunder Road has been closed and at other shops, sales are very meagre. Toddy-vendors of Vile Parle, pass their days with their cash-box almost empty, in these hot days.

WOMAN PICKET HIT.

Thursday, the 28th instant, gave the picketing movement, altogether a new turn. In the morning, Miss Taraben Mashruwala, a lady-picket, was injured on her head with a big stone, by Ambai, the daughter of the toddy-vendor Boat Dumin Souz, whose shop is situated opposite the Tilak Mandir. She fainted instantly. Spilling of blood has sanctified the picketing movement, started only a week ago.

MISS JOHNSON CONGRATULATED.

—:o:—

Meets With Mishap.

LONDON, May 29.

The broadcast talk of Miss Amy Johnson from Brisbane was heard in England in the evening. Sir John Goodwin, Governor of Queensland, introduced Miss Amy who referred to her "absolutely marvellous" welcome in Australia. The recently opened post office telephone service between England and Australia was utilised to convey Miss Amy's brief speech to London. A few phrases were lost owing to atmospherics, but the main portion of the speech was heard plainly.

MISS JOHNSON MEETS WITH MISHAP.

Miss Amy Johnson met with a mishap while landing across the wind on Eagle Farm aerodrome She hit a fence and her machine turned turtle. Miss Johnson was thrown clear, and was not hurt; but was only shaken. The propeller and both wings of her machine were badly damaged. The accident did not interfere with the arrangements for her reception. After preliminary greetings she drove in procession to the city.—Reuter.

RIOTS ON DACCA OUTSKIRTS.

—:o:—

Alleged Assaults On Police Officers.

50 ARRESTS.

DACCA, May 30.

Disturbances are reported from Tezgaon, Motual and some other villages on the outskirts of Dacca, where Hindu houses have been burnt and two Mahomedans killed in the course of the riot, while in another village, the Union Board Office was burnt down.

At Maneswar the Vity Superintendent of Police had a narrow escape from death, when his revolver was snatched away, and he was pushed into a ditch and belabboured. Two other European officers who went to his rescue were also roughly handled. On the arrival of the armed police, who fired at the mob, it dispersed.

Fifty arrests were made yesterday mostly Muslims under the direction of Mr. F. J. Lowman, Inspector General of Police.—Free Press.

MANY ARRESTS AT DACCA

—:o:—

All Quiet At Night.

DACCA, May 29.

A large number of Hindus including the President of the Union Board, have been arrested.

Reports of a disturbance have been received from the interior of the District.

The delivery of letters has been resumed and work in the Telegraph Office is now normal.

All was quiet last night.—A. P.

Special Thanks Giving Service.

LONDON, May 29.

Melbourne.—A special thanksgiving service for Miss Amy Johnson will be held on the landing ground on her arrival. A programme of prayers and hymns has been drawn up by the Lord Mayor and Church leaders.

TUMULTUOUS RECEPTION AT BRISBANE.

Sydney.—Three aeroplanes piloted by women escorted Miss Johnson to Brisbane. She landed "en roufe" at to Toowoomba where she was presented with £100 as a token of esteem. The reception at Brisbane was most tumultuous. After speeches of welcome by the Governor and the Lord Mayor Miss Amy went into the city from the aerodrome. Thousands lined the route, motor cars hooting and the aeroplanes roaring overhead. It is hoped to repair the machine in the weekend to enable Miss Johnson to reach Sydney according to the programme.—Reuter.

Satyagraha News From All Quarters.

DELHI, May 28.

Led by Mrs. Kohli, clad mostly in scarlet dress a procession of about 500 ladies paraded the city last evening, singing national songs and shouting Mahatma Gandhi-Ki-Jai in defiance of Section 144.

Vigorous picketing of foreign cloth shops is going on in the city.

To-day being "Amavasya" a sacred day for bathing in the Jumna, the lady volunteers organised a picketing party and did not allow any lady, wearing foreign clothes to enter the temples.

A well-attended meeting of ladies was held last evening in Queen's Gardens under the presidentship of Mrs. Asaf Ali, when a resolution was passed congratulating Devi Satyavati on her conviction. Pledges to use Khaddar were obtained at the meeting.—Free Press.

LADY VOLUNTEERS CONGRATULATED.

—:o:—

IT IS ENCOURAGING, SAYS PANDIT MOTILAL.

DELHI, May 28.

Pandit Motilal Nehru, paid a visit to the local Satyagraha Ashram and addressed lady volunteers and Congress workers. He paid a glowing tribute to lady volunteers but speaking about students he observed that response from them was as disappointing as the response from ladies was unexpected and encouraging.—Free Press.

LEADERS JAILED IN SOUTHERN PRESIDENCY

VEDARANYAM, May 29.

The Police raided the Satyagraha camp this morning and arrested four persons. Dr. T.S.S. Rajan who arrived this morning was also arrested. The camp rooms were searched.

Five Volunteers who defied Salt Law at Rameshwaram was arrested and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 100 each, or two months more.

Twelve Volunteers who were arrested at Cuddalore yesterday for defying Salt Act was sentenced to six months rigorous imprisonment. Several Volunteers and others made salt at Cuddalore on May 28, and sold it publicly.—Free Press.

Picketing Calcutta Newspaper Offices.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, May 29.

A meeting of the proprietors of newspapers "Liberty," "Advance," "Viswamitra" and "Ananda Bazar Patrika", all of whom have ceased publication owing to the promulgation of the Press Ordinance, has decided to continue picketing, for a week more, to stop the publication of newspapers specially "Amrita Bazar Patrika" and "Basumati" which have not been affected by the Press Ordinance, and are being published as usual despite the resolution of the Congress Working Committee.

Pickets will be employed under the guidance of various Congress Committees in the city. In case picketing succeeded in stopping the publication of the papers, the meeting expected that Government would climb-down in the matter of the Press Ordinance and in case their attempts failed the Congress Committees would be asked to express their opinion in the matter, and representation would be made to Pandit Motilal to modify the resolution of the Working Committee.—A. P.

THREE WOMEN ARRESTED IN MADRAS.

—:o:—

Defying Section 144.

MADRAS, May 29.

The Police arrested last evening thirteen volunteers including three women, of whom one has since been released, for defying the order under Section 144 by holding meetings in various parts of the city.

The Police raided the Central Satyagraha Camp at Vedaranyam to-day and asked the volunteers to disperse as they were members of unlawful assembly. Four persons were arrested including Dr. T. S. S. Rajan of Trichinopoly who arrived here to-day.

The Secretary of the Ganjani District Congress Committee announces the temporary suspension of the raid on Naupada Salt Works.—A. P.

PICKETING NOT TO CEASE.

—:o:—

PANDIT MOTILAL'S ORDER.

Compromises To Be Scrapped.

NEW DELHI May 30.

While Pandit Motilal Nehru was last here, he discussed with the representatives of the Delhi Mercantile Association the agreement made with the latter by the Local Congress Committee. After full discussion, the Pandit informed the representatives of the Association that Congress did not themselves in any way to stop picketing for all times to come and in view of the recent resolution of the Congress Working Committee the agreement made heretofore was null and void. But the Pandit assured the representatives of the Association that he would further go into the question and take one of the members of the Working Committee into his confidence before finally deciding the question.

PRESIDENT'S ORDER.

After due consideration Pandit Motilal Nehru has issued a long circular explaining the invalidity of the agreement made by both Pandit Malaviya and various Congress organisations. He has therefore called upon all Congress organisations to intensify the boycott programme by vigorously picketing all foreign cloth shops in their area inspite of any agreement made with foreign cloth dealers.

The Delhi Congress Committee received the orders of Pandit Motilal Nehru, by a special messenger only last night and is making arrangements to start picketing.—A. P.

BRITAIN'S FISCAL POLICY

—:o:—

A Plea For Alteration.

LONDON, May 29.

The King did not attend the opening of the Royal Tournament which the Queen accompanied by Princess Elizabeth, the Duke of Gloucester and Prince George has opened.

It is understood the King will to-morrow receive at Buckingham Palace delegates to the Empire Commerce Congress.

The Empire Chambers of Commerce have adopted unanimously a composite resolution embodying twelve resolutions on commercial relations. The Empire and Overseas delegates emphasised the need of alteration of the Fiscal Policy of the Mother Country.—Reuter.

COAL BILL PASSED BY LORDS.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 29.

The House of Lords passed the third reading of the Coal Mines Bill which will now return to the House of Commons.

The Lord Chancellor, morning the third reading of the Bill, intimated that Government would not accept some of the Lords' amendments.—Reuter.

BALDWIN-DAVIDSON CORRESPONDENCE.

—:o:—

LONDON, May 30.

The correspondence between Messrs. Davidson and Baldwin with regard to the former's resignation of Chairmanship of the Conservative Party Organisation is published. Mr. Davidson's letter refers to the recent adverse criticism of the Conservative Central Organisation. He does not doubt that time will show that much of the criticism is ill-founded.

Mr. Baldwin in his reply asks Mr. Davidson to remain in his post pending decision. Mr. Baldwin pays very warm tribute to Mr. Davidson's work.—Reuter.

"FIGHT TO A FINISH."

—:o:—

NAGPUR'S GRIM RESOLVE.

NAGPUR, May 30.

After a full day's complete hartal, a procession was taken out yesterday with Mr. Abhyanker's photograph. The procession eventually terminated in a huge public meeting which was attended by over 15,000 people, Seth Poonamchand presiding.

Dr. Bolkar, Messrs. Dhawale, Dharmadhikari and Pandit Sunderlal exhorted the audience to fight the battle of freedom to the finish.—Free Press.

Printed and Published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company, Ltd., by KHARSU PALONJI KAPADIA, Edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Ltd., Building, Nos. 24 Captain Prem Road, Bombay.